



# Schaeffler SmartUtility

User manual

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## **Imprint**

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## 1 General

The Schaeffler SmartUtility software assists you with the management functions of the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink device. With this software, you perform the basic configuration of the device, load and save configurations and update the firmware. In addition, you can open the devices directly in the Schaeffler SmartWeb software and download measurement data from the device.

You can use the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software to analyse measurement data you have downloaded from the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink device. The characteristic values are shown in the user interface in a clear tree structure, the **Device overview**. You can select characteristic values from the tree structure; the corresponding data is displayed automatically as a trend in a viewer. You can check specific time signals or spectrums for this trend in two other viewers. A comprehensive range of cursor functions and settings options offer help and support.

### About the vibration monitoring systems

SmartCheck and ProLink are vibration monitoring systems for permanent frequency-selective monitoring. They offer you the following functionality:

**The Schaeffler SmartCheck system** can capture, record and analyse measurement values using two integrated signals and up to three connected signals. After the analysis, the system can switch outputs and display the status using LEDs depending on user-defined alarm limits. Inputs are available, which record additional signals, to allow the device to be integrated into a superordinate system. These signals can be used as command variables for a dependent signal analysis, e.g. to initiate time or event-controlled measurement jobs.

**The Schaeffler ProLink system** consists of a processor module and at least one vibration module. The system can be extended to a maximum of 4 vibration modules. Up to 4 analogue and 2 digital signals can be connected per vibration module and measured values can be logged, recorded and analysed. After the analysis, the system can switch up to 4 digital outputs per vibration module depending on user-defined alarm limits, and report the state to an external control system, for example. In addition, up to eight analogue or digital inputs or outputs can be created completely flexibly per connected I/O module.

The Schaeffler vibration monitoring system can be used to cover a wide range of applications; the system can be configured to meet your own requirements using the integrated SmartWeb web application. You can combine multiple SmartCheck or ProLink devices in a network. All devices are administered centrally on a PC via the SmartUtility Light software. With the full version of SmartUtility, you can also open the devices directly in the SmartWeb software, analyse measurement data in the SmartUtility Viewer and download configurations and install them on other devices.

With the SmartCheck and ProLink system, Schaeffler offers status monitoring that is optimised to suit your requirements.



## 1.1 About this guide

This guide describes how to use the Schaeffler SmartUtility software. Read this guide carefully before using the software, and store it in a safe place.

Make sure that

- This guide is available to all users
- If the product is passed on to other users, this guide is passed on with it
- Additions and amendments provided by the manufacturer are always attached to this guide.



### System-specific instructions and illustrations

You can use the software described here with both the Schaeffler SmartCheck system and the Schaeffler ProLink system. The usage is largely the same for both systems. The text in this manual always highlights any differences.

Illustrations provide examples to clarify the information and instructions contained in the text. For instances where there is hardly any difference between the systems, we have omitted the illustration of the other system to improve readability and clarity.

### Further information

This software is required for the operation of the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink system. In addition to the device, these systems also include the integrated web interface and Schaeffler SmartWeb software, which are described in their respective manuals.

### Definitions

- Product: the Schaeffler SmartUtility software described in this manual.
- User: person or organisation with the ability to use the product.

### Symbols used



This symbol indicates

- Helpful additional information and
- device settings or practical tips that will help you to perform activities more efficiently.

### CAUTION



### The damage that can occur is described here

Measures to prevent the damage are explained here.

Cross-reference symbol : This symbol refers to a page in the manual that provides further information. If you are reading the manual in PDF format on a screen, clicking the word to the left of the cross-reference symbol will take you straight to the section in question.

## 2 About this software

The Schaeffler SmartUtility software is provided to you as a setup version that you need to install. You can find this version in the "Schaeffler SmartUtility" program directory on the supplied CD-ROM or on our microsite. It automatically checks for the SmartUtility software requirements, such as Microsoft .NET Framework, and installs them if necessary.



Perform a software and firmware update before commissioning. You can download the latest version via the SmartUtility software or from the Downloads area on the microsite:

- SmartCheck: [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck)
- ProLink: [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink)

### Functionality

The following overview displays the functionality of the SmartUtility software or the SmartUtility Light software:

Wizards and functions	SmartWeb	SmartUtility	SmartUtility Light
Status overview	✓	*	-
Measurement data viewer	✓	*	-
Live view	✓	*	-
Configuration	✓	*	-
User management	✓	✓ (User name, password)	-
Open devices	-	✓	-
Download data	✓	✓	✓
Analyse data	-	✓	-
Create report	-	✓	-
Edit device settings	✓	✓	✓
Downloading the configuration	✓	✓	✓
Sending the configuration	✓	✓	✓
Update firmware	✓	✓	✓
Open log file directory	-	✓	✓
Opening the default directories	-	✓	✓
Manage report templates	-	✓	-
Migrate data	-	✓	-
Import data from mailbox	-	✓	-
Import SmartWeb data	-	✓	-
Export data	-	✓	-

\* This function can be accessed via the Schaeffler SmartUtility software.

### 2.1 User rights and write access

To install and operate the SmartUtility software, you require special access rights. Please contact your system administrator if you experience problems with the security requirements of your system.

#### User rights

To install the Schaeffler SmartUtility software, you require administrator rights on your system.



Tip: Install the software with administrator rights and then switch back to a normal user.

## **Write access**

The software saves settings data and log data during operation. For this reason, you require write access for the following directories for the setup version of the SmartUtility software:

### **Default directories**

- C:\data
- C:\configuration
- C:\reports
- C:\report templates

### **Log file directory**

- C:\Users\[User name]\AppData\Roaming\Condition Monitoring

## **2.2 System requirements**

Your system needs to meet the following requirements for you to get the most from your Schaeffler SmartUtility software:

### **General system requirements**

Windows 10 (32/64 bit)

The system requirements recommended by Microsoft must be met as a minimum:

- Dual-core processor
- 2 GB RAM (recommended: 4 GB RAM)
- 16 GB of hard disc space available
- DirectX 11-compatible graphics device

In addition:

- Screen resolution: 1024x768 (pixels) at 96 dpi and normal font size (recommended: 1280x800 or higher)
- Disk space for software: at least 40 MB free disk space
- Mouse: three-button mouse recommended



- In addition, you require disk space for the data downloaded from the SmartCheck or ProLink device. This can vary considerably according to the application type and depending on your measurement tasks.
- USB graphics cards are not supported.

### **Other requirements**

- Microsoft .NET Framework 4.8
- DirectX 11
- Standard browsers: Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge



The SmartUtility software checks whether the Microsoft .Net Framework component is on the computer and installs it automatically if necessary. If you run the installation without an Internet connection, the components are set up in English by default. The SmartUtility software is also then fully functional.

### **Requirements for connection to the computer**

- The UDP communication protocol must be enabled on ports 19000 and 19001 in existing firewalls in your network.
- The ports must also be enabled for UDP broadcasts. This can be done in the Windows firewall via **Allow unicast response**.
- If the SmartCheck or ProLink device has not been assigned an address via DHCP, it will have the IP address 192.168.1.100 by default. In this case, the IP address of your computer must be within the 192.168.1.x range.

Please contact your system administrator if you experience problems with the network settings.



- If an SmartCheck or ProLink device cannot be opened in the browser, clear the browser cache and try again.
- If you receive a message stating that cookies are not accepted, please allow the use of cookies or enter the IP address of the device as an exception.  
For further information, please see the "Introduction to network basics" section in the manual.

## 2.3 Installing the software

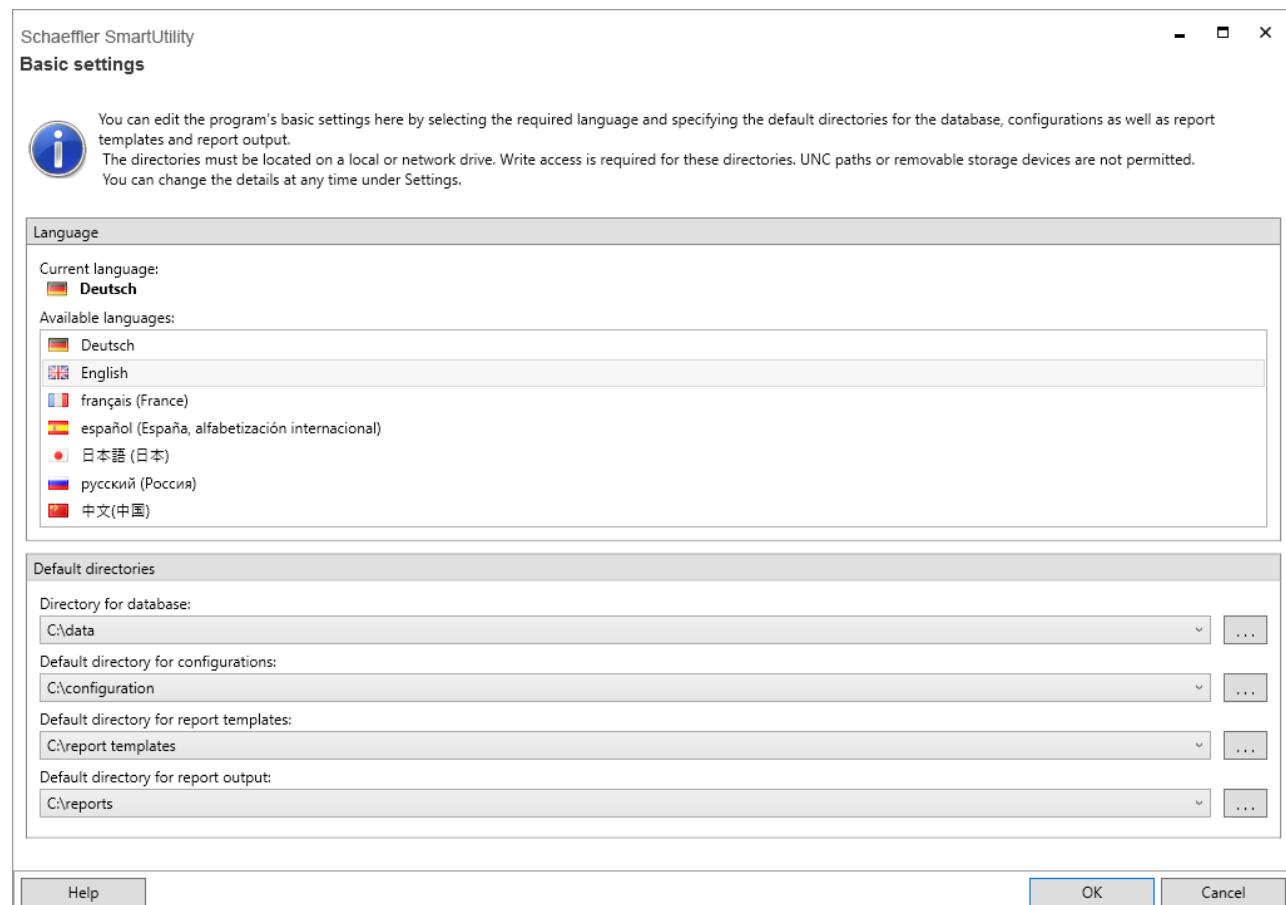
Open the "Schaeffler SmartUtility" program directory on the supplied CD ROM. Double-click on the file "**SmartUtility\_Setup.exe**". Double clicking starts a wizard, which will guide you through the individual installation steps. This includes—depending on your system configuration—the following steps:

- **Select installation language:** Here you can select the language to be used during the installation of the SmartUtility software.
- **Install Microsoft .NET Framework:** If the wizard does not find these components on your computer, it will start installing them after confirmation.
- **Select target directory:** You can either accept the suggested directory or enter a different directory. The SmartUtility software is saved in the following directory by default:  
C:\Programs\SchaefflerSmartUtility
- **Restart computer:** In the final step of the wizard, you have the option to restart the computer immediately or to carry out the restart at another time. We recommend always restarting the computer if the DirectX or Microsoft .NET components have been installed.

During installation, links are created in the start menu; these links can be used to start the SmartUtility software. When you start the software for the first time after installation, the **Basic settings** wizard opens and guides you through the most important configurations in three steps. Details on this can be found under **First start-up** .

### 3 First start-up

You can start the SmartUtility software via links in the Start menu and on the desktop. During the first start-up, the **Basic settings** page opens first. This page appears in the language that you selected for the installation:



Here you can define the following basic configurations:

- **Language:** Here you can specify the language in which the user interface is displayed. Click on an available language.
- **Default directories:** Here you can specify the directories to be used by default for downloaded data, configurations, report templates and report output.



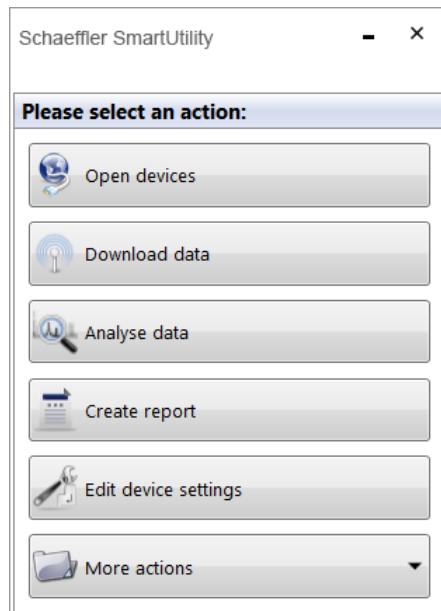
- Set up the default directories of the SmartUtility software on a central computer that is available at all times. The analysis of downloaded data in the Viewer software is only useful when a trend for all the collected data can be created. To this end, it is necessary that all data is collected in the same database.
- Even if several users access the SmartUtility software, ensure that the data is always downloaded to the same database.

When you close the **Basic settings** page with **OK**, the SmartUtility software is opened directly and all functions are available. When you close the page with **Cancel**, the default settings are adopted automatically. You will then need to start the program again via links in the Start menu and on the desktop.

You can change any program settings that you specify on the **Basic settings** page at a later date under **Settings**

## 4 The user interface at a glance

The SmartUtility software user interface consists of buttons that are used to open the wizards for the most important actions. In addition, you can find the **More actions** list box here, which includes additional functions and the settings for the SmartUtility software:



The wizards guide you through the individual steps with the aid of detailed instructions. For this reason, you will only find general information and important additional information regarding the wizards under **Wizards and functions**<sup>128</sup>. The additional **Settings**<sup>129</sup>, which are not wizard-supported, are described in more detail. Here you can specify important settings for SmartUtility.



The **-** button minimises the SmartUtility window. To exit the software, click on **X**. Only exit the software after a process has been fully completed; otherwise, measurement data could be lost.

## 5 Wizards and functions

If you want to use the Schaeffler SmartUtility software to access the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink device, the following requirements must be met:

- The device must be started and must be in measuring mode.
- The device must be on the network or directly connected to your computer via Ethernet cable.
- The UDP communication protocol must be enabled on ports 19000 and 19001 in existing firewalls in your network.
- If the device has not been assigned an address via DHCP, it will have the IP address 192.168.1.100 by default. In this case, the IP address of your computer must be within the 192.168.1.x range.

Further information can be found in the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink user documentation. This documentation can be found on the supplied CD ROM.



Please contact your system administrator if you experience problems with the network settings.

### Accessing the SmartCheck or ProLink devices in the wizards

The name of the SmartCheck devices is "**Schaeffler SmartCheck**" and the name of the ProLink devices is "**Schaeffler ProLink**" by default. If you want to integrate multiple devices into your plant, it is important that you give each device a unique name. You can only identify devices without a unique name in the Wizard device list<sup>[12]</sup> via the IP address.

Configure the name using the **Edit device settings**<sup>[104]</sup> wizard. Within the wizard, you can find your system's SmartCheck or ProLink devices either in the automatically generated list<sup>[12]</sup> or by manually entering<sup>[14]</sup> the network parameters of the corresponding device.

If you have activated user management in the Schaeffler SmartWeb software, you also have to specify the user name and password<sup>[13]</sup> for each device in the **Settings**<sup>[129]</sup>. You can find further information on user management in the Schaeffler SmartWeb user documentation on the supplied CD-ROM.



If a device is started via the Schaeffler SmartWeb software in the maintenance system, you will be unable to open it usingSmartUtility, download data or update the firmware. Devices that have been started in the Maintenance System are marked with the alarm symbol in the SmartUtility wizards. You will also receive an error message: "A communication error occurred: The operation could not be executed. Check whether the device's Maintenance System has started."

### List of Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink devices

In the first step - the **Select devices** step - all SmartUtility software wizards display the SmartCheck or ProLink devices found on the network:

Select devices					
	Alarm	Device name	IP address	Serial number	Firmware
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 14	172.28.205.235	f4:3d:80:00:0d:d1	1.6.2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 20	172.28.205.234	f4:3d:80:00:0d:d0	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 28	172.28.205.232	f4:3d:80:00:0d:ce	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 13	172.28.205.230	f4:3d:80:00:0d:cc	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 12	172.28.205.229	f4:3d:80:00:08:75	< 1.6
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 11	172.28.205.228	f4:3d:80:00:08:c6	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 9	172.28.205.227	f4:3d:80:00:09:2d	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 8	172.28.205.226	f4:3d:80:00:07:b6	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 7	172.28.205.225	f4:3d:80:00:08:81	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 4	172.28.205.224	f4:3d:80:00:09:91	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 8	172.28.205.222	f4:3d:80:00:08:c2	1.6.2
<input type="checkbox"/>		FAG SmartCheck 7	172.28.205.221	f4:3d:80:00:09:16	1.6.2

The following information and functions are to be found here:

- The list columns provide information on the alarm status, name, IP address, serial number and firmware version of the individual SmartCheck or ProLink devices.

- The alarm symbols show you at a glance:
  - Green: There is no alarm.
  - Yellow: One or several characteristic values have triggered a pre-alarm.
  - Red: One or several characteristic values have triggered a main alarm.
  - White: The alarm status is still unknown, e.g. because the SmartCheck or ProLink device has not yet carried out any measurements.
  - : The device is in the Maintenance System (maintenance mode).
  - : The device is not accessible, e.g. because the firmware is currently being updated.
- The alarm symbols are updated on a regular basis.
- You can set any column of the list as a sort criterion by clicking in the column title. Click a second time to change the sort order, i.e. from ascending to descending or vice-versa. The current sort order is displayed by the symbols for ascending and for descending.
- Sorting by column is retained, even if you close the wizard and re-open it.
- You can adjust the column width. To do this, drag the line extent on the right-hand side of the column heading with the mouse until the column reaches the desired width. The device name column cannot be resized.



- If the list does not contain any entries or a device is missing, you can update the list. To do so, press the **F5** key or add the device manually (see below). If there are still no devices displayed, make sure:
  - that the device is in measuring mode and connected to the network
  - that you are connected to the network
  - that the settings in the SmartUtility software are correct.
- Manually added devices are then displayed even when unavailable. They are then highlighted in light grey.

### Select Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink devices

In the wizards, you can select one or more devices for each action. To do so, activate the tick in front of the respective device name in the list.

Below the list, you will also find symbols to filter the selection:

Symbol	Explanation
	Here you can select all the devices.
	Here you can deselect all the devices.
	Here you can invert the selection of the devices.
	Here you can select all the devices for which a pre or main alarm has been triggered. This option is only available for functions that work with files on the hard drive, such as <b>Analyse data</b> and <b>Create report</b> .
	Here you can select all the devices for which a main alarm has been triggered. This option is only available for functions that work with files on the hard drive, such as <b>Analyse data</b> and <b>Create report</b> .
	Here you can manually add a device via the TCP/IP address or via a UNC path.
<b>Context menu</b>	Right-click in the area of the device list to use the options described above via the context menu: <b>Select all devices</b> , <b>Deselect all devices</b> , <b>Invert device selection</b> and <b>Add device manually</b> . There, you will also find the command <b>Scan for new devices</b> , with which you can update the device list:

Symbol	Explanation



The following hotkeys can also be used for the options described above:

- Ctrl+A** Select all devices
- Ctrl+D** Deselect all devices
- Ctrl+I** Invert device selection
- Ctrl+S** Add device manually
- F5** Scan for new devices

### Updating the device list

The list of SmartCheck or ProLink devices is updated automatically within a specified search interval. You can adjust this in the Settings 130. You can also update the list by pressing the **F5** key.

### Add device manually

This function is particularly important if a SmartCheck or ProLink device cannot be found via UDP. A possible reason for this is that the device is behind a router. The TCP protocol is used to find manually added devices for the device list. If a proxy has been entered in Internet Options on the Control Panel, this will also be used.

To add a device manually, click in the **Select device** step:

Schaeffler SmartUtility  
Add device manually

Enter an IP address or a UNC path as well as the port number and login information of the device. Then check the connection to the device.

Add device manually

Address: 172.28.205.234

Port number: 80

Use default user and password

User name: admin

Password:

Verify

Device information

Serial number:

Device name:

Help      OK      Cancel

Here you have the following options:

- Enter the **address** (IP address or UNC path) and the relevant **port number** of the SmartCheck or ProLink device.

- If the device is password-protected, specify the **user name** and **password**.
- You can also activate the **Use default user and password** option to log on with your user data.
- Click **Verify** to test the connection to the SmartCheck or ProLink device.

As soon as the connection to the device has been established, the **serial number** and **device name** are displayed.

- Click on **OK**.

The device is included in the device list and marked with an asterisk after the IP address.

Manually input devices are retained in the SmartUtility software and are also available in the other wizards of the same software.

If you no longer need to use a device, you can remove it from the device list. Further information on this can be found in the [Settings](#)<sup>133</sup> section.



- Further information on the password protection of SmartCheck or ProLink devices can be found in the **User management** chapter in the Schaeffler SmartWeb user documentation.
- If the SmartUtility software is not connected to a manually entered device, the device is listed in a light grey font.

## 5.1 Open devices

With this wizard, you can open the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink devices in your default browser with Schaeffler SmartWeb. Proceed as follows:

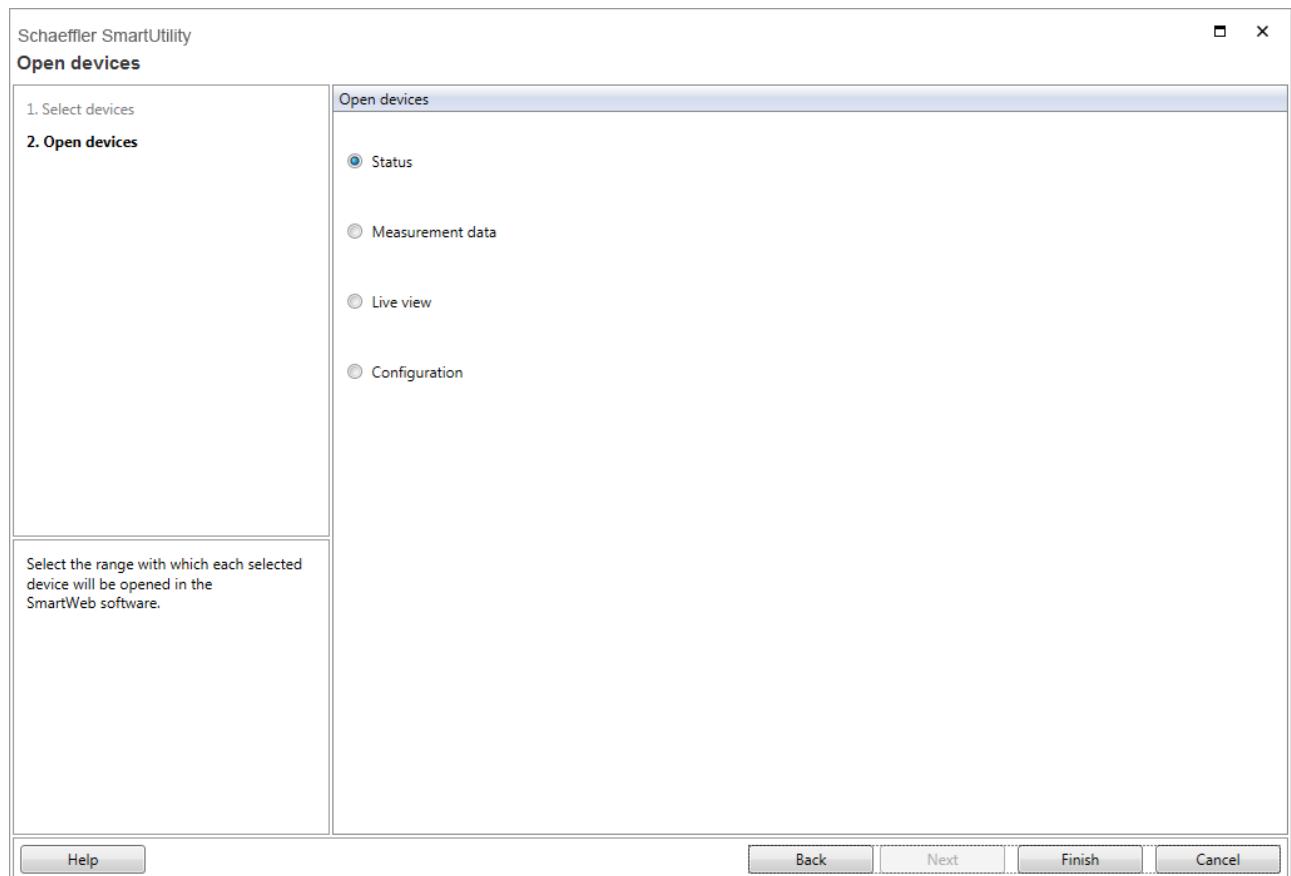
### Step 1:

Select the required SmartCheck or ProLink device or devices.

### Step 2:

In the next step, select the action with which each selected device should report in the Schaeffler SmartWeb software. This determines the page at which the device's internal SmartWeb software should open. Each selected SmartCheck or ProLink device is opened in its own tab in the default browser:

- **Status:** Here you can find a general overview of the status of the SmartCheck or ProLink device.
- **Measurement data:** Here you can view the trends and time signals of a characteristic value and carry out an initial analysis.
- **Live view:** Here you can view the relevant signal for each input and the scaling factors created for them.
- **Configuration:** Here you can define basic settings for your SmartCheck or ProLink device and specify measurement jobs.



If you cannot access the SmartWeb software, please check whether all requirements for starting up the software have been met. For more information, please see the section entitled **First start-up** in the handbook for the SmartWeb software.

### Result:

The following screenshot shows a sample status page of a SmartCheck device in the SmartWeb software:

The screenshot shows the Schaeffler SmartWeb software interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: Status, Device alarm status, Base configuration, Base config, Measurement data, Measurement conditions, Actions, Create new measurement job, Show measurement jobs, Areas, Status, Measurement data, Live view, Configuration, User management, Log out, and Complete. The main area has several sections: 'Characteristic value status' showing a chart for 'Base configuration' (F4:3D:80:12:01:61) with a green bar indicating 'No alarm' from 2023-07-20 to 2023-07-22; 'Measurement jobs' listing one active job for 'Base configuration' (F4:3D:80:12:01:61) with a duration of 0:07; 'System information' showing ProLink 36, ProLink I/O module (F4:3D:80:16:00:0F), and ProLink vibration module (F4:3D:80:12:01:61) with their respective parameters; 'Logbook' showing two entries: 'User admin logged in via 10.254.82.21' and 'User admin logged in via 10.254.82.21'. The top right shows 'Connected to: ProLink 36' and 'Logged in as: admin'.

Further information on the use of the Schaeffler SmartWeb software can be found in the Schaeffler SmartWeb user documentation.



If you are working on a computer with several SmartCheck or ProLink devices, these devices should have identical firmware versions installed. If different firmware versions are installed, this can have undesired effects within the browser.

## 5.2 Download data

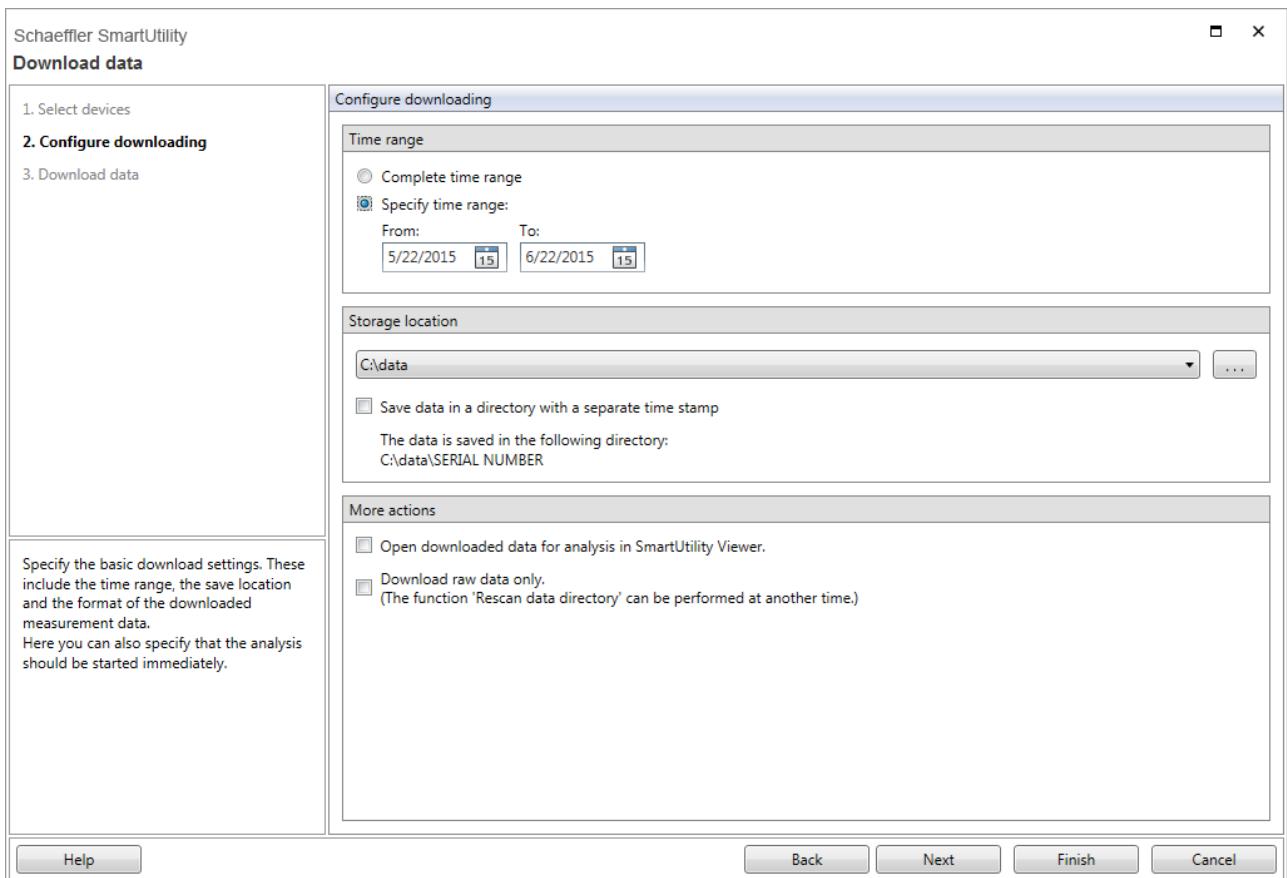
With this wizard, you can download the measurement data from the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink devices. Proceed as follows:

### Step 1:

Select the required SmartCheck or ProLink device or devices from which you want to download the data.

### Step 2:

Next, determine the time range for which the data is to be downloaded. You must also specify the format in which the data will be saved and whether the analysis should be started immediately:



Here you have the following options:

#### Time range

This is where you determine the time range for which the measurement data is to be downloaded:

- **Complete time range:** All measurement data is downloaded.
- **Set time range:** Only the measurement data for the selected time range is downloaded. If you activate this option, the default setting is one month (i.e. the measurement data for the past month up to today is downloaded). You can enter the dates for your desired time range in the **From** and **To** fields or select the dates from the calendar.

#### More actions

This is where you determine the format in which the measurement data is to be downloaded:

- **Open downloaded data for analysis in SmartUtility Viewer:** The data is downloaded and transferred to the database. When the wizard is complete, the SmartUtility Viewer opens automatically with the downloaded data.
- **Download raw data only:** The data is downloaded as raw data and saved. To analyse this data, you need to convert it and transfer it to the database in a subsequent step using the **More actions > Migrate data** wizard. This option is provided in case you wish to speed up the download.
- If both options are deactivated, the measurement data is downloaded and transferred to the database. It is not opened in SmartUtility Viewer for analysis.

#### Step 3:

The data is downloaded. Wait until the process is fully completed.

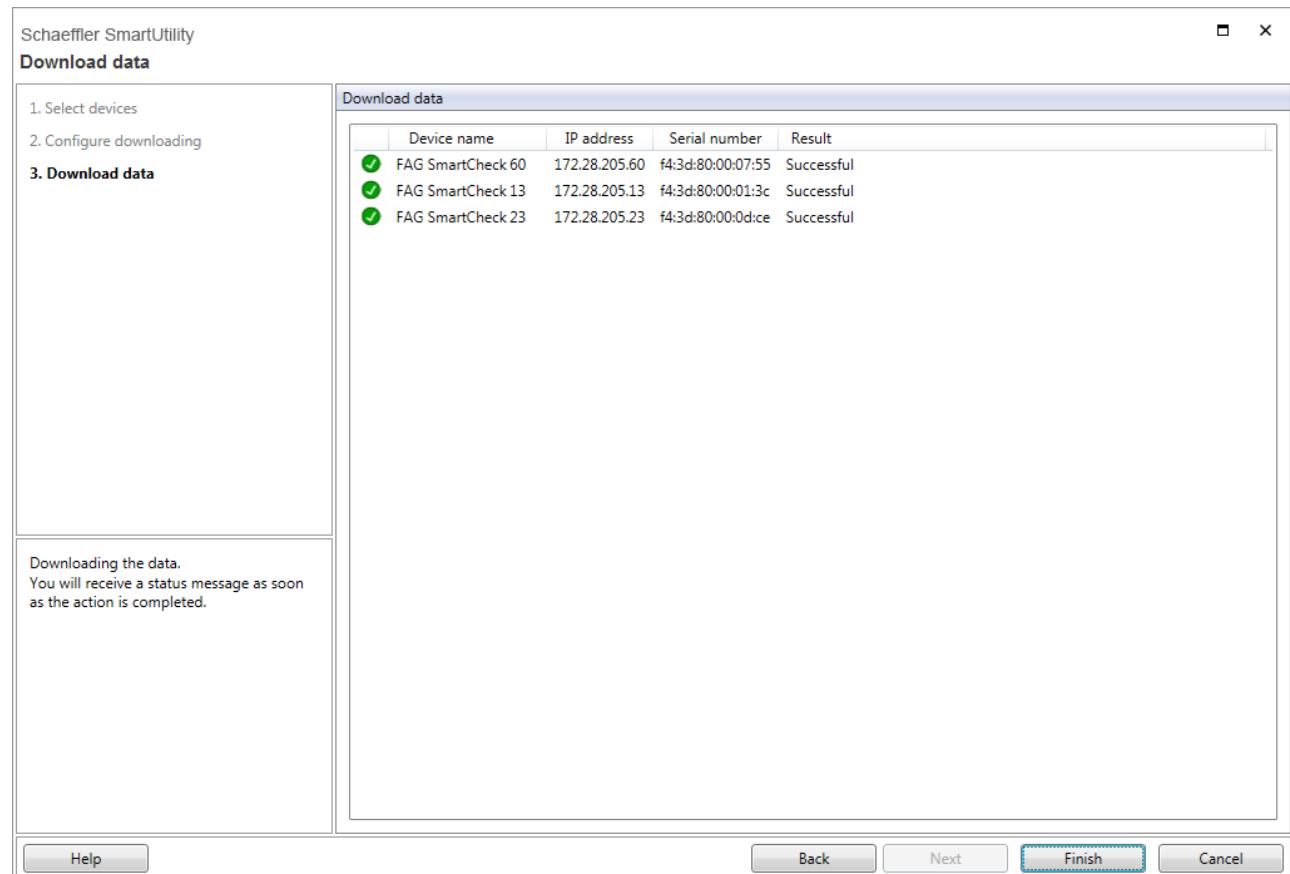
**CAUTION****Cancelling the process prematurely may result in the loss of data!**

If you cancel the process, all the saved measurement data and trends may be damaged.

Conversion of the measurement data into another format and calculation of the trends can take some time, depending on the configuration. Always wait until the process is finished. If you cancel the process prematurely, all the measurement data collected until that point may be damaged. This measurement data can then no longer be analysed in the SmartUtility Viewer.

**Result:**

As soon as the action is completed, you will receive a corresponding status message. The dialogue looks like this:



The downloaded measurement data is transferred to the database in which the data of all devices is stored. This database is specified in the **Settings** [129]. You can view the database directory using the **Open directory for database** [114] wizard.



If the data from the SmartCheck or ProLink device is secured with a data encryption password via the SmartWeb software, you must enter this password when you import or download data. You can enter and change the password under **Settings > Security > Data encryption password**. In the SmartWeb software, you determine the data encryption password in the menu under **Edit > Device settings > Edit security settings**.

If you want to copy the downloaded measurement data onto a data carrier, you may need to compress the data first.

## 5.3 Analyse data

Use this option to launch the SmartUtility Viewer software. You can then open the database with all device data and analyse the data.



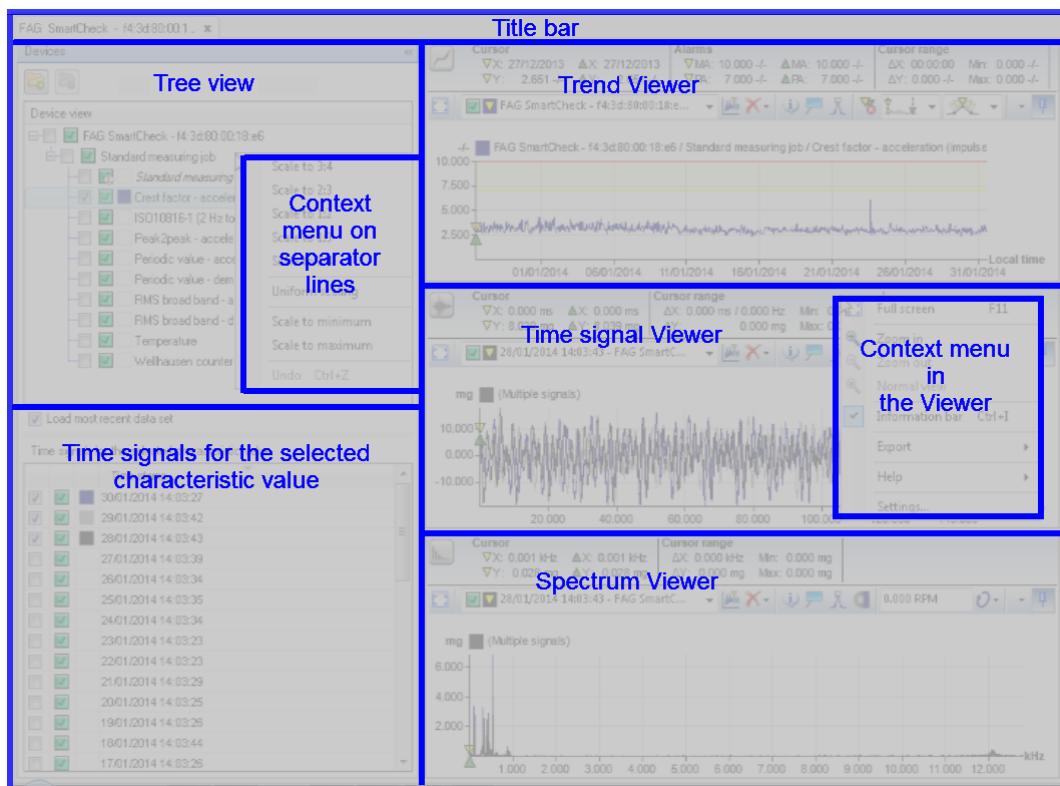
As of version 1.18 of the Schaeffler SmartUtility and Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software, all device data is stored in a database. Data that is still stored in directories per device can no longer be loaded. Use the **Migrate data** wizard of the SmartUtility software to convert previously downloaded data and transfer it to the database.

### 5.3.1 User interface overview



When you exit the Viewer software, the most recent size and location of the application window will be saved. The next time you launch the application window, it will open in the same size and position.

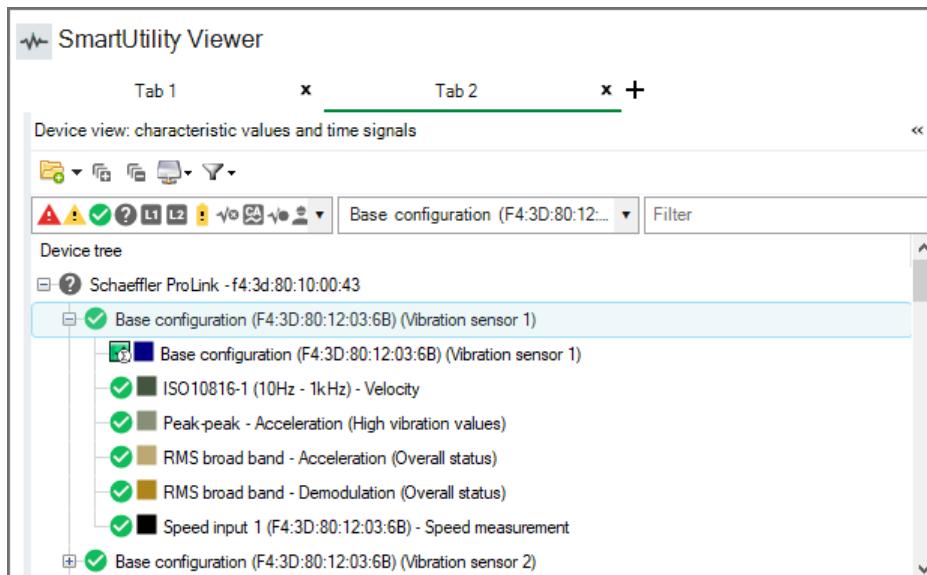
The user interface of the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software can be divided as follows:



Here you have the following options:

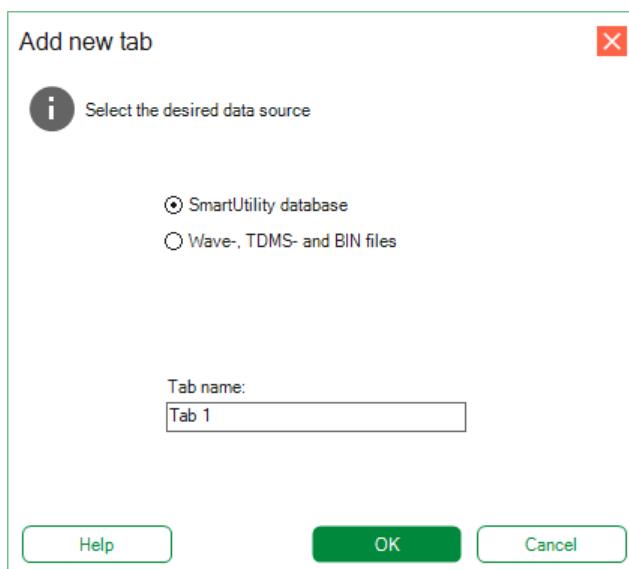
#### Tab with context menu

When opening the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software, you will see the default **Tab 1** as well as a + symbol below the title bar, which allows you to add more tabs:



Right-click a tab to open a context menu where you can add new tabs and manage existing tabs:

- **Add new tab:**  
Opens a dialogue box where you can select the **data source** for the new tab:



Supported data sources include:

- SmartUtility database
- Audio files in **Wave** format, the standard format of National Instruments, **TDMS** as well as binary files in **BIN** format.

You can also specify the **name of the tab**.

Select the desired data source. The data is loaded in the new tab.

A maximum of 32 new tabs are possible.

- **Close tab:** Closes the currently active tab.
- **Close all tabs:** Closes all tabs.
- **Close all tabs except this one:** Closes all tabs except the currently active tab.
- **Reset scaling in all tabs:** Resets the original size of the individual working areas in all the tabs. This means that any scaling that you carried out in the context menu on the separator lines or manually is reversed.

Each tab is named automatically: **Tab [number]**. You can change this name only in the **Add new tab** dialogue box.

#### Device tree/plant tree (tree view)

This is a list of the characteristic values whose measurement data you have downloaded to the database using the Schaeffler SmartUtility software and opened for analysis. The data is opened in the device tree by default when you first launch the software. You can use the **Display device tree/plant tree**  button to switch to the plant tree. Each time you start the program, the view you last selected opens by default, i.e. either the device tree or the plant tree.

The device tree is automatically created from the device database. You create the plant tree  yourself and can use it to assign the measurement jobs to the actual measurement points in your machine configuration. You will find further information on the device/plant view and its functions in the **Device/plant view**  section.

If you click on a characteristic value, i.e. select the characteristic value, the associated trend is displayed in the Trend Viewer. The associated time signals are displayed on the lower left-hand side under **Time signals for the selected characteristic value**.

#### Time signals for the selected characteristic value

The content of this list depends on which characteristic value you have selected in the tree view. You will always see the time signals for the selected characteristic value here. Details about working with the time signals overview can be found in the **Time signals for the selected characteristic value**  section.

#### Trend Viewer

In the Trend Viewer, you can see the trend of the characteristic value that you have selected in the tree view. You can learn how to work with the Trend Viewer in the relevant sections in the **Viewer and diagram**  chapter.

#### Time Signal Viewer

In the Time Signal Viewer, you will see the time signals that you selected in the **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** list. You can learn how to work with the Time Signal Viewer in the relevant sections of the **Viewer and diagram**  chapter.

#### Spectrum Viewer

In the Spectrum Viewer, you will see the spectrums for the time signals that you selected in the **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** list. You can learn how to work with the Spectrum Viewer in the relevant sections of the **Viewer and diagram**  chapter.

#### Context menu in the device tree/plant tree

At each level of the tree, you can right-click or click the  button to open a context menu with the following functions. The functions that are active depend on the overview level:

##### Create distribution diagram ...(measurement jobs):

Use this command to create a distribution diagram for the selected measurement job  via a separate dialogue box. The command is only active on the sensor level.

##### Filter trends ...(measurement jobs):

Use this command to filter the trends for the selected measurement job  via a separate dialogue box. The command is only active on the sensor level.

##### Copy ID to clipboard

Use this command to copy the ID of the selected node to the clipboard. The ID is at the end of the node name.

##### Copy path to clipboard

Use this command to copy the path in the plant tree to the clipboard for the selected node. The individual levels of the path are separated by slashes /.

##### Rename (node in the plant tree)

Use this command to rename the selected node in the plant tree .

##### Acknowledge alarms (all levels)

Use this command to acknowledge all the alarms of the selected level. For example, if you select the command at device level, all alarms for the selected device are acknowledged and no longer displayed.

##### Delete (all levels)

This command removes the data of the selected device, selected measurement job or selected characteristic values from the database. For a new analysis, you must download the data from the device again and transfer it to the database.



Only the **Acknowledge alarms** function is available for all characteristic values via the context menu.

## Context menu in the viewer

You can right-click in any viewer to open a context menu with the following functions:

### Full screen

Use this command to switch the viewer to full screen or return it to the interface of the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software.

### Zoom in

Use this command to zoom gradually into the diagram for the active viewer.

### Zoom out

This command undoes the last zoom step in the diagram for the active viewer.

### Normal view

This command undoes all of the zoom steps in the diagram for the active viewer.

### Information bar

Use this command to hide or show the information bar of the viewer.

### Export

Use these commands to save or copy a diagram in different formats. You will find detailed information on these commands in the **Exporting diagrams** section.

### Help

This is where you can find the SmartUtility Viewer **Help** function; the **About** command also offers detailed information on the version of the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software.

### Settings ...

Use this command to open a dialogue box containing numerous settings options. You can use these to adapt the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software to your needs. You will find further information on this in the **Change program settings** section.

## Context menu on separator lines

Right-click on the line separating two areas from each other to call up a context menu. This contains functions that allow you to define the size of each area and their relation to each other. The functions relate to the area above a horizontal separator line, or the area to the left of a vertical separator line. The only exception to this rule is the function **Apply uniform scaling**: if you use this function on a horizontal separator line between viewers, it will apply to all three viewers, i.e. display all three with the same size.

The following functions are available to you:

- **Scale to 3:4:** This scales the area to 3/4 of the available space.
- **Scale to 2:3:** This scales the area to 2/3 of the available space.
- **Scale to 1:2:** This scales the area to half of the available space.
- **Scale to 1:3:** This scales the area to a third of the available space.
- **Scale to 1:4:** This scales the area to a quarter of the available space.
- **Uniform scaling:** This scales neighbouring areas to equal sizes.
- **Scale to maximum/minimum:** This scales the area to fit the entire available space.



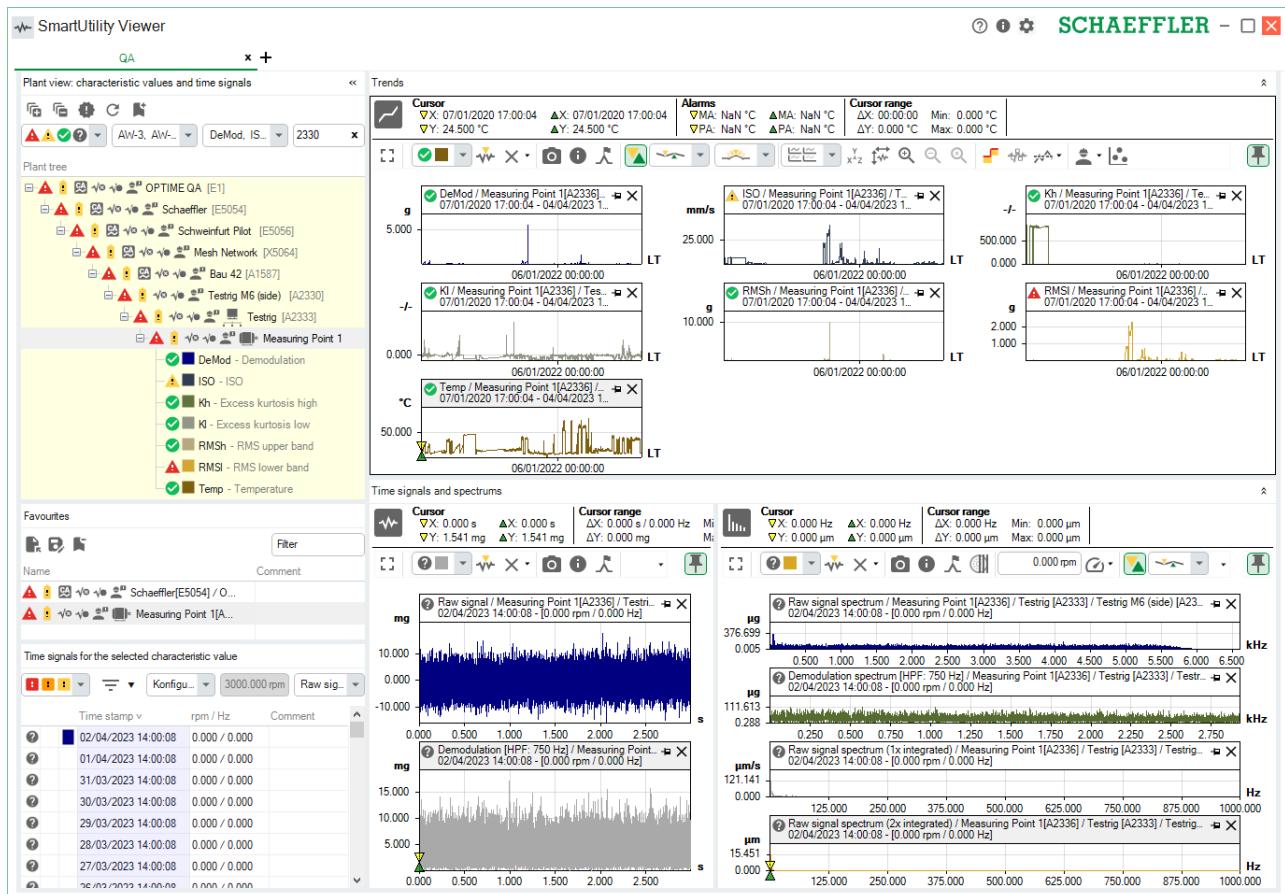
You can also scale the areas manually:

1. Move the mouse over the separator line that you want to move.
2. Once the mouse pointer changes into a double-headed arrow , click and hold the left mouse button and drag the line to the new position.

## 5.3.2 Tree view

If you start the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software from within the Schaeffler SmartUtility software, the data is loaded from your database for analysis. The data is displayed in the device tree when you first launch the software. Later, the view that you selected last, i.e. either the **device tree** or the **plant tree**, opens by default.

In the upper left-hand area, you will find the devices or plants with the characteristic values. Both the list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** at the bottom left and the Viewers in the right-hand area are empty. If you select a characteristic value, the trend is loaded in the Trend Viewer. In addition, the list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** fills up. The latest time signal is automatically displayed in the Time Signal Viewer and in the Spectrum Viewer:



You will find the following functions and information in the tree view:

#### Button

Click this button to open a database containing additional measurement data in \*.DB format from another Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink device. This function automatically opens the directory from which the last database was opened. If your data is not here, you can search for the desired directory.

Clicking the arrow next to the button opens a list of databases that you previously opened. You can select and open the desired database from this list by clicking it.

#### Buttons and

Click these buttons to expand or collapse the selected level.

#### View selection

Open this list to access the following options:

- Display device tree:** Select this option to switch to the device view with the device tree. The device tree is automatically created from the database.
- Display plant tree:** Select this option to switch to the plant view with the plant tree. You create the plant tree yourself and can use it to assign the measurement jobs to the actual measurement points in your machine configuration.
- Edit plant tree:** Select this option to create or edit the plant tree .



### Special features of the plant view

While the device tree is automatically generated from the device database, you must create the plant tree yourself<sup>[29]</sup>. So what you see in the plant view depends on what you took into account and included when creating the plant tree. If you have not taken all the devices in the database into account in the plant tree, you will see a corresponding note above the plant tree:

### Filter options

- **More filter options**

Click this button to open a dialogue with additional filter options:



You have the following options:

**Activate filter:** Activate this option to use the other filter options.

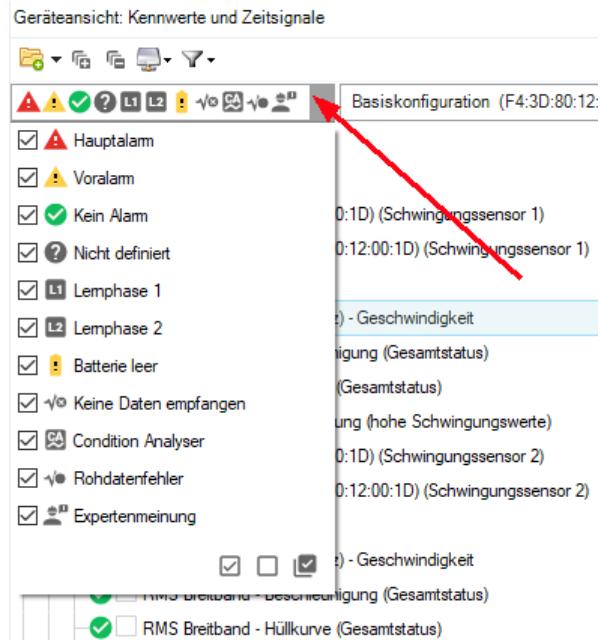
**Filter by date:** Enter the desired **start date** and **end date** to filter the time signals accordingly.



If **More filter options** are activated, the background of the filtered view is highlighted in yellow.

- **Status filter list:**

Click the list to open it. You can then select the status you want to use for filtering:



### Options in the filter list

Click to turn filtering on/off for each individual filter option.

By default, the filters are switched on for all filter options.

- **Device filter list**

Click on the list to open it. You can then select the device types you want to use for filtering: The list displays only device types that exist in the database.  
You have the same options in the filter list as in the status filter list [\[26\]](#).

- **Characteristic value filter list**

Click on the list to open it. You can then select the characteristic values you want to use for filtering. The list displays only characteristic values that exist in the database for the filtered device types. The characteristic values in the list are grouped by device type.  
You have the same options in the filter list as in the status filter list [\[26\]](#).

- **Field for filter terms**

Enter filter terms or strings here and press the RETURN key to filter. The filter term or string can be the name or ID of a node. You have the following options, which you can also use in combination:

**Filter by search term**

Example: Pump ST-567180

All elements that contain the filter term as a match are displayed.

**Filter by multiple search terms (OR operator, separated by a comma)**

Example: Pump ST-56,6202

All elements that contain at least one of the filter terms that are separated by a comma are displayed.

**Filter by multiple search terms (AND operator, separated by a slash)**

Example: Pump ST-56/motor/drive side

All elements containing the filter terms that are separated by a slash are displayed.



If you enter a filter term in the field and press the RETURN key, the background of the filtered view is highlighted in yellow.

### Measurement value details:

The individual levels of the **device tree** or **plant tree** provide you with the following information on the measured values available:

- **Top level:**

Device tree: Contains the name and serial number of the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink device that provided the data.

Plant tree: Here you will find the nodes that you have created [\[29\]](#).

- Middle level in the device tree or level below the nodes in the plant tree**

Here you will find the names of the **measurement jobs** that have saved the data.

On this level you will also find the section **Measurement triggers and conditions**, if data has been saved for this.

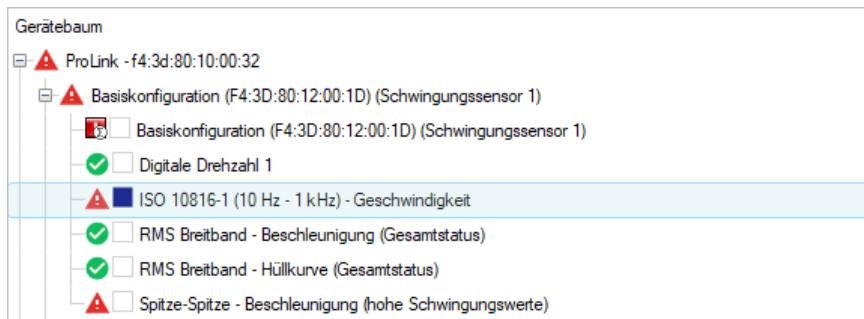
- Lowest level:**

The first point under **Measurement jobs** is the alarm characteristic value that you defined in your measurement job. This is followed by the characteristic values of your measurement job, i.e. the characteristic values that were used to calculate the overriding alarm characteristic values.

You will find the individual triggers and conditions under **Measurement triggers and conditions**.

### Select characteristic value

Select a characteristic value by clicking on the characteristic value in the tree view. The characteristic value is then marked in the tree with the alarm symbol and highlighted in colour , based on which you can also identify it in the Trend Viewer diagram:



You can find the following information:

- The trend for the characteristic value is loaded in the Trend Viewer.
- The last available time signal opens in the Time Signal Viewer. The relevant spectrum is shown in the Spectrum Viewer.
- You can load more trends in the Trend Viewer by selecting additional characteristic values.
- The time signals for the characteristic value are shown in the **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** list. The latest time signal is automatically loaded in the viewer.
- As soon as you select a different characteristic value, its time signals are shown in the list. You can find details on this in the **Time signals for the selected characteristic value**  section.

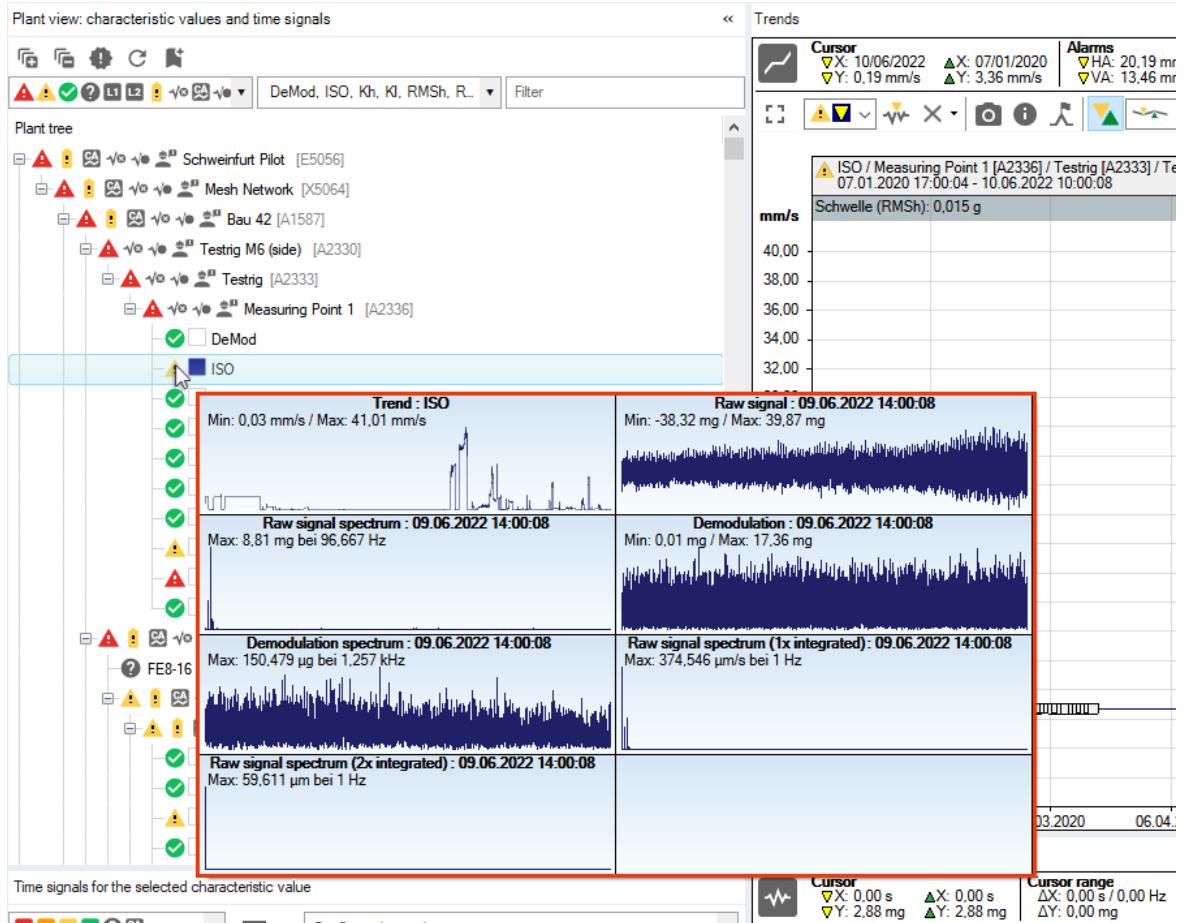
### Alarm status

This symbol displays the alarm status on every level. The symbol is shown in different colours depending on the status:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
|  | No measurement has been performed or there is an incorrect or incomplete configuration. |
|  | There is no alarm.  |
|  | One or more characteristic values have triggered a pre-alarm.                           |
|  | One or more characteristic values have triggered a main alarm.                          |

On the level of individual characteristic values, the symbol relates only to the characteristic value in question; in the higher levels its relates to all subordinate characteristic values; the program always shows the most critical alarm status. For instance, if there is a characteristic value with a main alarm, then the main alarm status is set for the entire measurement job.

If you move the mouse over a symbol, you will see a preview of the trend after approx. 300 milliseconds. You will also find brief information here, such as the time stamp or the minimum and maximum values for the Y-axis or the time since the last measurement. The preview disappears automatically after 10 seconds:



No alarm status is displayed for the nodes in the plant tree.

## Colour identification

The colour box shows you the colour used to identify the trend in the Trend Viewer. This allows you to differentiate between several loaded trends .

If you move the mouse over the coloured box, the associated trend is highlighted in the Trend Viewer, while the other trends are greyed out:



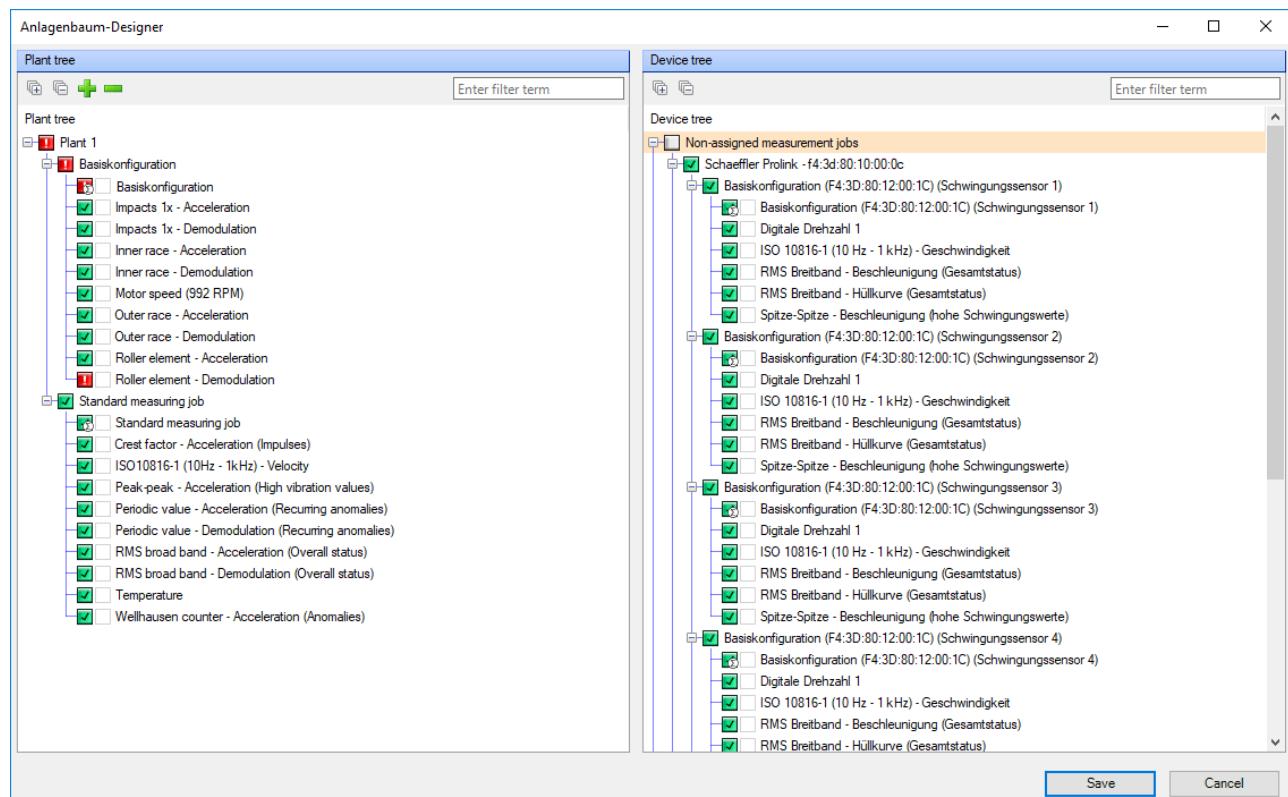
## Context menu in the tree view

Right-click on a device, node, measurement job or characteristic value to open a context menu. You can find details on this in the **User interface overview**  section.

### 5.3.2.1 Creating and editing the plant tree

If you click  in the toolbar and select the **Edit plant tree** option, the Plant tree designer opens. Here you can create a structure that corresponds to the structure of your plants. You can then assign the associated measurement jobs to the individual components—nodes—of your plants.

On the left, you can see the **plant tree** with an overview of the plant nodes you have created with measurement jobs that have already been assigned. On the right, you can see the **Device view** divided into **Non-assigned measurement jobs** and **Assigned measurement jobs**:



#### Plant tree

To create the structure that corresponds to the structure of your plants, you have the following options:

**Buttons**  and 

Click these buttons to expand or collapse the selected level.

**Button** 

Click this button to add a new node under the selected level.

By default, it is given the name **New node**. You can change the name as soon as you have added the node or later using the **Rename** option in the context menu.

**Button** 

Click this button to delete the selected node. In doing so, you will also delete all subordinate nodes and assigned measurement jobs from the plant tree.

**Filter field**

Enter a filter term in this field to filter the plant tree accordingly.

**Context menu**

At any level of the tree, you can open a context menu by right-clicking. The following two functions are available in the plant tree designer:

- **Rename** (node context menu):  
Select this function to rename the selected node.
- **Show/Hide** (context menu for measurement job):  
Select this function to show or hide the selected measurement job in the plant tree. Hidden measurement jobs are not displayed in the plant tree.

**Moving nodes and measurement jobs**

Click a node or measurement job and drag the element to a new position. You will be notified as to whether the new position is permitted or not.

### Device view

The device view lists all devices and measurement jobs in the database. The measurement jobs are also divided into **Non-assigned measurement jobs** and **Assigned measurement jobs**. Here you have the following options:

**Buttons**  and 

Click these buttons to expand or collapse the selected level.

### Filter field

Enter a filter term in this field to filter the plant tree accordingly.

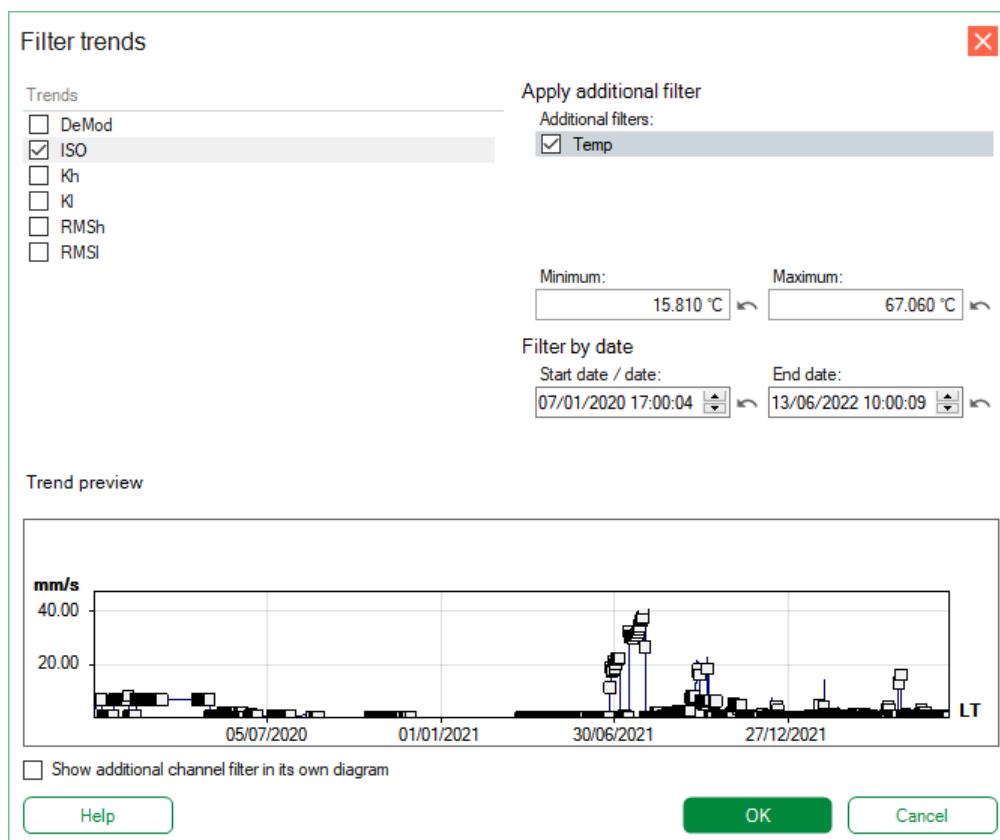
### Assigning measurement jobs

Click on a measurement job and drag it to the desired position in the plant tree. You can drag measurement jobs to nodes only. You will be notified as to whether the new position is permitted or not.

Make the desired changes in the plant tree and then click **Save**.

#### 5.3.2.2 Measurement job: Filter trends

You can set up additional filters for trends. To do this, select the **Filter trends...** function in the context menu of the measurement job to open the corresponding dialogue box:



You have the following options:

### Trends

Here is the list of trends available for filtering purposes:

- Click on a trend to view it in the **Trend preview**.
- Tick the box in front of the trends you would like to filter. A separate filter result is displayed for each filtered trend.

### Apply additional filter

Activate the additional filter for the trend here. You can then set the desired values for **Minimum** and **Maximum**. Clicking  resets your entry to the measurement values.

### Filter by date

Enter the **start date** and **end date** by which you would like to filter the trend. Clicking ↵ resets your entry to the full date range.

### Trend preview

Here you can see the preview of the trend on which you clicked under **Trends**.

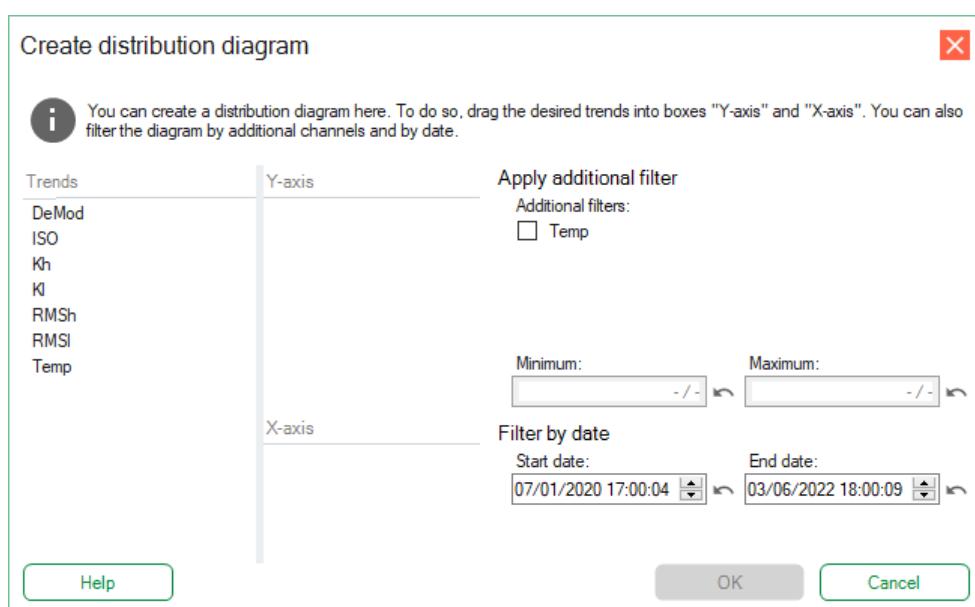
### Show additional channel filter in its own diagram

Select this option to see a separate diagram for the additional filter in the result.

Enter the data required and then click **OK**. The filter result is displayed in a separate tab in the Trend Viewer.

### 5.3.2.3 Measurement job: Create distribution diagram

You can create distribution diagrams for measurement jobs. This allows you to see, for example, how the machine performs at different speeds and whether there is an unusual cluster of values at a certain speed. To do this, select the **Create distribution diagram...** function in the context menu of the measurement job to open the corresponding dialogue box. Alternatively, click the  button in the toolbar of the Trend Viewer:



You have the following options:

#### Trends

Here is the list of trends available for the distribution diagram. Click and drag the desired trend to the **Y-axis** or **X-axis** box. A separate diagram is created for each trend in the **Y-axis** box.

#### Filter by additional channel

Activate the channel by which you would like to filter the diagram. You can then set the desired values for **Minimum** and **Maximum**. Clicking ↵ resets your entry to the measurement values.

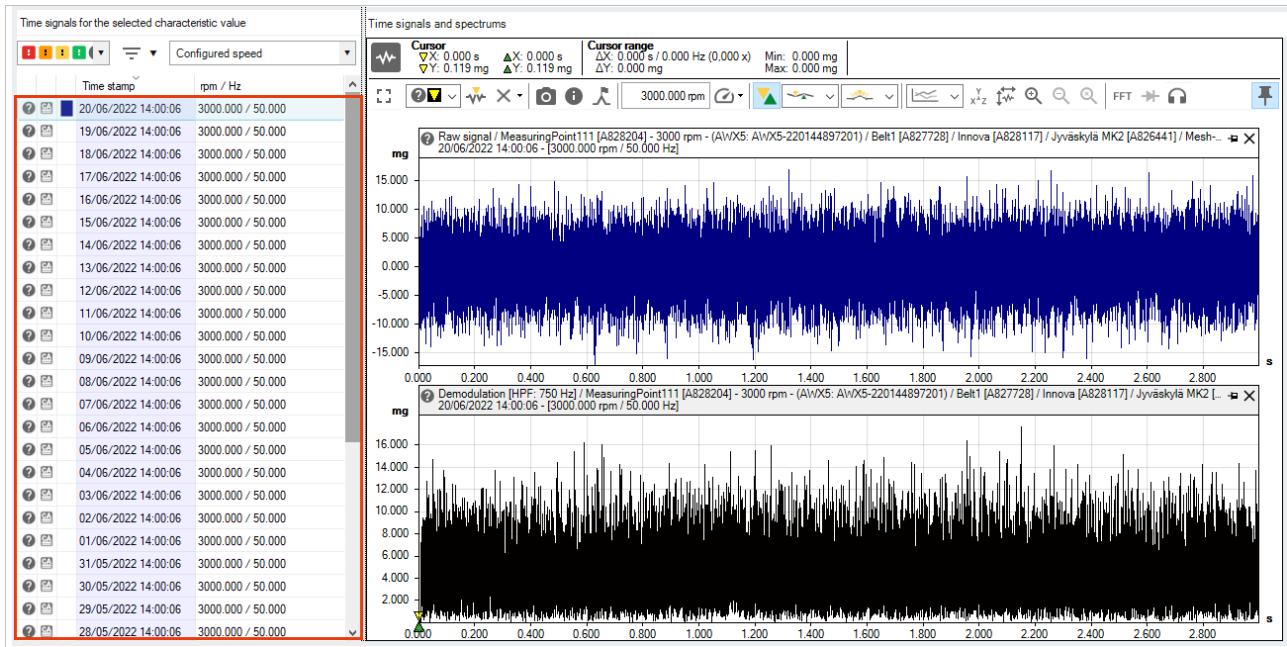
#### Filter by date

Enter the **start date** and **end date** by which you would like to filter the diagram. Clicking ↵ resets your entry to the full date range.

Enter the data required and then click **OK**. The distribution diagram is displayed in a separate tab in the Trend Viewer.

### 5.3.3 Time signals for the selected characteristic value

The **list of time signals for the selected characteristic value** can be found on the left under the **device tree/plant tree**. The content of the list depends on which characteristic value is selected in the favourites list or the tree <sup>27</sup>. The time signals that you select here are displayed in the Time Signal Viewer and in the Spectrum Viewer:

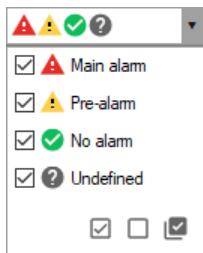


Here, you can access the following information and functions:

### Filter options

- Status filter list:**

Click the list to open it. You can then select the status you want to use for filtering:



#### Options in the filter list

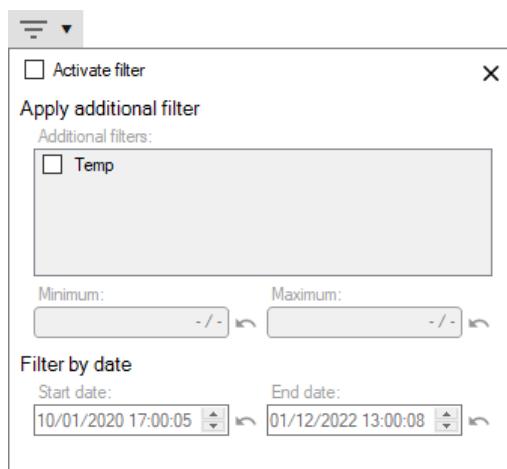
Click to turn filtering on/off for each individual filter option.

- Click this button to turn on all filter options.
- Click this button to turn off all filter options.
- Click this button to reverse the current filter settings.

By default, the filters are switched on for all filter options.

- More filter options**

Click this button to open a dialogue with additional filter options:



You have the following options:

**Activate filter:** Activate this option to use the additional filter options.

**Filter by additional channel:** Activate the desired additional channel and use **Minimum** and **Maximum** to specify the value range in order to filter the time signals accordingly.

**Filter by date:** Enter the desired **start** and **end date** to filter the time signals accordingly.

- **Signal data filter list**

Click on the list to open it. You can then select the signal data you want to use for filtering.  
You have the same options in the filter list as in the status filter list [32].



The background of the filtered view is highlighted in yellow.

In the list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value**, you can use the columns as a sort criterion:

Set any column as a sort criterion by clicking in the column title. Click a second time to change the sort order, i.e. from ascending to descending or vice-versa. The current sort order is displayed by the symbols for ascending and for descending.

### Speed selection list

Here you can select the speed source. The speed is displayed in the list of time signals in rpm and Hz.

**Speed measured:** Select this option to use the measured speed as the speed source. The measured speed is part of the time signal.

**Own speed:** Select this option to enter a fixed speed value for all time signals in the field next to the list.

**[Speed source name]:** Select this option to select a characteristic value measured in rpm or Hz as the speed source.

### Selecting a time signal

Click a time signal to display it in the Time Signal Viewer and in the Spectrum Viewer.

### Selecting multiple time signals

You have the following options for selecting multiple time signals:

- Hold down CTRL and click on the required lines.
- To select a consecutive range of time signals, click on the first time signal in the desired range, hold down the SHIFT key and then click on the last time signal in the desired range.

Selected time signals are highlighted in colour.

### Deleting time signal(s)

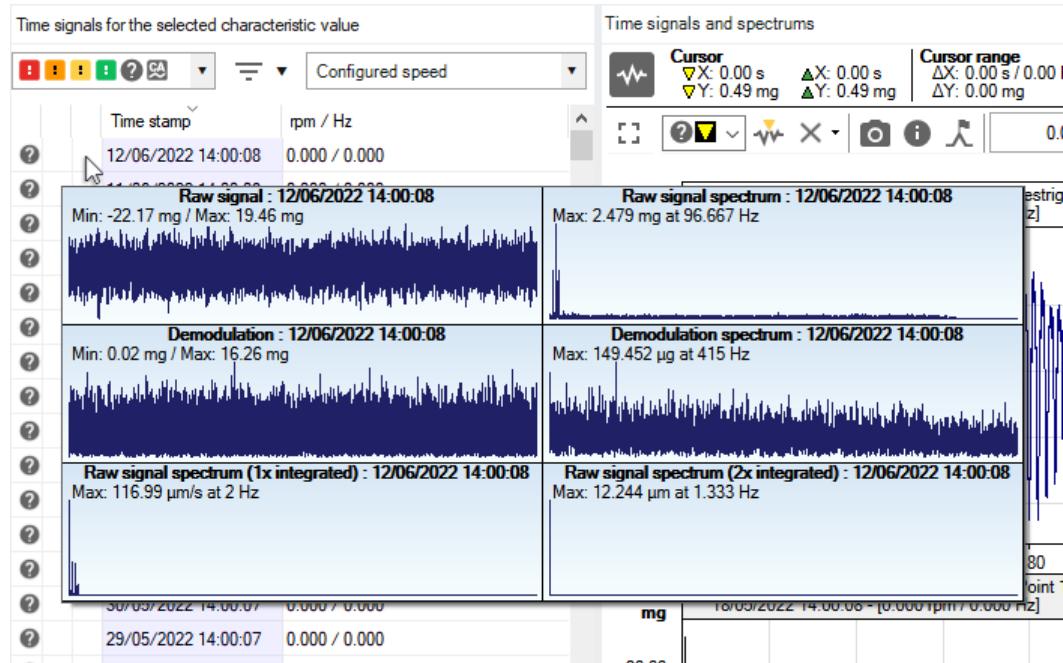
- Click on a time signal or select several.
- Open the context menu by right-clicking on a time signal and select the **Delete time signal(s)** option. The selected time signals are deleted.

### Alarm status

This symbol indicates the alarm status for the data:

- The measurement was taken but the device was still in the learning phase.
- No alarm
- Pre-alarm
- Main alarm

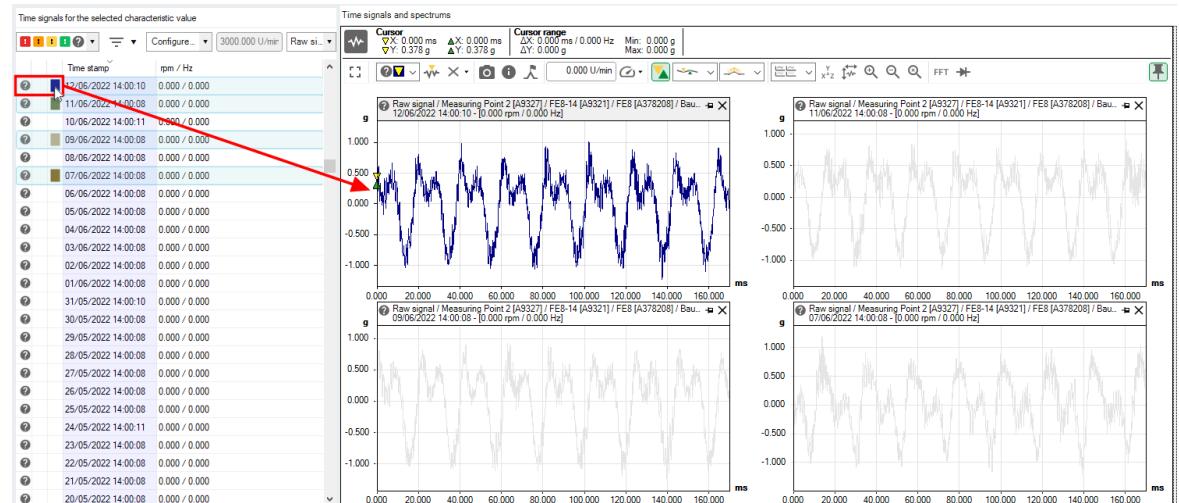
If you move the mouse over a symbol, you will see a preview of the time signal and the spectrum after approx. 300 milliseconds. The preview disappears automatically after 10 seconds:



### Colour identification

The coloured box indicates the colour used to display the data in the diagram. In this way you can differentiate between several loaded time signals or spectrums.

If you move the mouse over the time signal line, the corresponding signal is displayed in the colour of the square in the Time Signal Viewer and the other signals are greyed out:



### Time stamp

This is where you will find detailed information about when the time signal was saved.

### RPM/Hz

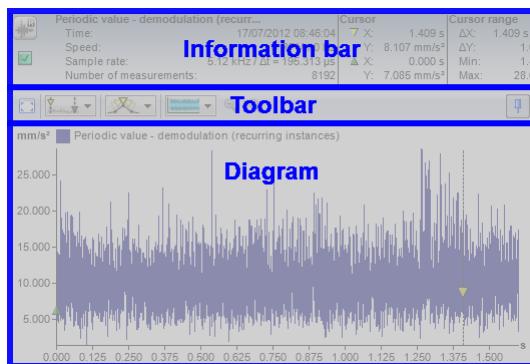
Here you will find information about the speed in revolutions per minute and in hertz.

## Comment

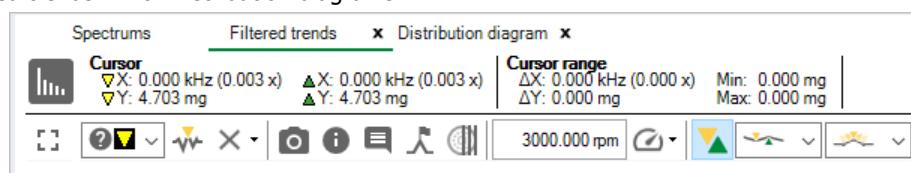
Double-click in the comment cell to enter a signal comment. For example, you can use this to see how far your analysis has progressed or whether it has already been completed. The comment is saved in the system.

### 5.3.4 Viewer and diagram

All of the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software viewers are identical in design and offer you the same basic functions and adjustment options, with a few exceptions. Each viewer consists of the information bar<sup>35</sup>, toolbar<sup>36</sup> and diagram<sup>40</sup> areas:



The Trend Viewer opens special views in additional tabs. This is the case, for example, with Filtered trends<sup>30</sup> or Distribution diagrams<sup>31</sup>:



Apart from the main **Trend** tab, you can close all tabs by clicking **x**.

You can find information on each area of the viewer in the following sections.

## Information bar

The upper area of the Viewer contains basic information on the position of the base cursor<sup>59</sup> and measure cursor<sup>59</sup>, and on the values of the cursor range.

You can access the following information and functions via the information bar:



This symbol indicates a trend.



This symbol indicates a time signal.



This symbol indicates a spectrum.



By default, trends are displayed in the main viewer, i.e. in the upper of the three viewers. Click the symbols in the viewer information bars to switch the main display:



Click the trend symbol in the Main Viewer to toggle the display between trend and time signal.



Click the time signal symbol in the Time Signal Viewer to switch the time signal display between the Main Viewer and the Time Signal Viewer.



Click the spectrum symbol in the Spectrum Viewer to switch the spectrum display between the Main Viewer and the Spectrum Viewer.

## Cursor

The **Cursor** range contains the X and Y positions for both the base cursor and the measure cursor. You can also see the corresponding symbols for both cursors that are used to indicate them in the diagram.

The X and Y values are adjusted automatically when you change the position of the cursor in the diagram.



By default, the cursor position in the trend diagram is at the end of the trend, while in the spectrum diagram it is at the beginning of the spectrum

## Alarms

### Trend Viewer only

Here you will find the alarm limits for the main alarm and pre-alarm.

## Cursor range

This shows you the difference between the base cursor and measure cursor, together with the smallest (**Min.**) and largest (**Max.**) values in the cursor range.

The difference values are adjusted automatically when you change the position of the cursor in the diagram.



If you do not need the information bar or need more space to display the diagram, you can hide it using one of the following methods:

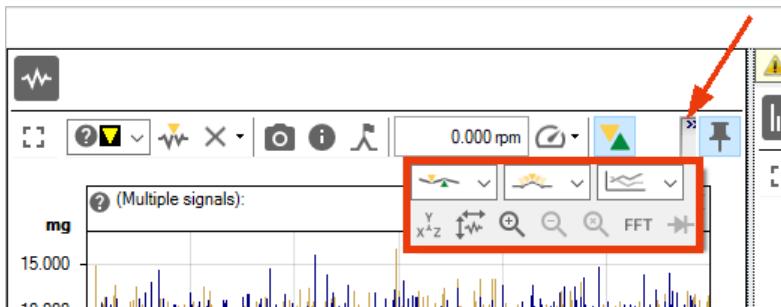
- Right-click to open the context menu for the Viewer and select the **Information bar**. You can also use this function to display the information bar again.
- If you want to hide the information bars for all Viewers when you start the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software, you will need to adjust the Viewer program settings:
  1. Right-click to open the context menu for the Viewer and select **Settings**.
  2. Click on **Viewer** in the left-hand area.
  3. In the **Visible elements on startup** section, uncheck the **Information bar** option. The information bar will not appear in any of the viewers when the program is next started.

## Toolbar

You can gain access to all the functions for data analysis and working on the diagram in the toolbar. The following overview shows you which functions you can call up via the selection lists and symbols. If a function is not available for all the viewers, you will find a note to this effect.



If not all of the symbols on the toolbar can be displayed, for example if the Viewer is too narrow, you will find the symbol on the right edge of the toolbar. Click on this to show the hidden toolbar functions:



Click this symbol to show the viewer in full screen mode.

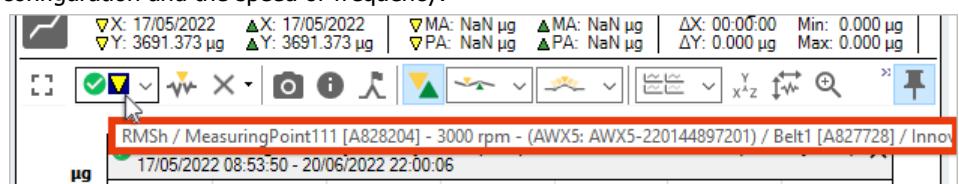
To reintegrate the Viewer into the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software interface, click on the symbol.

Alternatively, you can access both commands by right-clicking in the context menu for the Viewer .



Use this list to determine the active signal, which is influenced by cursor functions, for instance. In each list entry you can find the following information:

- : The coloured box identifies the loaded trend or the loaded signal. You will find the same colour identification on the left in the **device/plant tree** or in the list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value**.
- : The yellow triangle identifies the currently active trend, the active time signal or the active spectrum.
- : This symbol indicates the alarm status for the data:
  - No alarm
  - Pre-alarm
  - Main alarm
- If you move the mouse over the visible list entry or open the list, you will see more details. These give you information about the time stamp, the name of the measurement configuration and the speed or frequency:



Click here to display just the active signal. Clicking again shows all the loaded signals.



Use this list to remove selected signals from the diagram. Selected signals can be trends, time signals, or spectrums. You have the following options:

- Remove current signal:**

The active signal is removed from the diagram. The other signals continue to be displayed. New active signal is the first signal in the list.

- Remove all signals:**

All the signals are removed from the diagram. The viewer is then empty.

- Remove all other signals:**

Only the active signal remains visible, all other signals are removed from the diagram.



Click here to take a screenshot of the diagram or active signal. The exact content that is copied depends on the export settings. Press SHIFT + to open the settings and edit them. You can find details on this in the **Exporting diagrams** section.



Click here to obtain precise information about the active signal. You can find details on this in the **Show signal properties** <sup>48</sup> section.

If the **Histogram** chart view is active, you will receive detailed information about the histogram <sup>70</sup>.



Click here to create a new comment about the active signal or to view or manage existing comments. You can find details on this in the **Comments** <sup>48</sup> section.



Click here to display the highest peaks of the active signal in a new dialogue. You can find details on this in the **Show highest peaks** <sup>50</sup> section.



#### Spectrum Viewer only

Click here to view frequency bands or bearing frequencies. You can find details on this in the **Showing the bearing database/frequency bands** <sup>51</sup> section.

0,000 U/min/RPM

#### Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer

You can directly input the speed for the active signal in this field. The speed is important for the evaluation of damage frequencies as well as for the cursor functions **speed** and **gear mesh**, the latter for the first harmonic from speed value.

Other speed functions are available by clicking on .



#### Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer

Click here for further speed/frequency settings. You can find details on this in the **Set speed/frequency** <sup>58</sup> section.



Click here to show the base cursor, measure cursor and the symbols for cursor functions in the diagram. Clicking again hides them all again.



Click here to select cursor functions or to specify basic settings for all cursors and cursor functions. You have the following options:

- **Basis analysis** <sup>60</sup>: Selects the **Basis analysis** cursor function.
- **Gear mesh** <sup>65</sup>: Selects the **Gear mesh** cursor function. This function is only available in the Spectrum Viewer.
- **Harmonics** <sup>63</sup>: Selects the **Harmonics** cursor function.
- **Sidebands** <sup>64</sup>: Selects the **Sidebands** cursor function. This function is only available in the Spectrum Viewer.
- **Harmonics with sidebands** <sup>64</sup>: Selects the **Harmonics with sidebands** cursor function. This function is only available in the Spectrum Viewer.
- **Speed** <sup>62</sup>: Selects the **Speed** cursor function.
- **Cursor settings** <sup>59</sup>: Select this option to perform general cursor settings and settings for the individual cursor functions.

You can find details in the **Set cursor** <sup>59</sup> section and in the sections on the relevant cursor functions.



Click here to determine how the precise position of the base cursor will be determined when pulling in the diagram. This feature is useful for detailed analysis. You can find details on this in the **Position cursor** <sup>66</sup> section.



Click here to determine how the data should be displayed in the diagram. You can find details on this in the **Select chart view** <sup>67</sup> section.



Click here to set the X, Y and, if applicable, the Z axes. You can find details on this in the **Edit axes settings** <sup>75</sup> section.



Click here to automatically adjust the maximum and minimum for axes, i.e. to automatically normalise the extreme values of the signals. This allows you to set the data in relation to time. You can find details on this in the **Edit axes settings** <sup>75</sup> section.



#### Spectrum Viewer only

Click here to set the camera settings for multi-dimensional display options. The function only works for spectrums with the same signal and unit type. You can find details on this in the **Edit camera settings** <sup>76</sup> section.



### Spectrum Viewer only

Click here to set the spectrogram display options. The function only works for spectrums with the same signal and unit type. You can find details on this in the **Change spectrogram settings** [76](#) section.



These buttons provide the following functions:

- Zooms in to the diagram a step. One step corresponds to 10% of the axis limits.
- Undoes the last zoom step.
- Returns the diagram to normal view.



### Trend Viewer only

Click here to display the alarm limits for pre-alarm (yellow line) and main alarm (red line) if they are defined for the characteristic. By clicking again, you remove them again.

If the alarm limits are not shown, the scale adapts to the highest peaks.



### Trend Viewer only

Click here to show the time signal markers. By clicking again, you remove them again.



Double-click a time signal marker to jump to the corresponding time signal in the **time signals for the selected characteristic value** list. This is useful when you are viewing multiple time signals in the Trend Viewer. For this function, the characteristic value to which the time signals belong must be selected in the plant tree.



### Trend Viewer only

Click here to calculate mean values. You have the following options:

- **Show average values:** Use this option to display the averaged values in the diagram.
- **Averaging options:** This option opens the **Averaging options** dialogue. You can find details on this in the **Setting averaging options** [42](#) section.



### Trend Viewer only

Click here to create a distribution diagram. You can find details on this in the **Measurement job** [31](#) section: **Create distribution diagram** [31](#).



### Spectrum Viewer only

Click here to integrate signals into the Viewer. You can find details on possible settings in the **Integrate signals** [77](#) section.



### Spectrum Viewer only

Click here to differentiate signals. With this function, you can derive the acceleration spectrum from a velocity spectrum.



### Time Signal Viewer only

Click here to calculate the spectrum/spectrogram from the signal. You can find details on this in the **Calculate spectrum** [79](#) section.



### Time Signal Viewer only

Click here to calculate the demodulation of the signal. Damage can be detected more easily in the envelope than in the raw signal.

The envelope can only be calculated from a raw signal. This button is disabled if there is no raw signal.



### Spectrum Viewer only

Click here to calculate order or frequency spectrums automatically. You can find details on possible settings in the **Calculate order spectrum** [80](#) section.



### Spectrum Viewer only

Click the button to display the results of the Condition Analyser in the spectrum or the button to display the results in a table.

One of the following options is displayed:

- Damage frequencies of bearings.
- Damage frequencies from HSB analysis. This analysis contains frequencies that the Condition Analyser considers to be damage frequencies.



Click on this button to hide the toolbar of the selected diagram. As soon as you move the mouse over the toolbar it will become visible again, enabling you to use its functions.

To make it permanently visible again, select the diagram and click on the button in the toolbar again.

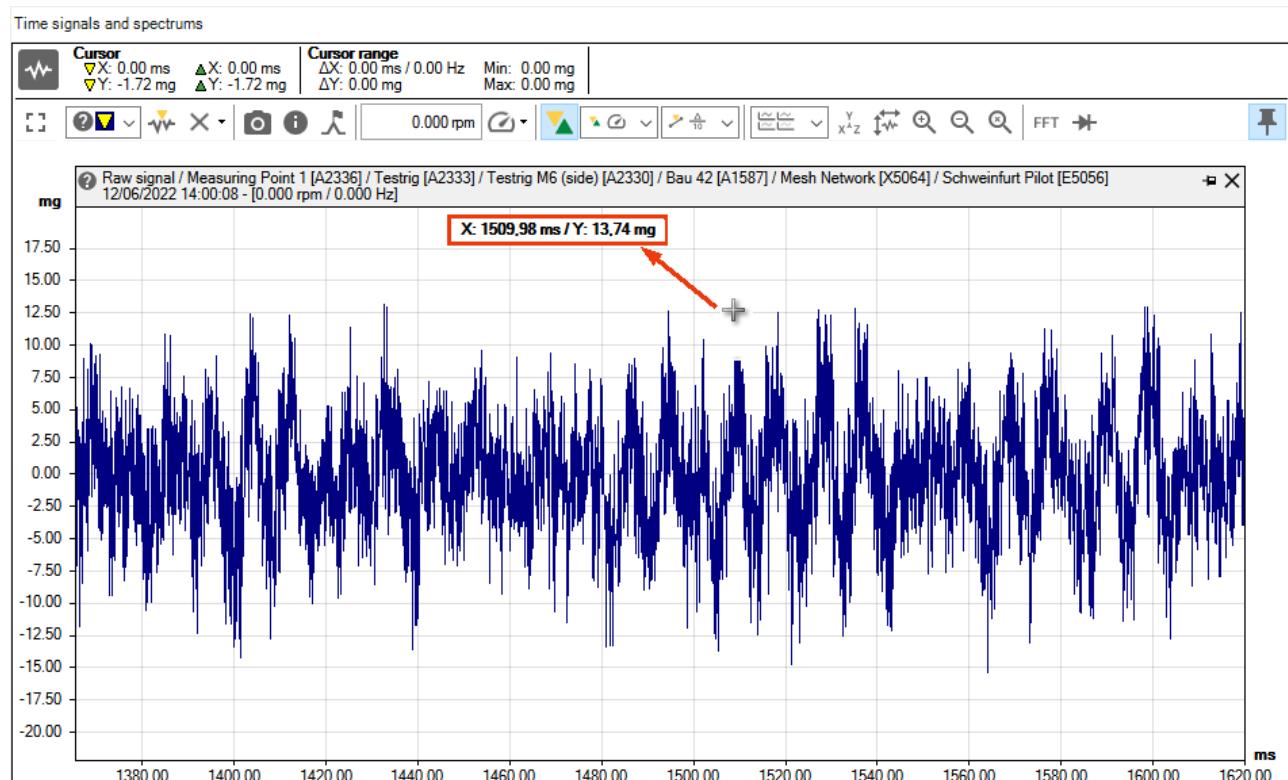


If you want to hide the toolbars for all Viewers when you start the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software, you will need to adjust the Viewer program settings:

1. Right-click to open the context menu for the Viewer and select **Settings**.
2. Click on **Viewer** in the left-hand area.
3. In the **Visible elements on startup** section, uncheck the **Toolbar** option. The toolbar will not appear in any viewer when the program is next started.

## Diagram

How the diagram is displayed initially depends on the type of viewer, i.e. whether the diagram is viewed in the Trend Viewer, the Time Signal Viewer or the Spectrum Viewer. Information on the mouse position is provided in the same manner in all diagrams: As soon as you move the mouse over a diagram, information on the mouse position is displayed in the top right corner:



Generally speaking, you can change the display directly in the diagram as follows:

- **Base cursor positioning:** Click on the required location in the diagram. The base cursor automatically jumps to that position.
- **Measure cursor positioning:** Hold the SHIFT key and click at the required position in the diagram. The measure cursor automatically jumps to this position.

- Drag the **base cursor** or **measure cursor** To do so, move the mouse over the cursor guide until the mouse pointer turns into a double-headed arrow . Now press and hold the left mouse button and drag the cursor to the desired position.
- **Zoom functions:** The mouse and keyboard offer numerous options for zooming into and out of the graph view. To zoom into the diagram, for instance, click inside the diagram, press and hold the left mouse button and drag the mouse over a section of the diagram. Use the back key to undo a zoom step. For detailed information on possible zoom functions, see **Appendix I: Zooming in a diagram** .

You can specify further settings for diagram display at the following locations in the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software:

- Use View options to determine how the data should be displayed in the diagram, for instance as a **list** or as a **matrix**.
- Use your selection in the device overview and in the list of time signals to determine which data is loaded and displayed in the diagram.
- Use the cursor options to determine, for instance, which cursor and cursor functions are displayed in the diagram.
- Use the axes settings to determine the unit and scaling of the diagram axes.
- Use the comment functions to add and edit comments; you can also determine whether existing comments should be displayed in the diagram.
- You can adjust numerous general diagram display settings in the **Settings** dialogue box; for instance, you can define the colours for the data displayed, symbols for cursors and cursor functions, and the unit profile to be used for axis scaling. You can also set separate settings for each of the three Viewers.

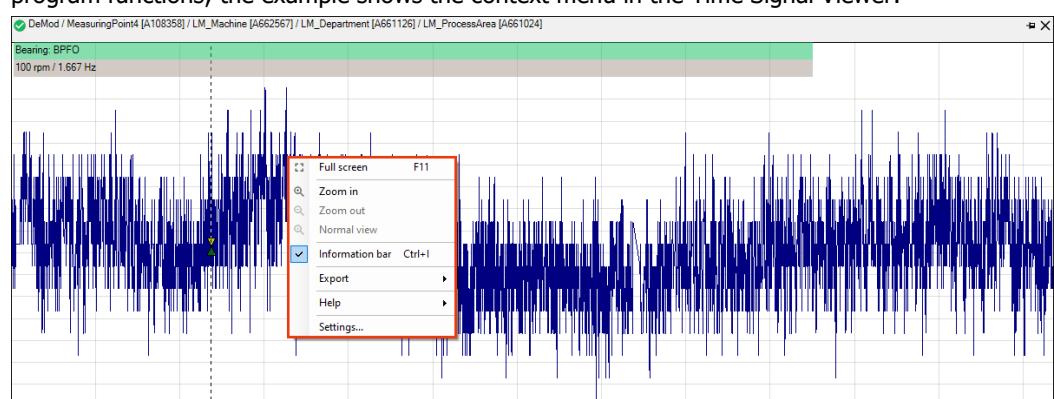
You can also set a trend or signal as a reference:

To do this, click the button in the title bar of the diagram area:

- A trend set as a reference is then visible in a separate diagram area in the Trend Viewer when you select a different characteristic value in the device/plant tree.
- Time signals set as a reference remain available via the signal selection list in the Time Signal or Spectrum Viewer – even if you select time signals of another characteristic value.
- Clicking the button again cancels the reference. Clicking removes the diagram from the Viewer.
- An oblique icon indicates that the viewer contains both signals set as a reference and other signals.



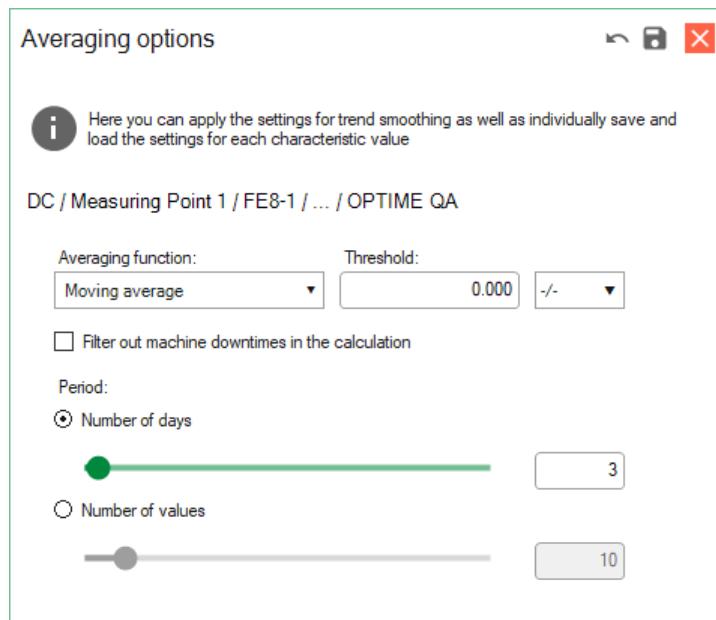
Right-clicking in any of the Viewers will open a context menu with access to important cross-program functions; the example shows the context menu in the Time Signal Viewer:



You will find a brief explanation of these functions and links to additional information in the **User interface overview** section.

### 5.3.4.1 Setting averaging options

Mean values are useful for assessing the status of a machine. Click the  button on the Trend Viewer toolbar to **show average values**. You will also find the **Averaging options** option here. This opens the **Averaging options** dialogue, where you can set details of the averaging calculation for the currently selected characteristic value:

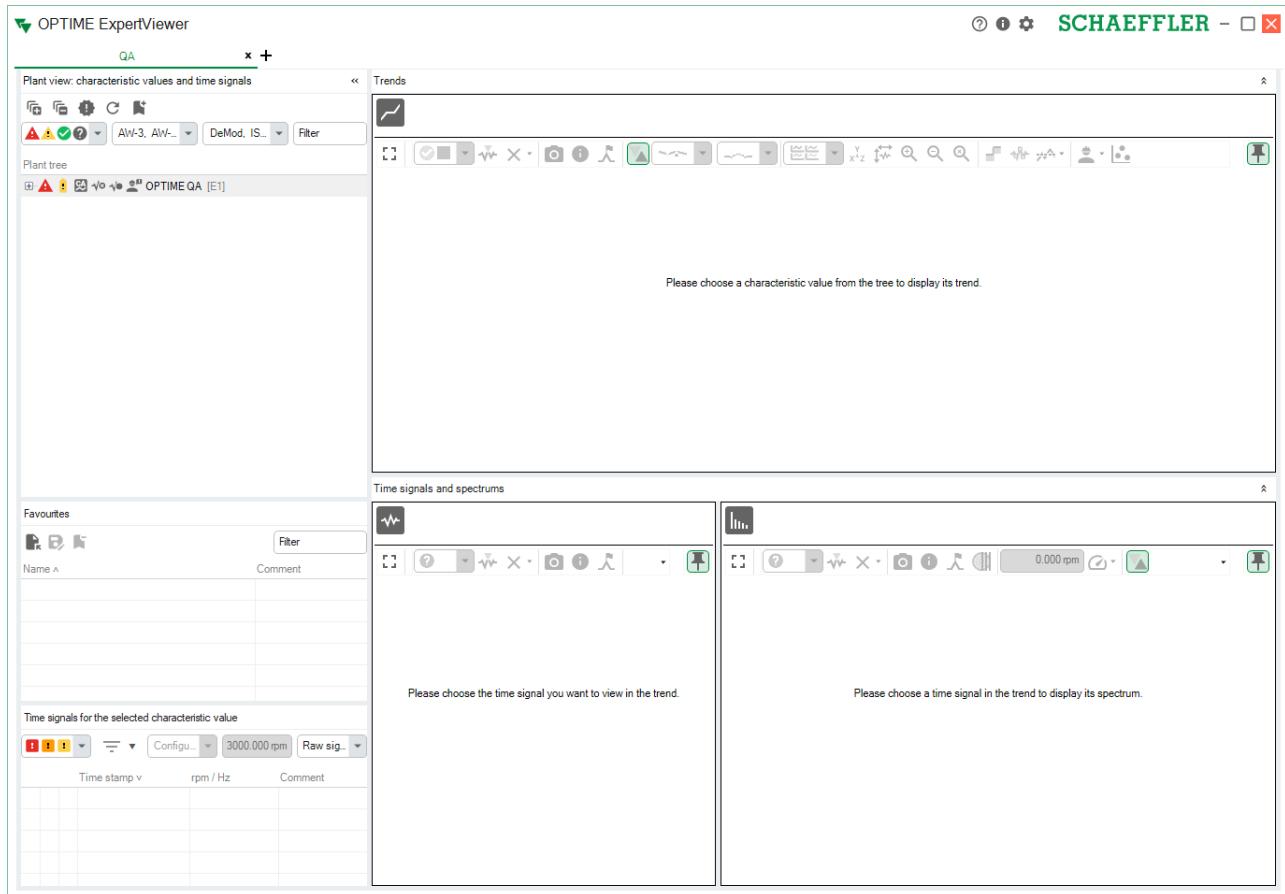


Here you have the following options:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Averaging function and threshold</b>   | Select the averaging function, <b>moving average</b> or <b>moving median</b> . You can also specify the <b>threshold</b> at which values are to be taken into account for averaging. By default, the <b>moving average</b> is calculated without a <b>threshold</b> . |
| <b>Filter out machine downtimes ...</b>   | Activate this option to ignore machine downtimes during averaging and to calculate value gaps.<br>This option is disabled by default.   |
| <b>Period</b>   | Specify the <b>number of days</b> or the <b>number of values</b> over which the averaging is calculated.<br>By default, a period of <b>3 days</b> is set.   |
|  | Click this button to save the settings for the selected characteristic value.   |
|  | Click this button to load the last saved setting.   |
|  | Click this button to close the dialogue without saving any changes.   |

### 5.3.4.2 Opening and removing data

If you successfully execute the **Analyse data** wizard in the Schaeffler SmartUtility software, the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software will open automatically with the database that is in the database directory of the SmartUtility software. In the **device/plant tree** , you will then see the characteristic values for the measurement data available to you for analysis. The list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** at the bottom left as well as the Trend Viewer, Time Signal Viewer and Spectrum Viewer are still empty:



In the following sections you will learn how to select the data for analysis and open it in the individual viewers, and how to remove the selected data again:

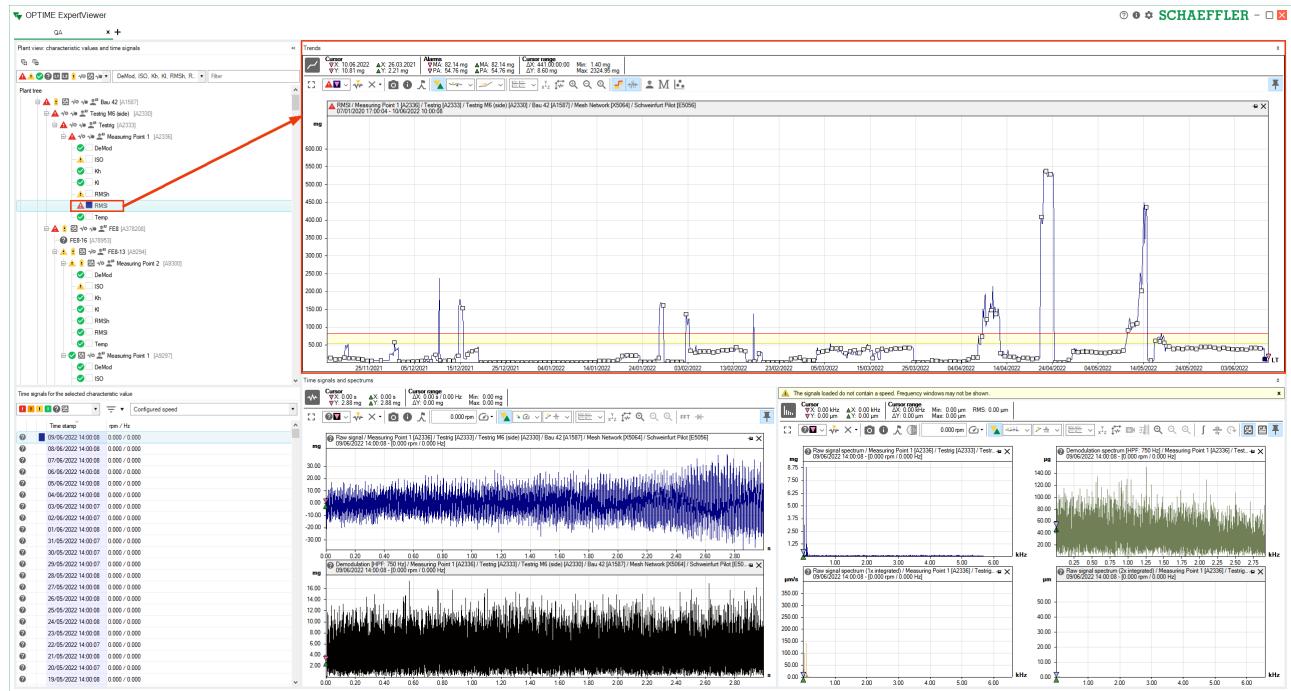
- Open one trend  (Trend Viewer)
- Open several trends  (Trend Viewer)
- Open one time signal  (Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer)
- Open several time signals at the same time  (Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer)
- Open time signals from the Trend Viewer  (Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer)
- Open spectrum from the Time Signal Viewer  (Spectrum Viewer)
- Remove data from the viewers 



In the device/plant tree and in the list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value**, you can display a preview of the associated signals. Move the mouse over the appropriate alarm symbol.

### Open one trend (Trend Viewer)

Click on the characteristic value in the device/plant tree to load its trend in the Trend Viewer. The list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** is also displayed. The last available time signal will be loaded in the Time Signal/Spectrum Viewer:



## Open several trends (Trend Viewer)

You can compare the trends of several characteristic values with each other by going to the **device overview** and selecting several characteristic values:

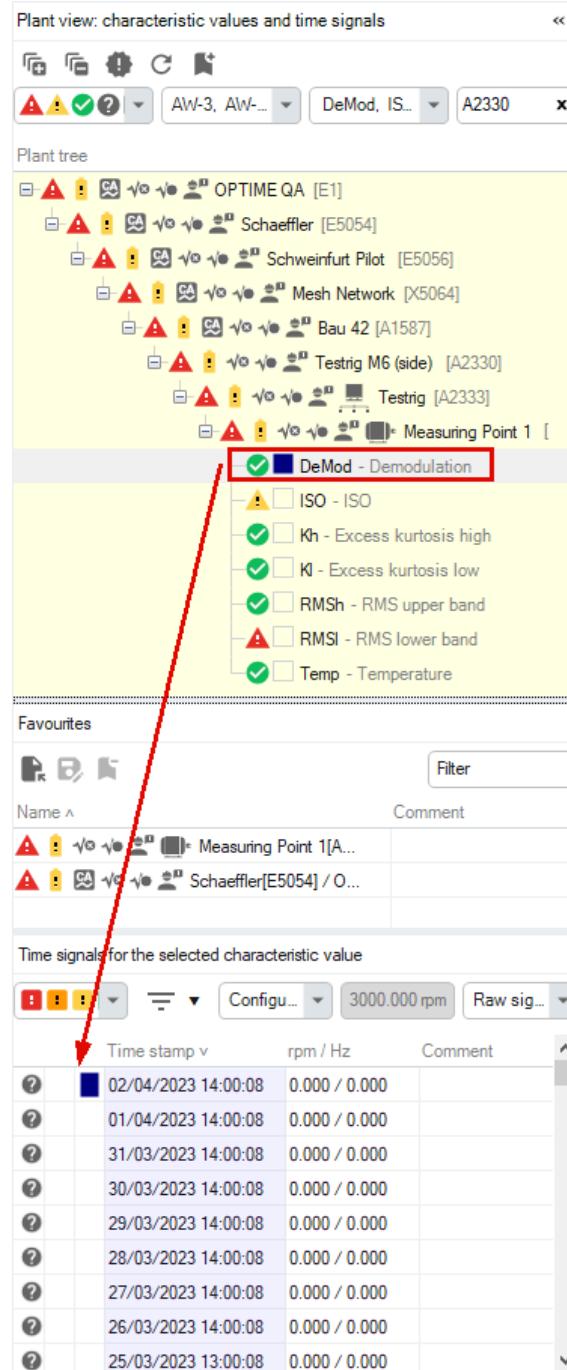
1. Click the first characteristic value to display the corresponding trend.
2. Click the button in the trend diagram to set the diagram as a reference.
3. If you now click the next characteristic value in the tree, the corresponding diagram will also be displayed in the Trend Viewer. The type of display depends on which diagram view you have selected :



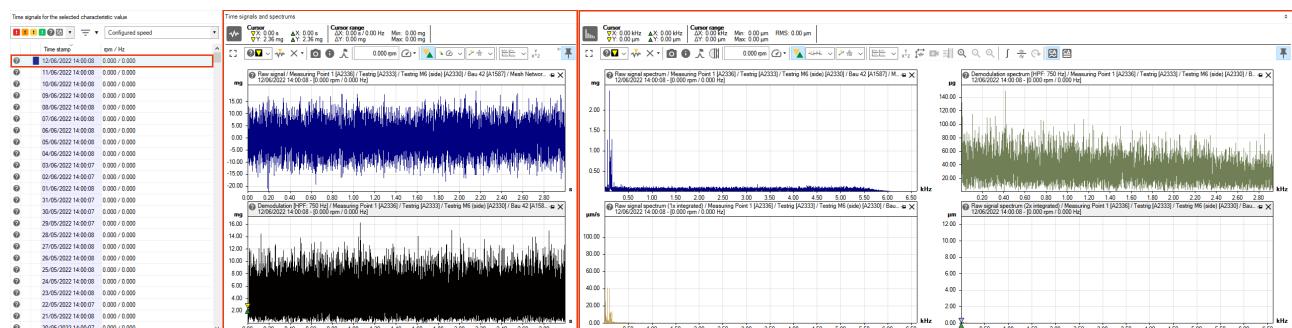
With each additionally opened trend, the Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer are also adapted: For each loaded trend, the last available time signal is loaded in the Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer.

## Open one time signal (Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer)

1. Select the characteristic value for which you want to load a time signal. This fills the list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** and the latest time signal is displayed in the Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer. What you actually see depends on your version of the software:



- Click the time signal that you would like to load in the Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer. The signal is then displayed directly:





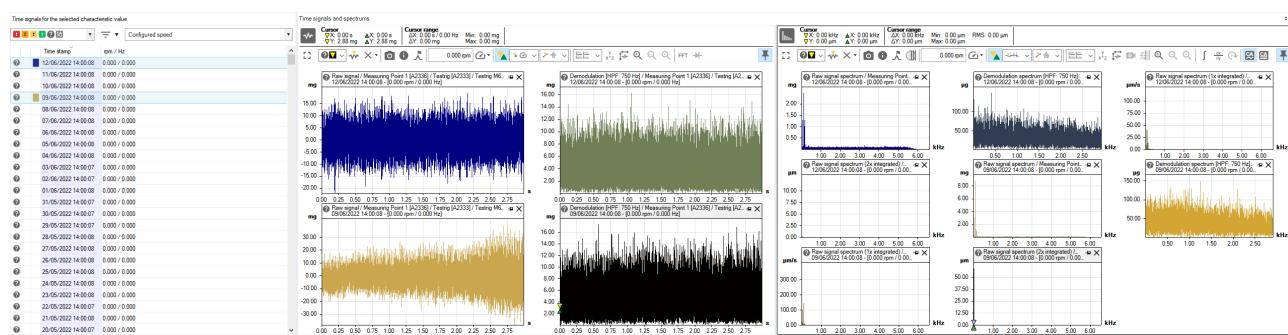
The representation of the spectrums is limited as follows:

- Raw signal spectrums are displayed in full.
- Envelope curve spectrums are truncated depending on sampling rate and high pass frequency.
- Integrated spectrums are only displayed up to a value of 1000 Hz.

However, additional measurement data are still available. To display them, click the **Auto-adjust axis limits** button .

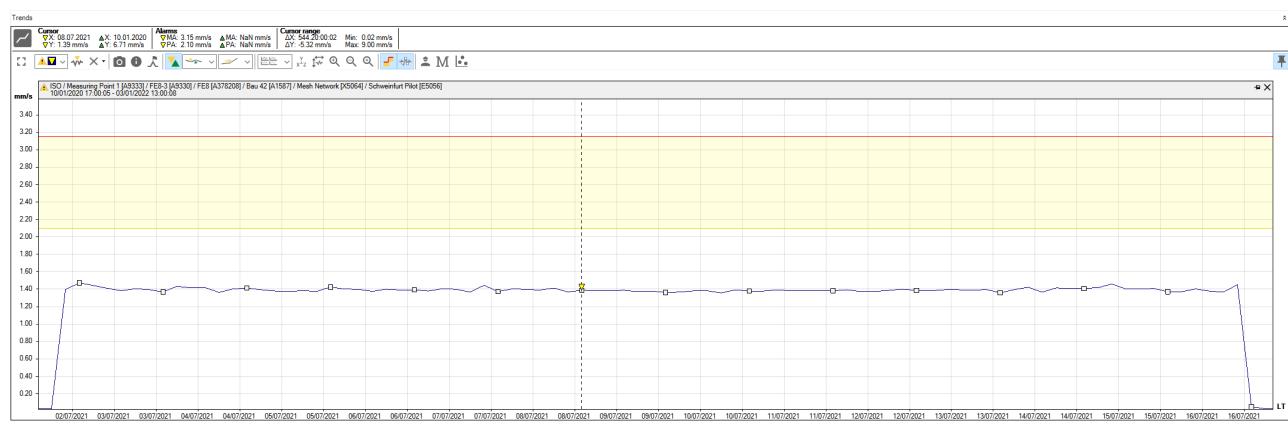
## Open several time signals at the same time (Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer)

1. In the list of **Time signals for the selected characteristic value**, select the time signals that you would like to load into the Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer.  
You have the following options:
  - Shift + click: Selects all the time signals that are located in the list between the first and second clicks.
  - CTRL + click: Adds each clicked time signal to the previous selection.
2. All the selected signals are displayed in the Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer:

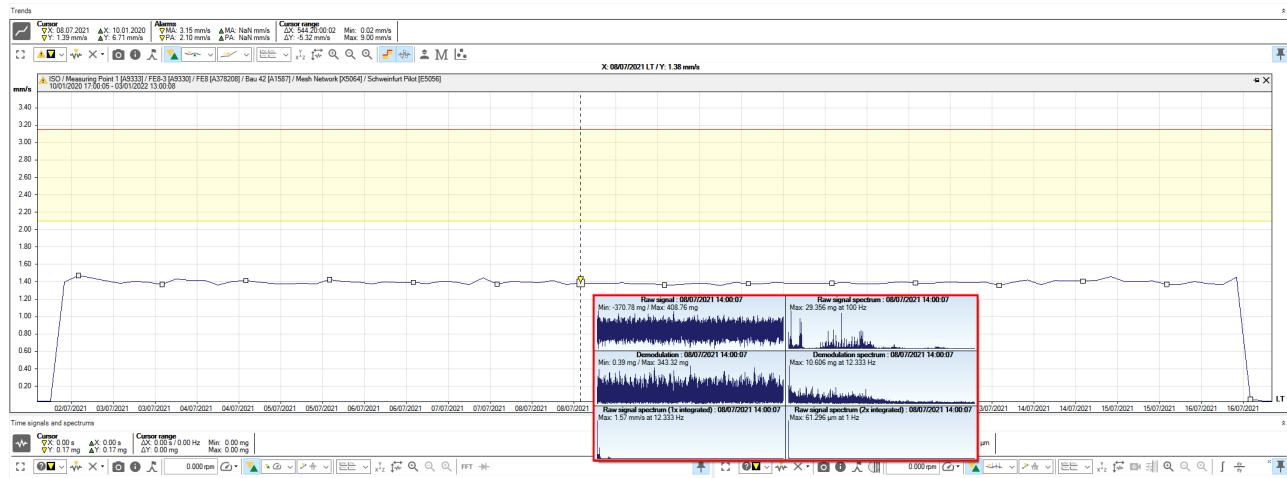


## Open time signals from the Trend Viewer (Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer)

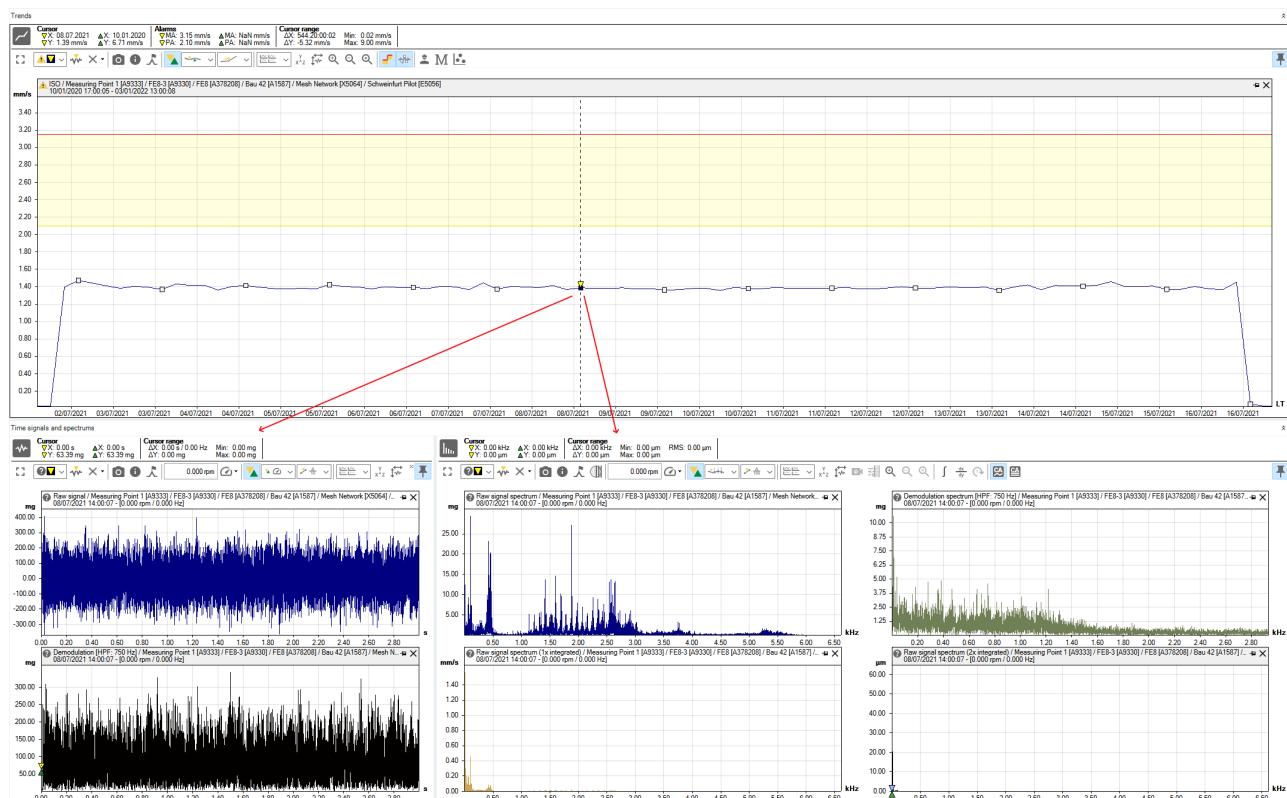
1. Show the time signal marker in the Trend Viewer. To do so, use the  button in the toolbar:



2. Click within the Viewer and move the mouse over a time signal marker to see a preview of the diagram and to make it easier to select the required time signal:



3. Double click on the time signal marker to load the associated diagram in the Time Signal and Spectrum Viewer:



The default symbol for the time signal marker is a box; however you can define a different symbol under **Settings > Symbols** [89] in the context menu for the Viewer.

## Open spectrum from the Time Signal Viewer (Spectrum Viewer)

You can create a spectrum in the Spectrum Viewer directly from within the Time Signal Viewer and specify your own settings, e.g. for windowing. To do so, use the function **Calculate spectrum** [79] in the toolbar for the Time Signal Viewer.

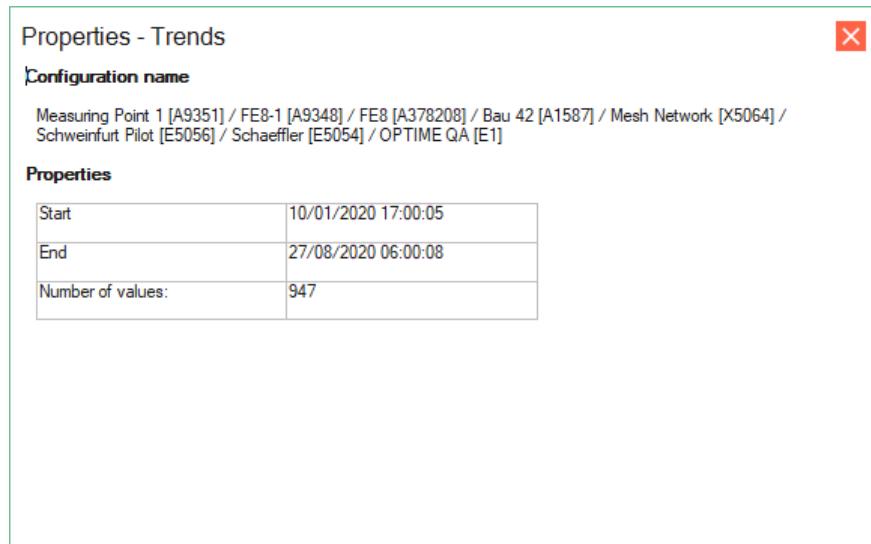
## Remove data from the viewers

You have several options to remove data from the viewers:

- You can deselect a characteristic value in the device overview. As a result, the associated trend will be removed from the Trend Viewer.
- You can deselect a time signal in the list of time signals for the selected characteristic value. As a result, the associated signals will be removed from the Time Signal Viewer and the Spectrum Viewer.
- In the toolbar for each viewer, using the  button you will find functions which you can use to remove certain signals from the diagram. More details on this can be found in the **Viewer and diagram**  section.
- In the title bar to the right of each diagram, you will find the  button that you can use to close the diagram.

#### 5.3.4.3 Show signal properties

If you click on  in the toolbar, a dialogue box opens with an overview of the most important properties of the active signal:



Here you will find, for instance, the name of the configuration and measurement, the time stamp and the sample rate. For trend, you will also find details of the start and end timepoint for the data set.

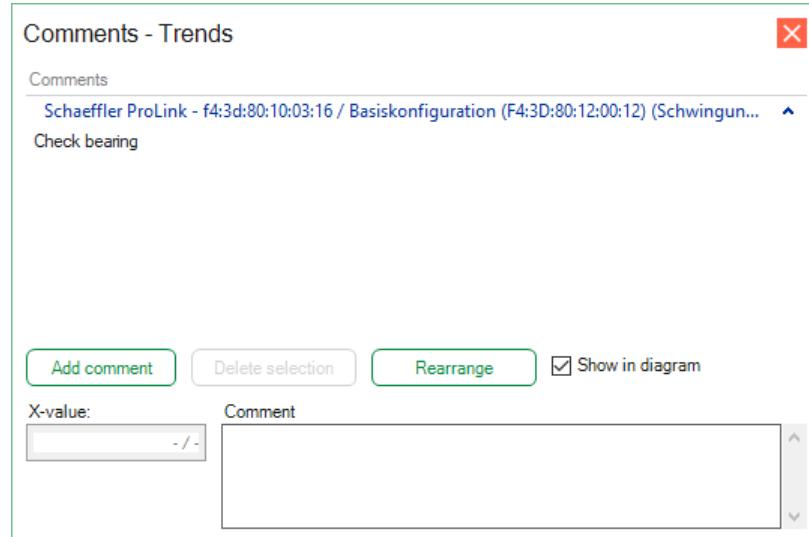
You can select these details, use **CTRL+C** to copy them to the clipboard and then use **CTRL+V** to paste them into a Word document, for instance.



When the **histogram** chart view is active, the **Properties - Trends** dialogue box will display detailed information about the histogram .

#### 5.3.4.4 Adding/editing comments

If you click on  in the toolbar, a dialogue box opens with an overview of all the comments that exist for the currently loaded signals in this Viewer. You can also add comments to the active signal and determine whether the comments should be displayed in the diagram:



Here you have the following options:

#### Comments

This section contains a list of all the comments relating to the currently loaded data in the Viewer. Here you have the following options:

- The data, for which comments already exist, can be found in this list in each case as a blue heading. Below this heading, i.e. below the data name, you will find the appropriate comments.
- You can click on comments to select them, for instance if you want to delete them. Selected comments are highlighted in colour.
- Every new comment has its own line.
- You can select longer comments to read by clicking on the comment. The entire comment text then appears in the field labelled **Comment text** and can be edited there.
- You can remove the comments from the data by clicking on the arrow to the right ^, the comments reappear by clicking again.

#### Add comment

Click this button to create a new comment for the active data. When the option **Show in diagram** is activated, the comment window in the diagram is automatically attached to the X position of the base cursor. You can then enter your text into the field labelled **Comment text** and, where indicated, change the position of the comment ↕ in the diagram.

#### Delete selection

Click this button to delete the selected comments.

Click on a comment to select it. To select multiple comments, press and hold **CTRL** and click on the comments you want to select.

#### Rearrange

Click this button to automatically arrange comments so that all of them are visible in the diagram. This can be useful if, for example,

- numerous comments are stacked on top of each other and some of them are not visible;
- if you switch the viewer from full screen mode back to integrated mode; this can cause comments to disappear from the significantly smaller area.

#### Show in diagram

Activate this option to display all of the comments in the diagram.

#### X value

You can edit this field as soon as you have selected a comment or have clicked on the **New comment** button.

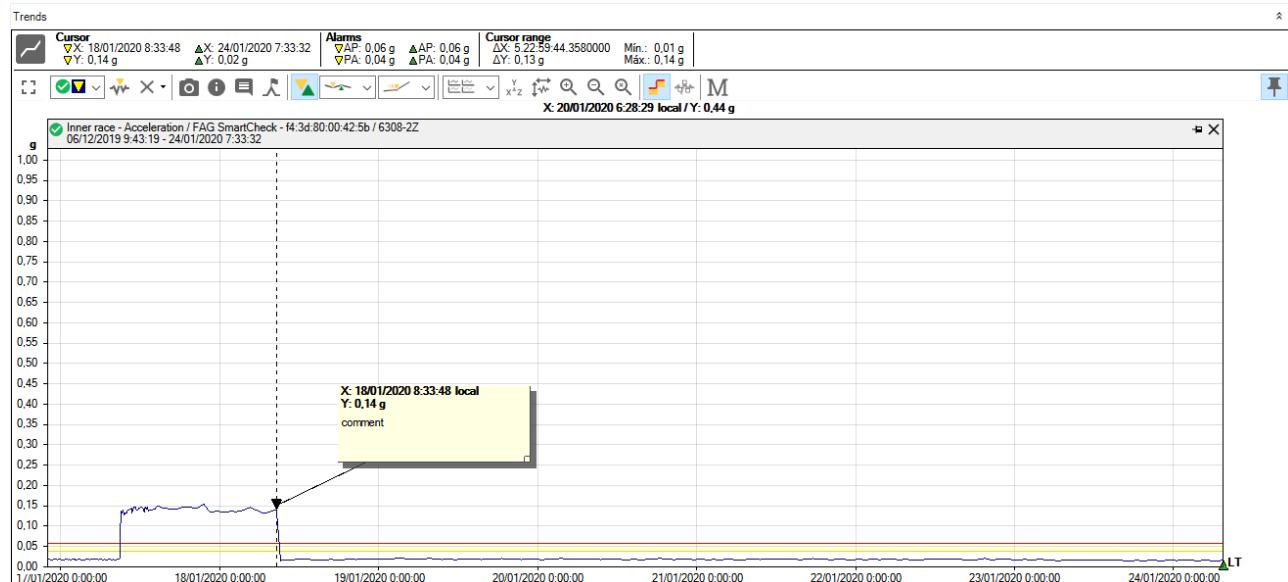
You can directly input the X position for the new/selected comment here. The peak formed by the data at the X position automatically becomes the Y position of the comment.

#### Comment text

You can edit this field as soon as you have selected a comment or have clicked on the **New comment** button.

Enter the new comment here or edit the text of an existing comment.

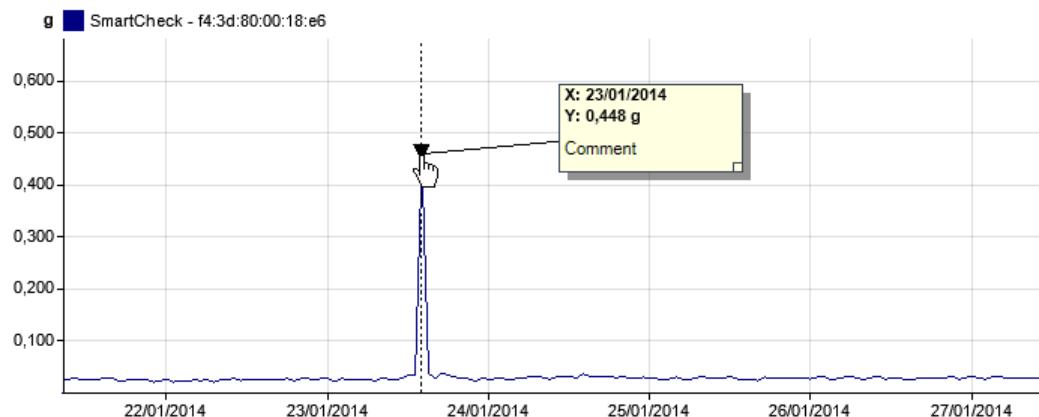
Once you have entered and positioned your comments, the Viewer will look something like the following illustration; in addition to the text that you entered under **Comment text**, the comment box also contains the X and Y coordinates at which the comment is fixed:



### Positioning comments

You have various options to influence the position of a comment:

- Before creating a comment, position the base cursor at the X coordinate where you want to pin the comment.
- Enter the X coordinates where you want to pin the comment into the field **X[s]**.
- Move the mouse over the black fixation triangle of an existing comment; when the pointer changes into a hand symbol, press and hold the left mouse button and drag the fixation point to the desired position:



Arranging comments automatically via the **Rearrange** function only changes the position of the comment box; it does not change the fixation point.

#### 5.3.4.5 Show highest peaks

If you click on in the toolbar, a dialogue box opens. Here you will find a table with the highest peaks for the active signal:

Highest peaks - Time signals X

Highest peaks:    Mark peaks  Show peaks of all visible signals

**Raw signal:** 04/06/2022 14:00:11 - Measuring Point 1 [A1611] / Testrig [A1608] / Testrig (glued) [A1596] / Bau 42 [A1587] / Mesh Network [X5064] / Schweinfurt Pilot [E5056] / Schaeffler [E5054] / OPTIME QA [E1] - [0.000 rpm / 0.000 Hz]

**Highest peaks:**

Description	X [s]	Y [mg]
1. peak	2.757	18.297
2. peak	2.313	16.832
3. peak	2.474	16.100
4. peak	2.229	15.977
5. peak	1.912	15.916
6. peak	2.761	15.794
7. peak	2.442	15.733
8. peak	2.470	15.367
9. peak	2.139	15.062
10. peak	1.596	15.062

Here you have the following options:

- **Highest peaks:** Determine how many peaks in total should be calculated.
- **Mark peaks:** Activate this option to show the peaks in the diagram. If you do not activate this tickbox, the peaks will only be listed in tabular form.
- **Show peaks of all visible signals:** Activate this option to determine the peaks not only for the active signal/spectrum, but also for all of the signals/spectrums that are selected in the **Time signals for the selected characteristic value** <sup>31</sup> list. The peaks are then listed in tables; the name of the corresponding signal or spectrum is shown in the header of each table. If you have activated the **Mark peaks** option, you will also see all of the peaks displayed in the diagram.

You can select the table(s), use **CTRL+C** to copy them to the clipboard and then use **CTRL+V** to paste them into a Word document, for instance.



You can define the symbol by which the peaks are denoted in the diagram under Symbol settings <sup>89</sup>. To do so, open the context menu for the viewer <sup>23</sup> and select the **Settings** command. In the **Settings** dialogue box, under **Cursor** you can use the **Other** option to change the shape and colour. Whatever you create here will appear as the symbol for peaks in the diagram.

#### 5.3.4.6 Show frequency bands (Spectrum only)

The **Show bearing database/frequency bands** function  is only available in the toolbar for the Spectrum Viewer. It opens a dialogue box, in which you will find information about frequency bands and bearings of the loaded spectrums:

## Frequency bands



Active signal  All signals Bearing in measurement jobs All bearings Bearing favourites

### Name of characteristic value

- 12/08/2015 6:20:13 - Motor - f4:3d:80:00:13:15 / DE\_6048 / Roller element - Acceleration - [0.000 rpm / 0.000 Hz]
  - FAG / 6048-M
    - 2xBF: 0.000 Hz (8,095)
    - BPFI: 0.000 Hz (8,413)
    - BPFO: 0.000 Hz (6,587)
    - BSF: 0.000 Hz (4,047)
    - FTFSI: 0.000 Hz (0,561)
    - FTFSO: 0.000 Hz (0,439)
  - Inner race - Acceleration
    - Ventana 1: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (7,042 - 9,883)
    - Ventana 2: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (15,034 - 18,717)
    - Ventana 3: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (23,026 - 27,550)
    - Ventana 4: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (31,019 - 36,384)
    - Ventana 5: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (39,011 - 45,217)
    - Ventana 6: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (47,003 - 54,051)
  - Outer race - Acceleration
    - Ventana 1: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (6,258 - 6,917)
    - Ventana 2: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (12,516 - 13,833)
    - Ventana 3: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (18,774 - 20,750)
    - Ventana 4: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (25,031 - 27,666)
    - Ventana 5: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (31,289 - 34,583)
    - Ventana 6: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (37,547 - 41,499)
  - Roller element - Acceleration
    - Ventana 1: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (7,273 - 8,961)
    - Ventana 2: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (14,963 - 17,460)
    - Ventana 3: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (22,653 - 25,960)
    - Ventana 4: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (30,343 - 34,459)
    - Ventana 5: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (38,033 - 42,959)
    - Ventana 6: 0.000 Hz - 0.000 Hz (45,723 - 51,458)

Here you have the following options:

### Tabs

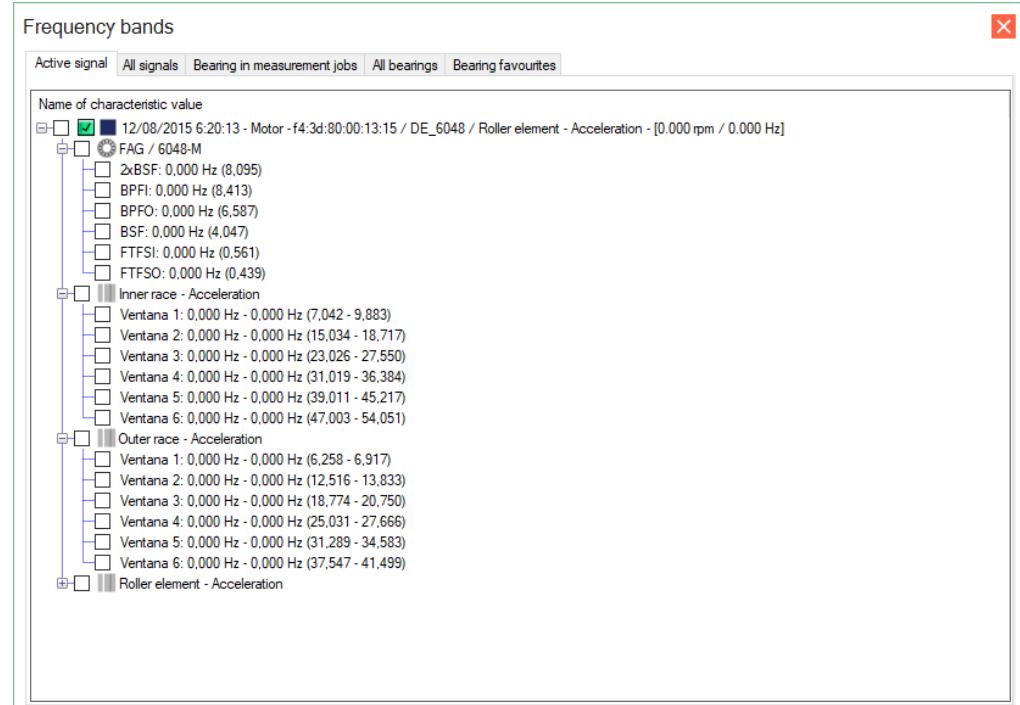
Use these tabs to select which frequency bands you want to have in the selection.

For details on the different display options, see **Active signal** <sup>52</sup>, **All signals** <sup>53</sup>, **Bearings in measurement jobs** <sup>54</sup>, **All bearings** <sup>55</sup> and **Favourite bearings** <sup>56</sup>.

For details on the functions for each display option, see **Display functions** <sup>58</sup>.

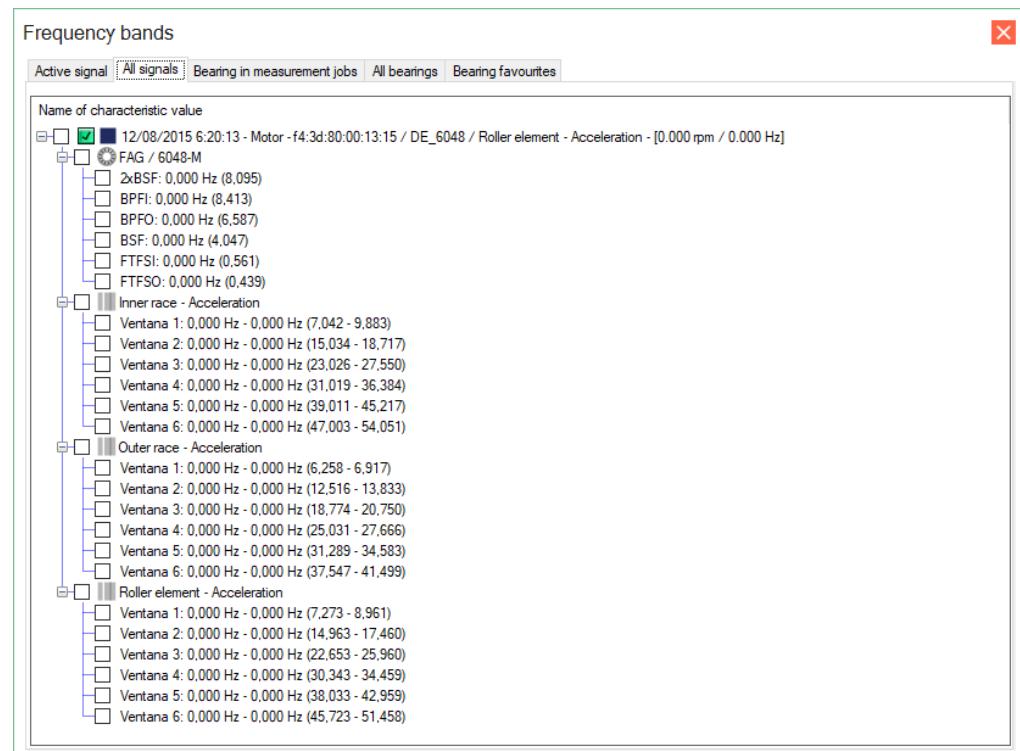
### Active signal (tab)

With this view option you can select from the frequency bands for the active spectrum. On the upper level you will find information about the characteristic value, in the level below, the available frequency bands are listed. If the characteristic value was configured with a bearing, you will also find the appropriate information here:



## All signals (tab)

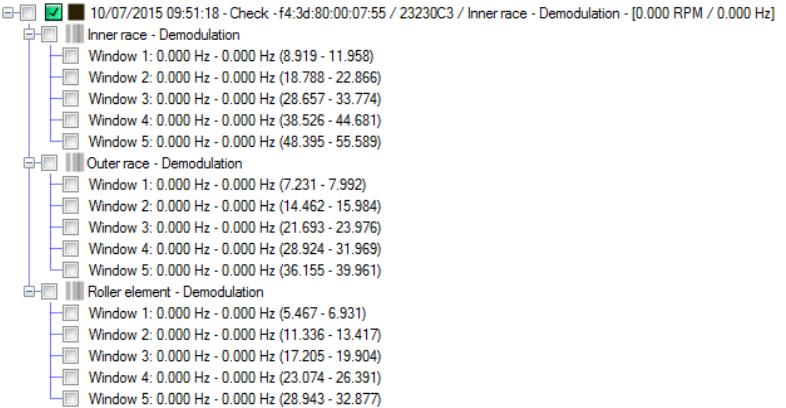
If you have loaded several spectrums in the Spectrum Viewer, you can use this option to select from the frequency bands for all the loaded spectrums. As in the **Active signal** view, you will see the characteristic values on the upper level, and on the level below you will find the appropriate available frequency bands. You will also find bearing information here, if one of the characteristic values was configured with a bearing:





In the **Active signal** and **All signals** tabs, all characteristic values calculated from the selected signal are displayed. This also applies if you have opened the signal for a particular characteristic value.

For example, if you open the trend for one of the envelope characteristic values (e.g. inner ring) for a bearing, then all 3 envelope characteristic values are displayed here, i.e. roller element, inner ring, and outer ring:



### Bearings in measurement jobs (tab)

This view option is independent from the currently active and loaded spectrums. It is always available if one of the loaded Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink devices was configured with a bearing from the bearing database.

If the speed is known, you have the following additional option: The standardised cycling frequencies of the bearing are multiplied by the rotational frequency. This results in cycling frequencies in Hertz, which are displayed in the spectrum.

If you select this option and bearings from the database have been configured, you will see the following list:

Frequency bands

Active signal All signals Bearing in measurement jobs All bearings Bearing favourites

Name of bearing

- FAG / 108-TVH
  - BPFI (6.059)
  - BPFO (3.941)
  - BSF (2.203)
  - 2xBSF (4.405)
  - FTFSI (0.606)
  - FTSFO (0.394)

Bearings

Name of bearing

Normalised kinematic frequencies

BPFI:	- / -	1/s	BPFO:	- / -	1/s
BSF:	- / -	1/s	2xBSF:	- / -	1/s
FTFSI:	- / -	1/s	FTTSFO:	- / -	1/s

You have the following options:

- In the line with the bearing symbol , you will find the name of the relevant bearing.
- Below the line with the bearing symbol , you will find the bearing frequencies, which you can also display in the diagram. You will find the following bearing frequencies here, in each

case with the calculated frequency in Hertz and the standardised frequency (value in brackets):

- **BPFO:** the abbreviation stands for **Ball Pass Frequency Outer race**, in other words the cycling frequency of the outer race.
- **BPFI:** the abbreviation stands for **Ball Pass Frequency Inner race**, in other words the cycling frequency of the inner race.
- **BSF:** the abbreviation stands for **Ball Spin Frequency**, in other words the rotation frequency of the roller element.
- **FTF:** the abbreviation stands for **Fundamental Train Frequency**.
- **FTFSO:** the abbreviation stands for **Fundamental Train Frequency Standing Outer race**, in other words the fundamental train frequency where the outer race is stationary.
- **FTFSI:** the abbreviation stands for **Fundamental Train Frequency Standing Inner race**, in other words the fundamental train frequency where the inner race is stationary.
- To the right of the list of bearings, an overview of the currently selected bearings is displayed. The overview contains all details of the **normalised kinematic frequencies**. The following symbols are also displayed:
  - : This symbol indicates that the selected bearing belongs to your favourite bearings.
  - : This symbol indicates that the selected bearing is write-protected and cannot be edited. This applies for all bearings contained in the bearing database on delivery.
  - : This symbol indicates that the selected bearing can be edited. This applies for all bearing copies and for bearings that you have created yourself.
  - : Click on this button below the list of bearings to add the currently selected bearing to the **favourite bearings**.

## All bearings (Tab)

In this view option, you will find a list of all bearings in the database. You can display the frequencies for all bearings in the database. For example, if you have a measurement job for a specific bearing, but a different bearing is actually installed, you can search for this bearing here and select it.

The screenshot shows the 'Frequency bands' dialog box. At the top, there are tabs: Active signal, All signals, Bearing in measurement jobs, All bearings (which is selected), and Bearing favourites. Below the tabs are filters for Manufacturer (set to All) and a Search criterion for bearing field. The main area displays a list of bearings under 'Name of bearing', each with a checkbox and a small icon. To the right, there's a summary table for 'Bearings' showing Normalised kinematic frequencies for BPFI, BSF, FTFSI, BPFO, 2xBSF, and FTFSO. At the bottom are several icons: a star for favourites, a green plus for new, a cross for delete, a pencil for edit, and a minus for close.

Name of bearing	BPFI: - / - 1/s	BPFO: - / - 1/s
FAG / 108-TVH		
FAG / 11204-TVH		
FAG / 11206-TVH		
FAG / 11207-TVH		
FAG / 11208-TVH		
FAG / 11209-TVH		
FAG / 11210-TVH		
FAG / 11211-TVH		
FAG / 11212-TVH		
FAG / 1200-TVH		
FAG / 1201-TVH		
FAG / 1202-TVH		
FAG / 1203-TVH		
FAG / 1204K-TVH-C3		
FAG / 1204K-TVH-C3+H		
FAG / 1204-TVH		
FAG / 1205K-TVH-C3		
FAG / 1205K-TVH-C3+H		
FAG / 1205-TVH		
FAG / 1206K-TVH-C3		

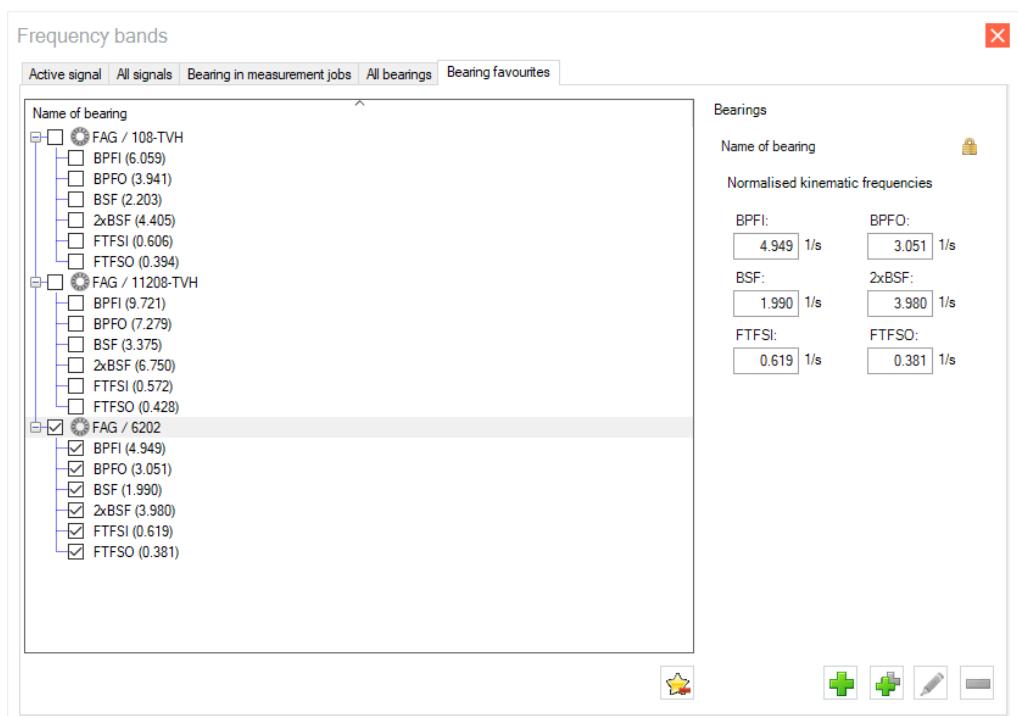
You have the following options:

- **Manufacturer:** Select the manufacturer of the required bearing to filter the list of all bearings by manufacturer.
- **Search criteria for bearings:** You can search for bearings by name in the database. To do so, enter the name in this field. Here you have the following options:

- Search criteria that you have previously used are available in the selection box.
  - The placeholder \* stands for any character string.
  - The placeholder ? stands for any single character.
  - Upper/lower case must be observed.
-  : Click on this button or use the input key to filter by **Manufacturer** and **Search criteria for bearings**.
- As with the **Bearings in measurement jobs** view, the list of bearings contains the names of the relevant bearings on the top level, and the level below shows the bearing frequencies that you can display in the diagram. Select the frequencies that you want to display with a tickbox.
-  : Click on this button below the list of bearings to add the currently selected bearing to the **favourite bearings**.
- As with the view **Bearings in measurement jobs**, to the right of the list, an overview of currently selected bearings<sup>51</sup> is displayed.
  - Use the buttons below the bearing overview for your bearing management<sup>56</sup>.

### Bearing favourites (Tab)

In this view option, you can see all bearings that you have marked as favourites using the  button. This list provides you with quick access to frequently used bearings.



Name of bearing	Normalised kinematic frequencies
BPFI:	BPFO: 3.051 1/s
4.949 1/s	
BSF:	2xBSF: 3.980 1/s
1.990 1/s	
FTFSI:	FTFSO: 0.381 1/s
0.619 1/s	

You have the following options:

- **Display bearing frequencies:** As with the **Bearings in measurement jobs** view, this list contains the names of the relevant bearings on the top level, and the level below shows the bearing frequencies that you can display in the diagram. Select the frequencies that you want to display with a tickbox.
-  : Click on this button below the list of bearings to delete the currently selected bearing from the list of favourites.
- As with the view **Bearings in measurement jobs**, to the right of the list, an overview of currently selected bearings<sup>51</sup> is displayed.
  - Use the buttons below the bearing overview for your bearing management<sup>56</sup>.

### Bearing management

On the **All bearings** and **Favourite bearings** tabs, the functions that you can use to manage your bearings are shown below the bearing overview:



### Add bearing

Click on to add a new bearing for analysis in the Viewer software. The **Add bearing** dialogue is displayed:

**Lager hinzufügen**

Bearings

Manufacturer: FAG

Name:

Normalised kinematic frequencies

BPFI:	0.000 1/s	BPFO:	0.000 1/s
BSF:	0.000 1/s	FTFSI:	0.000 1/s
FTFSO:	0.000 1/s		

Verify

Help OK Cancel

In this dialogue, enter the **Manufacturer** and **Name** of the bearing. You can change the list of manufacturers with the following buttons:

- : Click on this button to add a new manufacturer name to the list.
- : Click on this button to edit the currently selected manufacturer name. You can only edit manufacturer names that you have added yourself, and for which you have not yet created a bearing.
- : Click on this button to delete the selected manufacturer name. You can only delete manufacturer names that you have added yourself and for which you have not yet created any bearings.

The specifications for the **normalised kinematic frequencies** are important for the correct calculation of bearing damage frequencies and thus for the reliable monitoring of this component. You can find the corresponding information on **BPFI**, **BPFO**, **BSF** and **FTF** in the technical data of the bearing. Click on the **Check** button to check your specifications against the minimum requirements.

### Copy bearing

Click on to create a copy of the selected bearing. You can edit and delete copies of bearings.

### Edit bearing

Click on to edit the currently selected bearing. The **Edit bearing** dialogue is displayed. The same options are available here as in the **Add bearing** dialogue.

### Delete bearing

---

Click on  to delete the selected bearing. You can only delete bearings that you have added or created as a copy yourself.



Your bearing-specific information, including the bearing name, in the **Add bearing** dialogue box is continuously validated. If the bearing name already exists or your information is not correct, this is indicated in the input fields.

#### Display functions

Irrespective of the current display option, you have the following editing options:

##### Sort list:

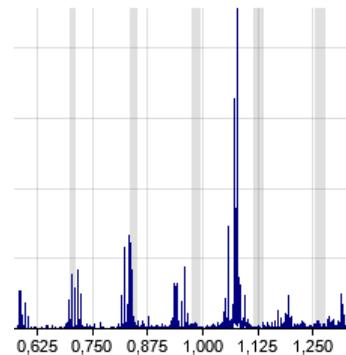
Click on the column header of the list, for example, **Name of bearing** to reverse the sort order.

##### Show preview:

If you move the mouse over an entry in the list, the associated frequency band or the bearing frequency is displayed as a preview in the diagram.

##### Show frequency band/bearing frequency:

- Activate a characteristic value or a bearing, in order to show all the associated frequency bands or bearing frequencies.
- You can also add or remove a checkmark against individual frequency bands or bearing frequencies to show them or remove them again.
- Frequency bands or bearing frequencies are highlighted in colour in the diagram:



- A maximum of 10 bearing frequencies  can be displayed.
- If you remove a device with bearing configuration in the Viewer software from the device overview, the associated bearing information remains in the software. It is therefore possible that bearing frequencies are displayed for a device that is no longer loaded.
- Expert knowledge is required to use the **Bearings** view correctly.

#### 5.3.4.7 Set speed/frequency

If you click  in the toolbar, a menu opens with the following options:

- Apply cursor value:** The speed value calculated from the cursor position is applied to the loaded signals. For the time signal, the distance between the base cursor and measure cursor is used. For the spectrum, the value is calculated from the position of the base cursor. The keyboard shortcut for this function is **CTRL + SHIFT + T**
- Apply value to loaded signals:** The speed value of the active signal (identified with a yellow triangle) is applied to all the signals currently loaded in the Viewer.
- Reset the value of the active signal:** This command resets the speed/frequency for the active signal to the original value.

- **Reset values for all signals:** This command resets the speed/frequency for all signals loaded in the Viewer to the original value.
- **RPM:** Activate this option if you want to specify the speed in **rpm**.
- **Hz:** Activate this option if you want to specify the rotational frequency in **Hz**.

### 5.3.4.8 Cursor setting

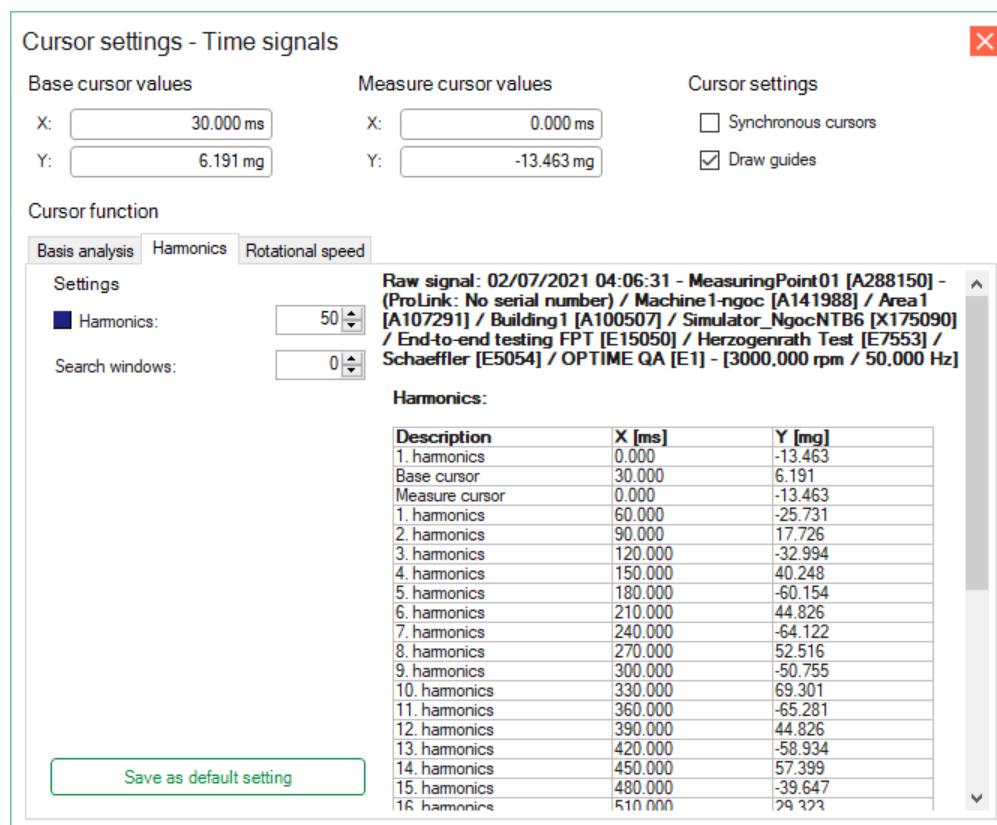
If you click on  in the toolbar, a menu opens, in which you can select the required cursor function . In addition, you can open the **Cursor settings** dialogue box from this menu. The **Cursor settings** dialogue box has many options designed to help you use the base and measure cursors and the associated cursor functions .

Use the **base cursor** to define the base value for your analysis. In the Spectrum Viewer, for instance, this would be the base frequency you want to determine the harmonics for; you can set the base cursor to a specific time point in the time signal and apply the desired cursor function from then on.

The **measure cursor** is used together with the base cursor to measure and define areas in which the specific cursor functions are then carried out.

The dialogue box is split into two areas:

- In the upper section you will find general settings, which apply for each selected cursor function.
- In the lower section **Cursor function** you will find the tabs for the individual cursor functions and can configure additional settings for each function. By default, you will see the cursor function that is currently selected here:



You have the following options in the area for general settings:

#### Base cursor or measure cursor values

These fields show the current position of each cursor on the X and Y axis. Click inside a field to enter a value and directly change the cursor's position.

#### Cursor settings

##### Synchronous cursors

Activate this option to carry out your selected cursor actions - for instance, positioning the base cursor or applying cursor functions - for all loaded signals. If the checkbox is deactivated, your cursor functions will only be executed for the active signal .

##### Draw guides

Activate this option to show vertical guides at the cursor position in the diagram in addition to the cursor symbols. The guides for base cursor and

measure cursor are dashed; those for cursor functions are solid.

If the checkbox is deactivated, you will only see the cursor symbols in the diagram.



If you deactivate the **Draw guides** option, the guides of the currently active signals remain visible. Only the guides of the inactive signals disappear.

In the **Cursor function** area, your options depend on which function is currently selected. Selecting a tab in the **Cursor function** area determines the cursor function. You can then configure additional settings for this cursor function and use the **Save as presetting** button to set these settings to apply by default.

The availability of tabs depends on which Viewer is active. You will find detailed information on individual sub-tabs in the corresponding section:

- **Basis analysis**
- **Harmonics**
- **Sidebands (Spectrum only)**
- **Harmonics with sidebands (Spectrum only)**
- **Gear mesh (Spectrum only)**
- **Speed**



The only cursor function available for the Trend Viewer is **basis analysis**.

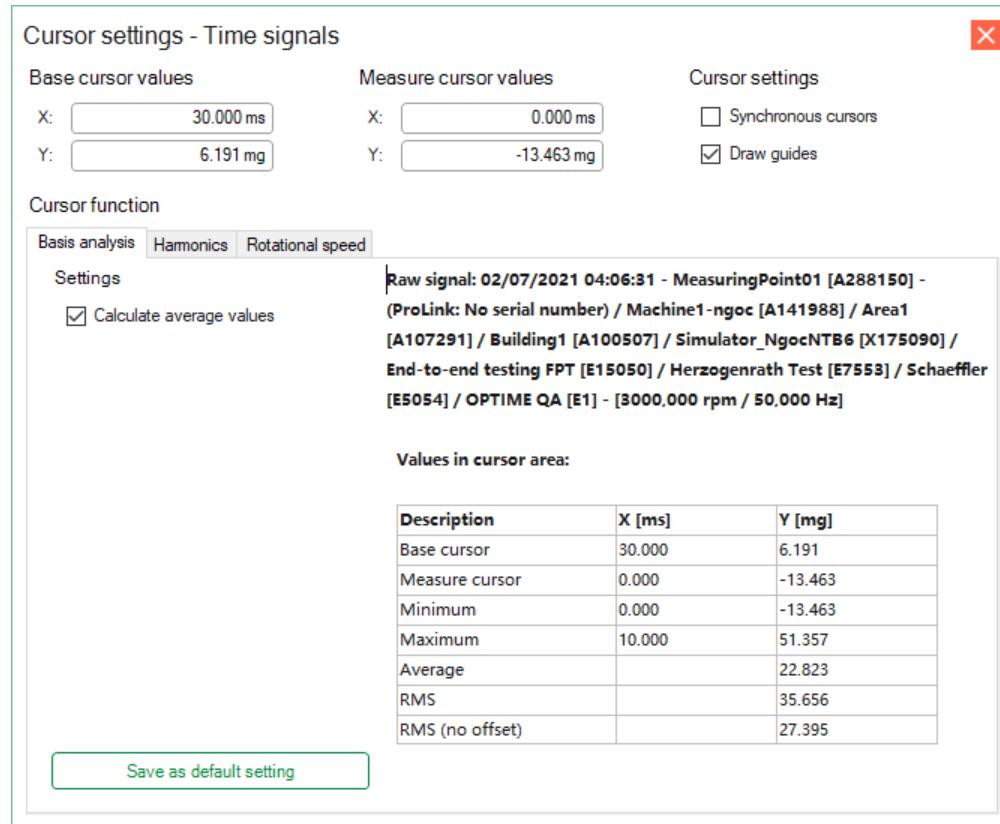
#### 5.3.4.8.1 Basis analysis

The basis analysis is the basic cursor function set by default when the program starts. The scope of this function allows you to view the position values for the base cursor and measure cursor , as well as the minimum and maximum measurement values of the difference range. In the Trend Viewer, for instance, the delta of the Y values and the scatter of minimum and maximum values are used as an initial interference diagnosis.

You can also activate the calculation of average values; this is of particular interest with regard to the manual calculation of characteristic values in the Spectrum Viewer.

##### Basis analysis tab

You will find the **Basis analysis** tab in the **Cursor settings** dialogue box under **Select cursor function**:



Here you have the following options:

#### Calculate average values

If you activate the **Calculate average values** option, the table will be adjusted automatically and the values calculated for the **average value**, **RMS** (root mean square) and **RMS (no offset)** will be added to the table:

Raw signal: 02/07/2021 04:06:31 - MeasuringPoint01 [A288150] -  
(ProLink: No serial number) / Machine1-ncog [A141988] / Area1  
[A107291] / Building1 [A100507] / Simulator\_NgocNTB6 [X175090] /  
End-to-end testing FPT [E15050] / Herzogenrath Test [E7553] / Schaeffler  
[E5054] / OPTIME QA [E1] - [3000,000 rpm / 50,000 Hz]

Values in cursor area:

Description	X [ms]	Y [mg]
Base cursor	30.000	6.191
Measure cursor	0.000	-13.463
Minimum	0.000	-13.463
Maximum	10.000	51.357
Average		22.823
RMS		35.656
RMS (no offset)		27.395

This option is deactivated by default, as calculating average values can slow down the display in conjunction with extensive measurements.

#### Save as default setting

Click this button to load and apply the settings you have configured by default.

#### Table with values

You can find all the results of the basis analysis in the table. They include:

- Name of the configuration and signal
- Position value of the base cursor
- Position value of the measure cursor
- Minimum and maximum measurement values on the X and Y-axis
- Average values, RMS (root mean square) and RMS (no offset); you will only be able to find these values if you have activated the **Calculate average values** option.

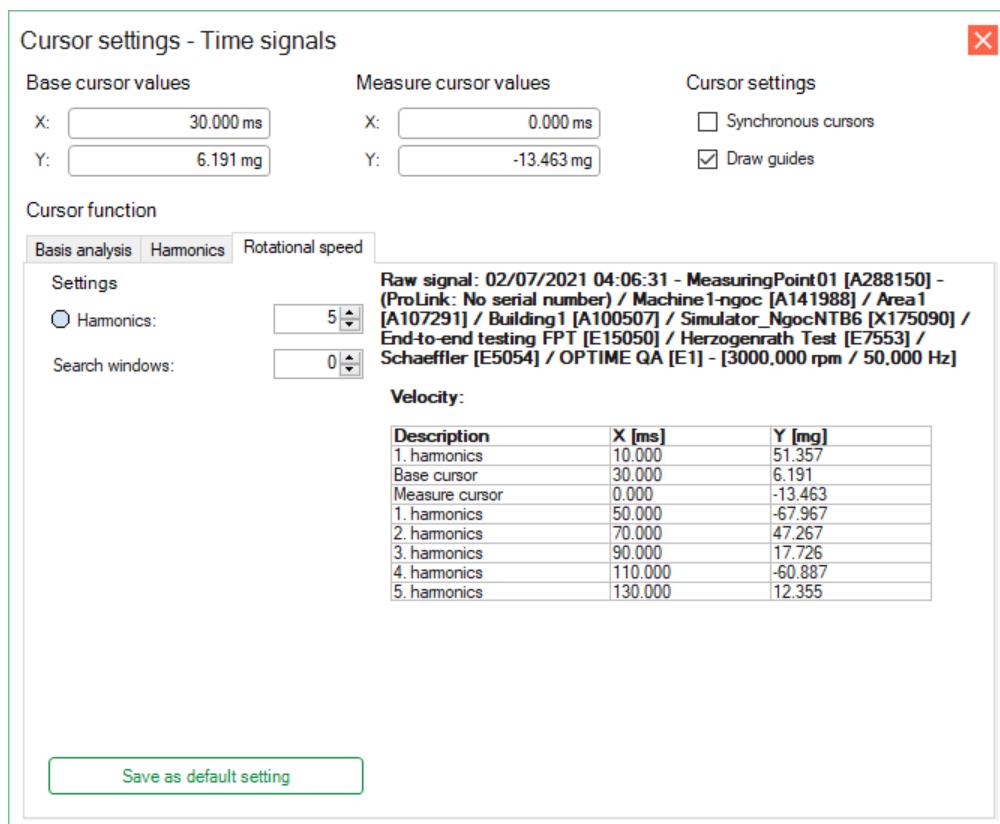
You can select the table - including headers and signal names -, copy it to the clipboard and paste it into a document.

#### 5.3.4.8.2 Speed

You can establish harmonics depending on speed using the cursor function **Speed**. The speed is automatically used as a basis when working with the Spectrum Viewer. When working with the Time Signal Viewer, you will need to select a speed range using the base and measure cursors.

##### Speed tab

You can define cursor function details and view the results of the calculation in the **Speed** tab. You will find the **Speed** tab in the **Cursor settings** dialogue box under **Select cursor function**:



Here you have the following options:

**Harmonics** Enter the maximum number of harmonics, i.e. the integral multiple of the base cursor, to be displayed in the diagram.

**Search windows** The search window you define here refers to the number of measurement values surrounding the calculated value; the search window is used to search for peaks within the number of measurement values. The table on the right will adjust automatically to reflect any changes to values you make here.

**Save as default setting** Click this button to load and apply the settings you have configured by default.

**Table with values** Here you can find the X and Y values for all of the harmonics displayed in the diagram. You can select the table - including headers and signal names -, copy it to the clipboard and paste it into a document.

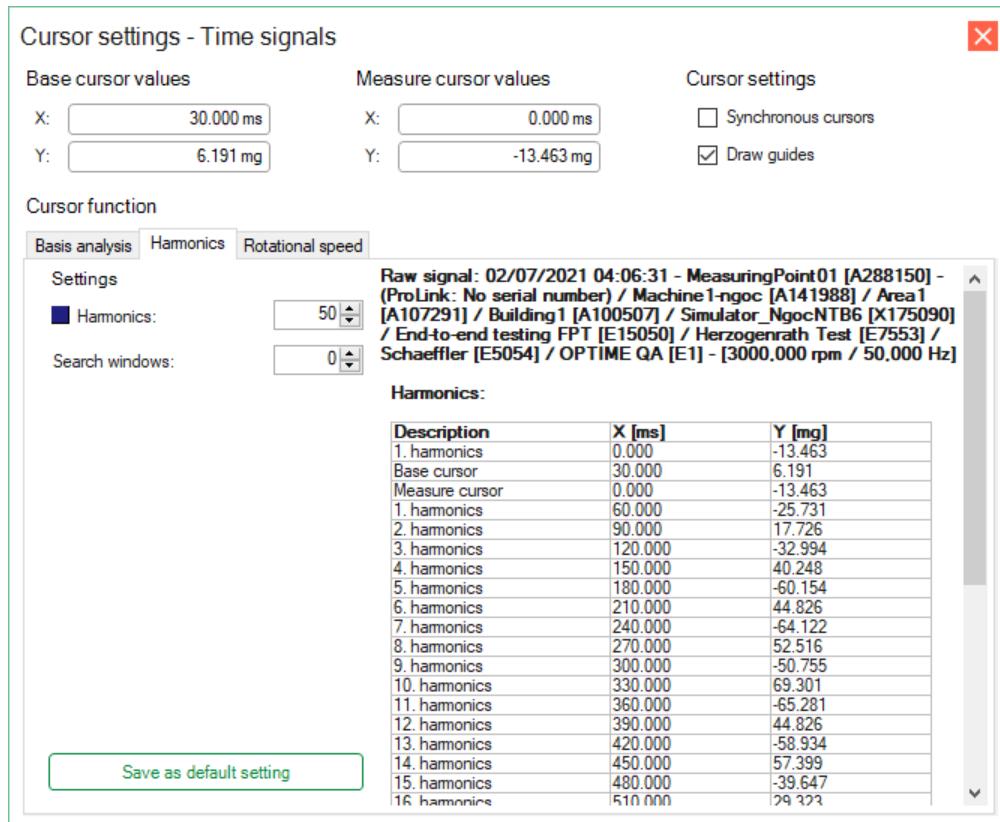
### 5.3.4.8.3 Harmonics

You can use the **Harmonics** cursor function to establish if and where harmonics exist in the diagram; harmonics are the integral multiple of a vibration. The function is particularly suitable for analyses in the Spectrum Viewer, as damage can manifest itself as patterns in the spectrum.

For example, position the base cursor on the suitable frequency in the Spectrum Viewer; the corresponding harmonics appear automatically as a solid line accompanied by the harmonics symbol. You can define the harmonics symbol in the symbol settings<sup>89</sup>; you can access these settings by opening the context menu for the Viewer<sup>23</sup> and then selecting **Settings**.

#### Harmonics tab

You can define cursor function details and view the results of the calculation in the **Harmonics** tab. You will find the **Harmonics** tab in the **Cursor settings** dialogue box under **Select cursor function:**



Here you have the following options:

- Harmonics** Enter the maximum number of harmonics, i.e. the integral multiple of the base cursor, to be displayed in the diagram.
- Subharmonics** Enter the maximum number of subharmonics, i.e. the integral multiple of the base cursor, to be displayed in the diagram.
- Search windows** The search window you define here refers to the number of measurement values surrounding the calculated value; the search window is used to search for peaks within the number of measurement values. The table on the right will adjust automatically to reflect any changes to values you make here.
- Save as default setting** Click this button to load and apply the settings you have configured by default.
- Table with values** Here you can find the X and Y values for all of the subharmonics and harmonics displayed in the diagram.  
You can select the table - including headers and signal names -, copy it to the clipboard and paste it into a document.

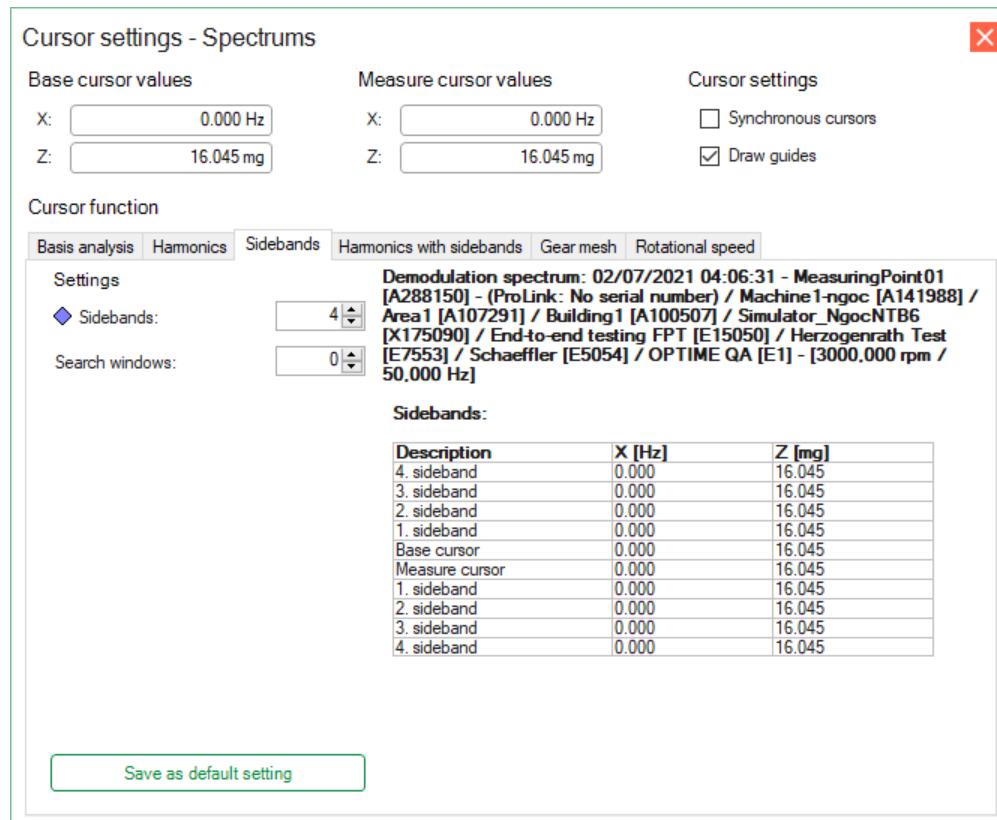
#### 5.3.4.8.4 Sidebands (Spectrum only)

You can use the **Sidebands** cursor function to ascertain other measurement values in sidebands. Sidebands are used, in particular, to detect any damage to the outer race.

Set the base cursor at the desired position in the diagram; the corresponding sidebands are automatically displayed as sideband symbols. You can define the sideband symbol in the symbol settings<sup>89</sup>; you can access these settings by opening the context menu for the Viewer<sup>23</sup> and then selecting **Settings**.

#### Sidebands tab

You can define cursor function details and view the results of the calculation in the **Sidebands** tab. If you are working with the Spectrum Viewer, you will find the **Sidebands** tab in the **Cursor settings** dialogue box under **Select cursor function:**



Here you have the following options:

- Sidebands** Determine the number of sidebands to be calculated for the current base cursor position. The table on the right will adjust automatically to reflect any changes to values you make here.
- Search windows** The search window you define here refers to the number of measurement values surrounding the calculated value; the search window is used to search for peaks within the number of measurement values. The table on the right will adjust automatically to reflect any changes to values you make here.
- Save as default setting** Click this button to load and apply the settings you have configured by default.
- Table with values** Here you can find the X and Y values for all of the sidebands displayed in the diagram. You can select the table - including headers and signal names -, copy it to the clipboard and paste it into a document.

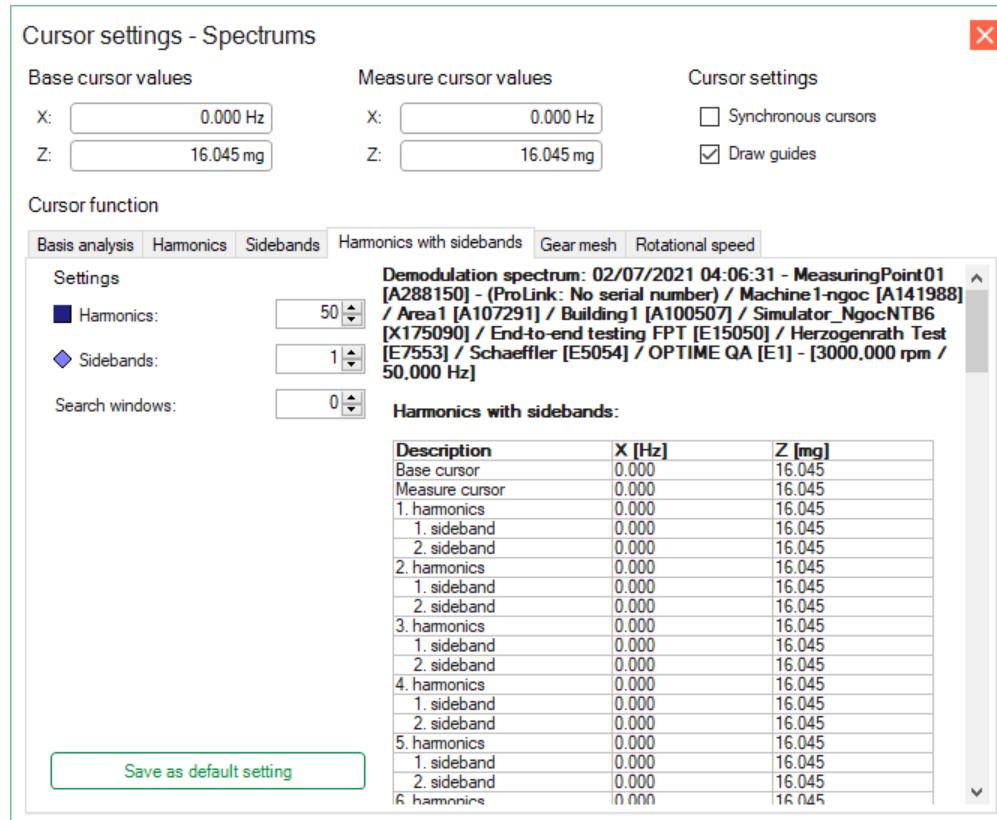
#### 5.3.4.8.5 Harmonics with sidebands (Spectrum only)

The cursor function **Harmonics with sidebands** combines the two cursor functions **Harmonics** and **Sidebands**. You can therefore ascertain the harmonics and sidebands simultaneously for the position of the base cursor.

To do so, position the base cursor at the desired location in the diagram; the corresponding harmonics and sidebands are automatically displayed as a solid line and appear together with the corresponding cursor symbols. You can define the cursor symbols in symbol settings<sup>189</sup>; to access these settings, open the context menu for the Viewer<sup>23</sup> and select **Settings**.

### Harmonics with sidebands tab

You can define cursor function details and view the results of the calculation in the **Harmonics with sidebands** tab. If you are working with the Spectrum Viewer, you will find the **Harmonics with sidebands** tab in the **Cursor settings** dialogue box under **Select cursor function**:



Here you have the following options:

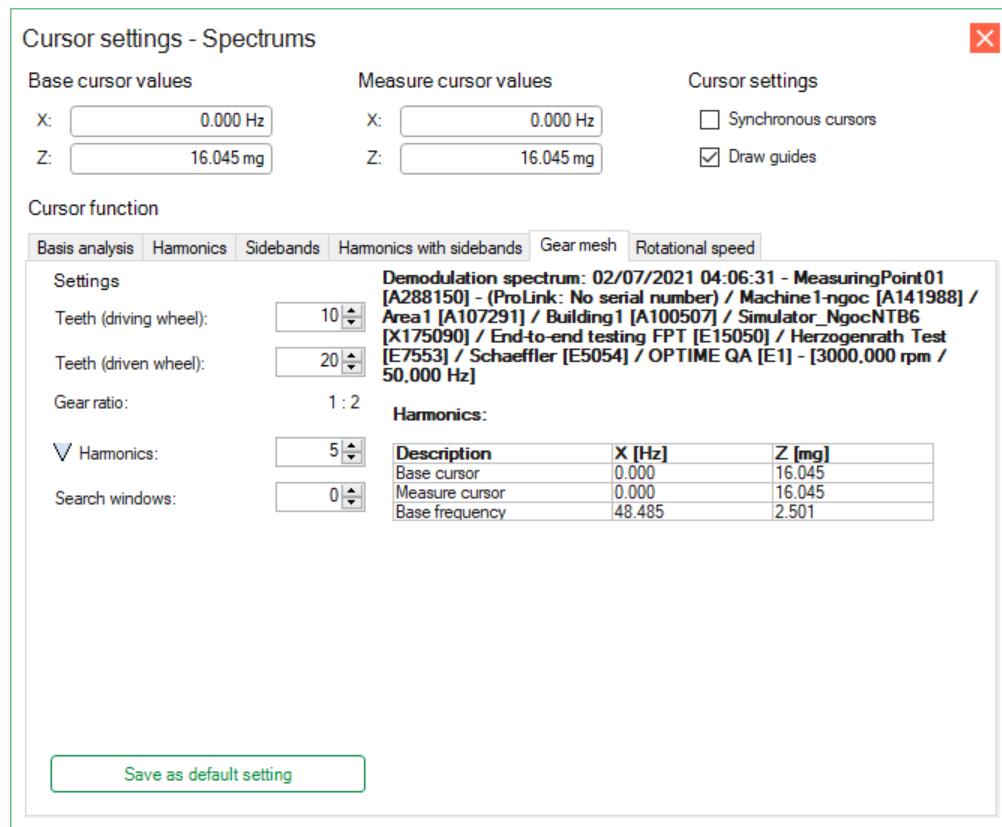
- Harmonics** Enter the maximum number of harmonics, i.e. the integral multiple of the base cursor, to be displayed in the diagram.
- Sidebands** Determine the number of sidebands to be calculated for the current base cursor position. The table on the right will adjust automatically to reflect any changes to values you make here.
- Search windows** The search window you define here refers to the number of measurement values surrounding the calculated value; the search window is used to search for peaks within the number of measurement values. The table on the right will adjust automatically to reflect any changes to values you make here.
- Save as default setting** Click this button to load and apply the settings you have configured by default.
- Table with values** Here you can find the X and Y values for all of the harmonics and sidebands displayed in the diagram.  
You can select the table - including headers and signal names -, copy it to the clipboard and paste it into a document.

#### 5.3.4.8.6 Gear mesh (Spectrum only)

The **Gear mesh** cursor function is available for gear systems with multiple gears: It allows you to search for gear mesh frequencies depending on the speed.

### Gear mesh tab

You can define cursor function details and view the results of the calculation in the **Gear mesh** tab. If you are working with the Spectrum Viewer, you will find the **Gear mesh** tab in the **Cursor settings** dialogue box under **Select cursor function:**



Here you have the following options:

- Teeth (driving wheel)** Enter the number of teeth for the pinion.
- Teeth (driven wheel)** Enter the number of teeth for the pinion.
- Gear ratio** This value is calculated automatically from the information entered for **Teeth (driving wheel)** and **Teeth (driven wheel)**.
- Harmonics** Enter the maximum number of harmonics, i.e. the integral multiple of the base cursor, to be displayed in the diagram.
- Search windows** The search window you define here refers to the number of measurement values surrounding the calculated value; the search window is used to search for peaks within the number of measurement values. The table on the right will adjust automatically to reflect any changes to values you make here.
- Save as default setting** Click this button to load and apply the settings you have configured by default.
- Table with values** Here you can find the X and Y values for all of the harmonics and sidebands displayed in the diagram.  
You can select the table - including headers and signal names -, copy it to the clipboard and paste it into a document.

#### 5.3.4.9 Position cursor

If you click on  in the toolbar, a list will open, from which you can select a positioning option for the cursor. These options assist you in positioning the base cursor in the diagram precisely. This function can also be used to identify a peak. Here you have the following options:

- **Free:** The cursor position is determined based on pixel coordinates and is freely selectable, even between two measurement values.
- **Next sample:** The base cursor is set to the next measurement value.
- **Nearest peak:** The base cursor is placed at the next peak.
- **Tenths:** The area between two measurement values on the X-axis is divided into tenths; the base cursor is placed at the nearest tenth.
- **Hundredths:** The area between two measurement values on the X-axis is divided into hundredths; the base cursor is set to the nearest hundredth.



- If you click in the diagram, the cursor always moves to the nearest peak, irrespective of the setting you make here. Precise positioning, in line with the options in this list, occurs by dragging the base cursor. Move the mouse over the base cursor until you see the double-headed arrow:



Click and drag the base cursor to the required position. The interim steps when pulling are defined by the selected positioning option.

- You can show/hide the cursor by clicking on the toolbar.
- You can also move cursors using the keyboard .

#### 5.3.4.10 Select diagram view

If you click in the toolbar, a list opens in which you can select how the diagram should be displayed in the active Viewer. To do so, select the appropriate option from the selection list. The available options depend on the active viewer. You will find detailed information on individual options in the corresponding section:

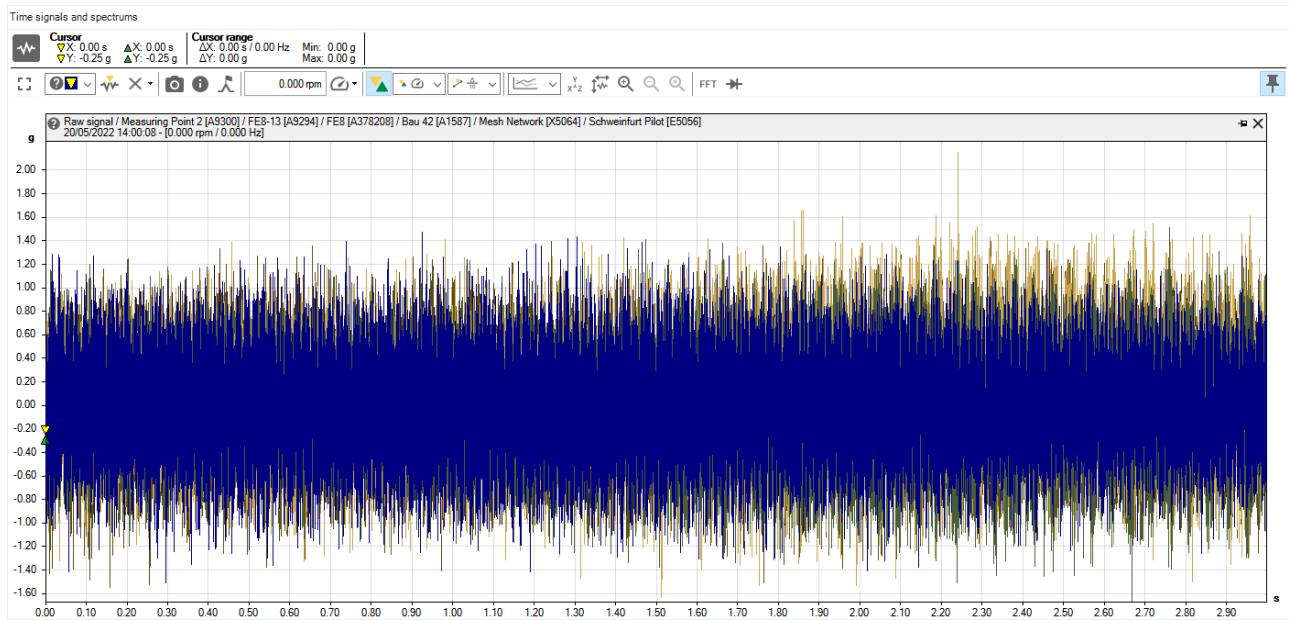
- Overlapping
- Multiple Y-axes (Trend only)
- Stack
- Matrix
- Expanded matrix
- Histogram (Trend only)
- Orbit (Time signal only)
- Wireframe (Spectrum only)
- Waterfall (Spectrum only)
- 2D spectrogram (Spectrum only)
- 3D spectrogram (Spectrum only)



- Zoom functions are available in every view. An exception is the **Orbit** view. The zoom functions can only be used in the linked time signal.
- The various diagram views are only visible if several signals are open. If you have only one signal open, you will not see any difference between the diagram views.

##### 5.3.4.10.1 Overlapping

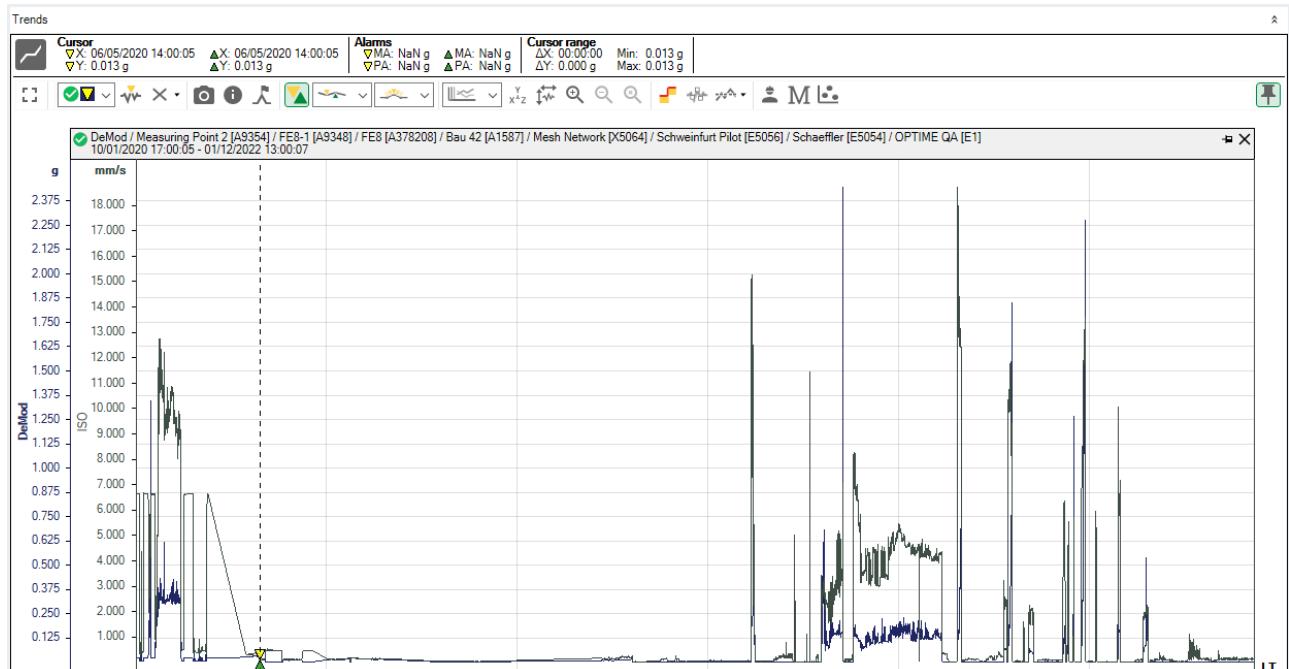
The **Overlapping** view is available for every Viewer. If you select this option, all data that is open in the active Viewer will be displayed together in one coordinate system. The signals are also grouped by type and unit on the Y-axis. For example, all raw signals and envelopes are displayed together in one coordinate system:



This will provide you with an initial rough overview where you can view the minimum and maximum values for all of the displayed data directly on the axes.

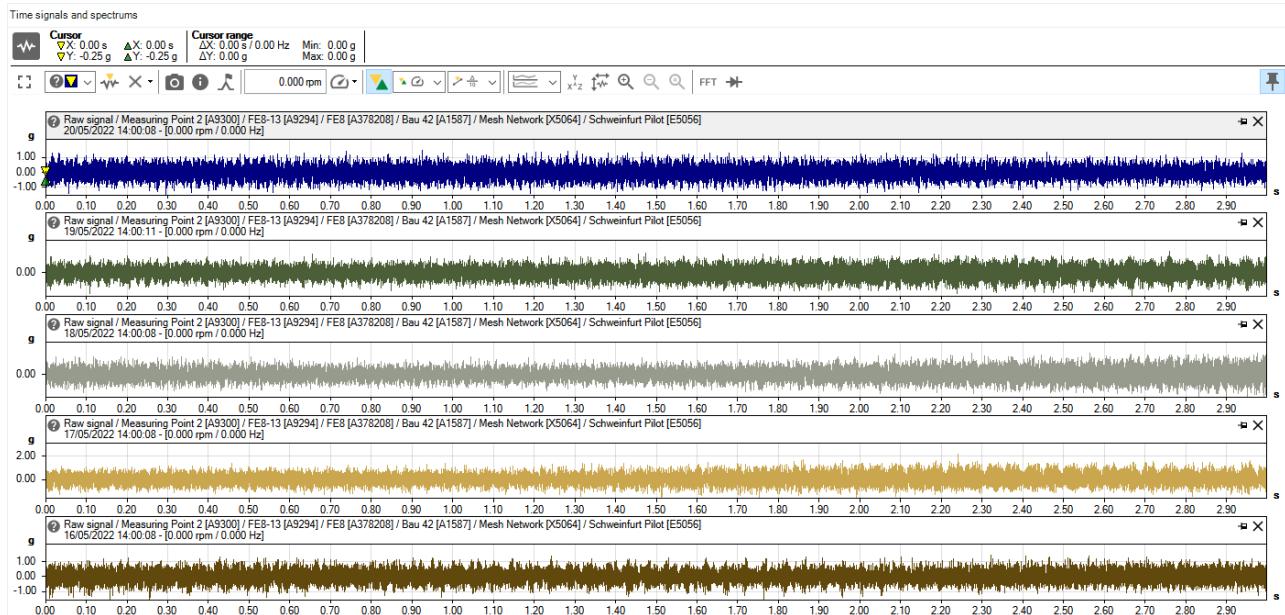
#### 5.3.4.10.2 Multiple Y-axes

The **Multiple Y-axes** view is only available in the Trend Viewer. If you select this option, all data that is open in the active Viewer will be displayed together with its respective Y-axis. The data overlaps. You can use this view to verify how different data correlates with each other:



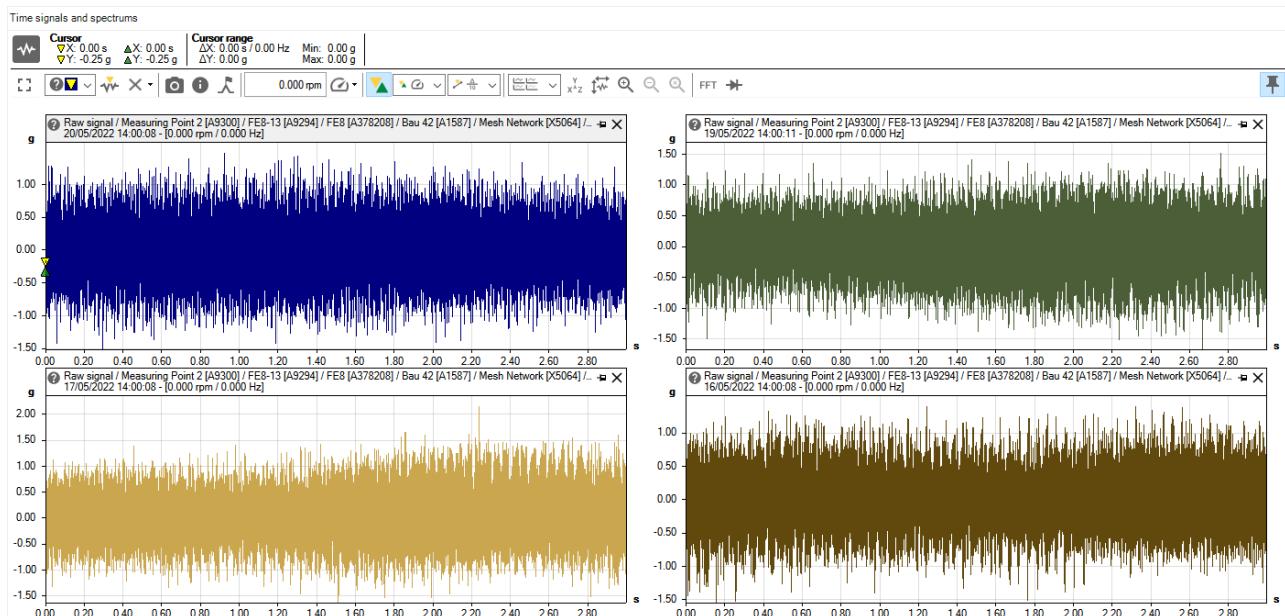
#### 5.3.4.10.3 Stack

The **List** view is available for every Viewer. If you select this option, each dataset open in the active Viewer will receive its own coordinate system. All of the coordinate systems appear as a stack in the viewer:



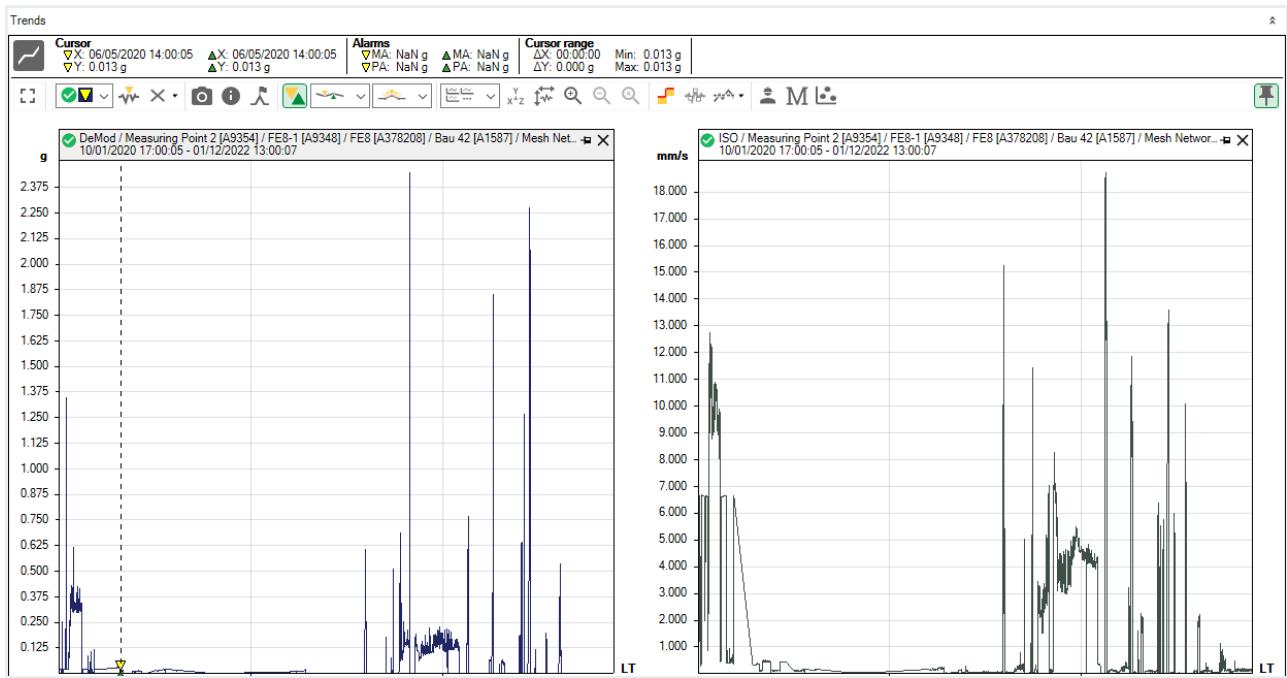
### 5.3.4.10.4 Matrix

The **Matrix** view is available for every Viewer. If you select this option, each dataset open in the Viewer will receive its own coordinate system. These are displayed as a list or as a multi-column matrix in the active Viewer depending on the number of coordinate systems:



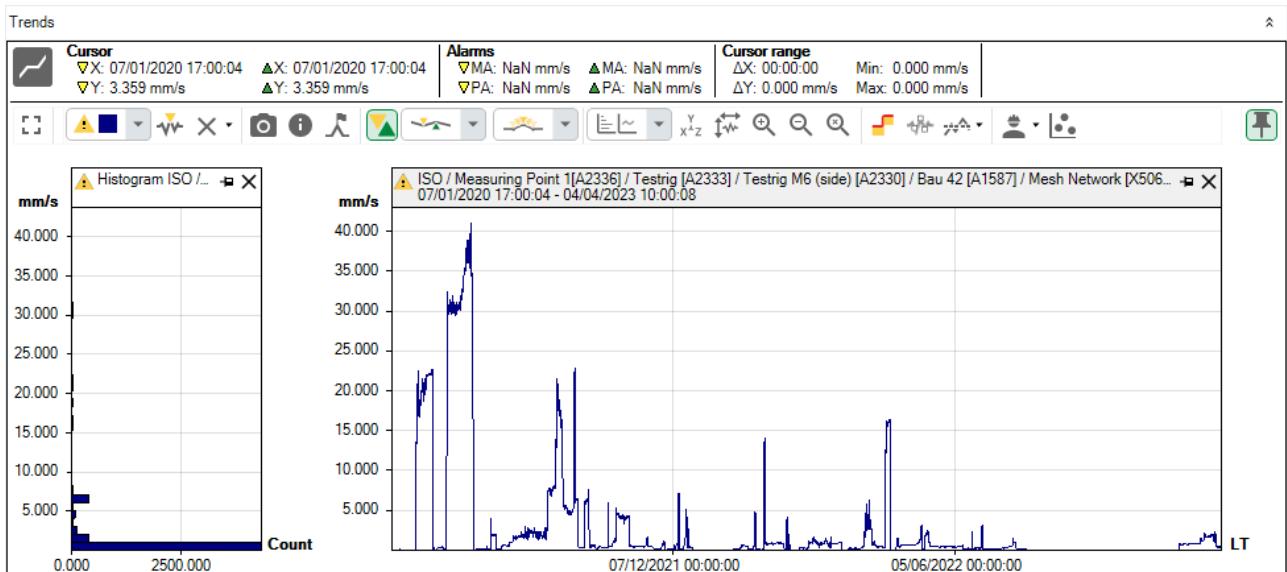
### 5.3.4.10.5 Expanded matrix

The **Expanded matrix** view is available for every Viewer. If you select this option, each dataset open in the Viewer will receive its own coordinate system. Up to a predefined minimum size, the coordinate systems are displayed side by side. If the minimum size is undershot, the coordinate systems are displayed over several lines in the active Viewer:

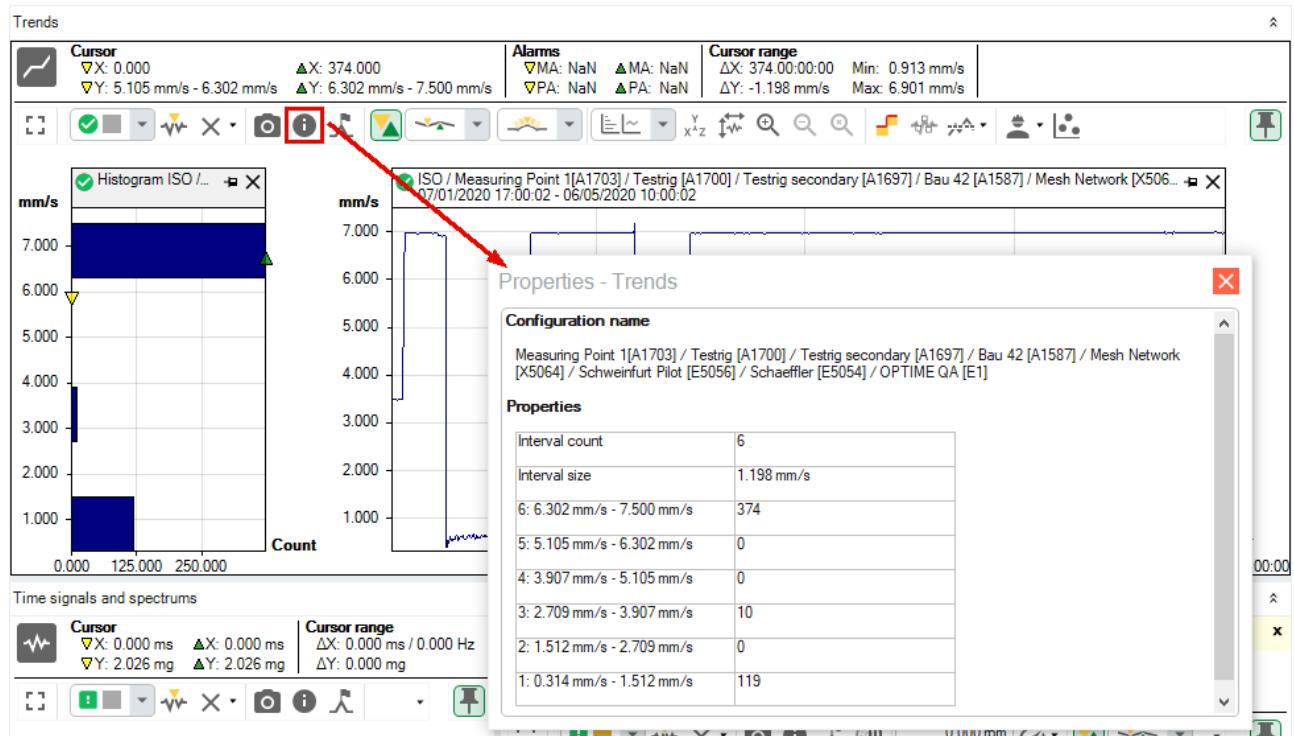


#### 5.3.4.10.6 Histogram (Trend only)

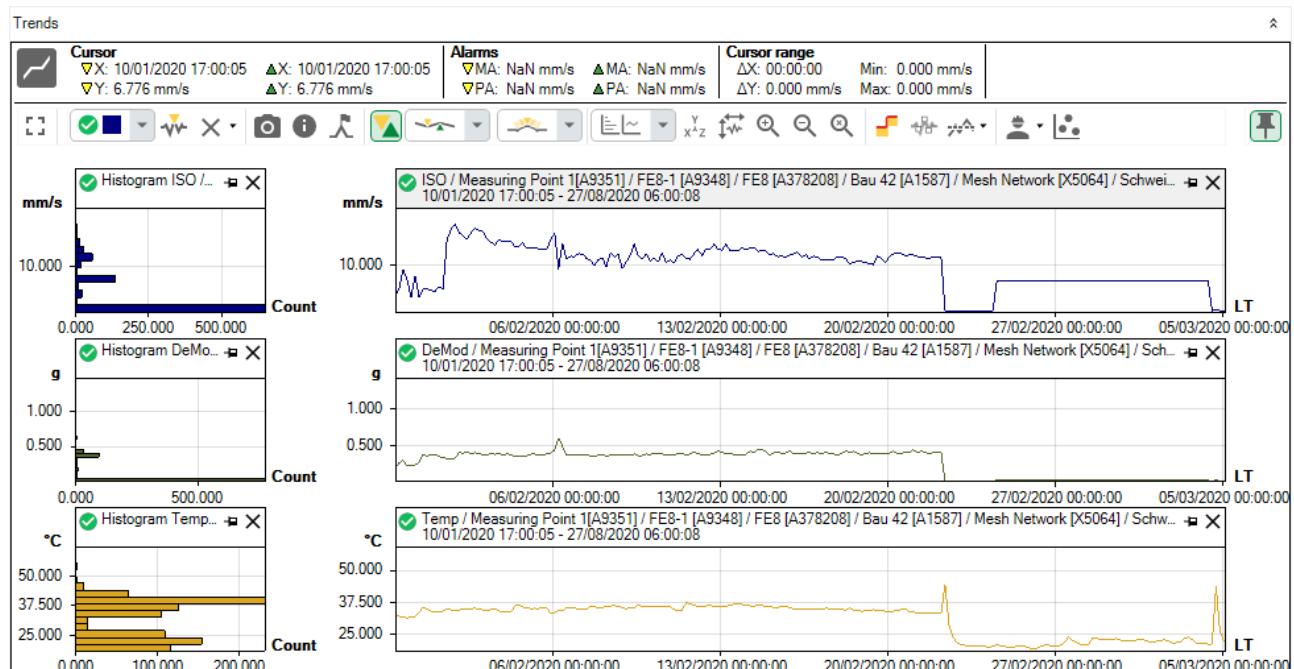
The **Histogram** view is only available in the Trend Viewer. If you select this option, an additional bar chart appears for the displayed data. The bar chart gives you an overview of how many values of the trend fall within a certain value range. You can also see which value range has no values available:



Click on in the toolbar to obtain more information, for example on the number of value ranges and the exact number of values in each value range:



If you have multiple trends open, a histogram is displayed for each trend:

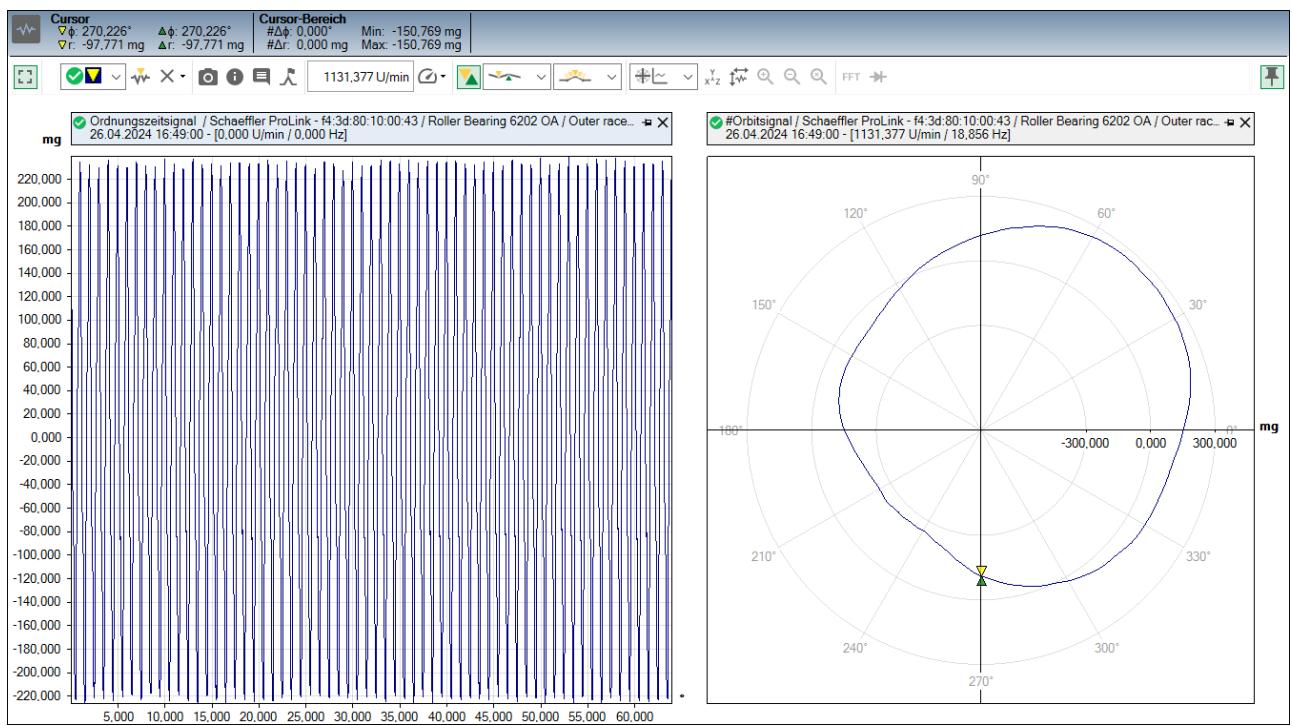


A trend and its associated histogram are linked to each other. If you have multiple trends with histograms open, they will behave as follows:

- When you close a histogram, the associated trend will also close. The same applies vice versa.
- When you pin a histogram using the button in the toolbar, the associated trend is also pinned. The same applies vice versa.
- When you remove signals using the button in the toolbar, trends and associated histograms are both removed.

### 5.3.4.10.7 Orbit (Time signal only)

The **Orbit** view  is only available in the Time signal Viewer. If you select this option, the time signal displayed is averaged over the selected revolutions. Signals whose frequency deviates from the rotational frequency are filtered out. The **Orbit** view thus clearly shows effects that are synchronous with the speed. The linked diagrams of the time signal and the orbit are opened and displayed alongside each other. You can switch from one diagram to another by clicking the mouse:



Many functions of the Time signal Viewer are still available in the orbit diagram.

The following functions and information are different for the orbit compared to the time signal:

- **Cursor** and **cursor range** for the orbit are specified in the title line with the angular coordinates  $\Phi$  and radius  $r$ .
- **Zoom functions**

Zoom functions are disabled because of the circular Orbit view .

The zoom functions are still available in the linked time signal. In normal view, i.e. without zoom, the entire time signal is centred on the circle of the Orbit view. Use the zoom functions in the time signal to change the Orbit view.



If there are not enough values for one rotation in the zoomed area, an incomplete circle is displayed in the Orbit view.

#### • **Comment function**

The comment function is not available in the Orbit view.

#### • **Speed functions**

Changes in speed affect the signal representation in the Orbit view.

#### • **Cursor functions**

In the Orbit view, only **Basis analysis** is available.

#### • **Cursor settings**

Under **Cursor settings**, select **Synchronous cursors** to display the cursor position in the time signal directly in the Orbit view too.

#### • **Axis settings**

These settings are largely disabled because of the circular Orbit view. You can only set the displayed **unit** and the decimal places.

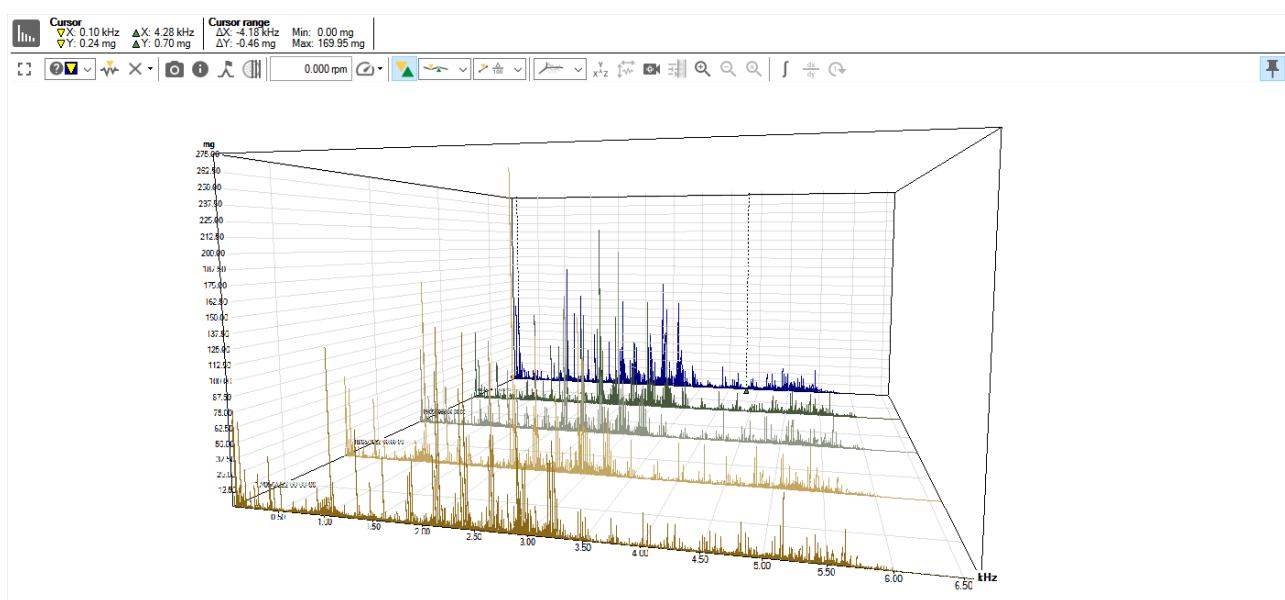


A time signal and the associated orbit are linked to each other. If you have multiple time signals with orbits open, they will behave as follows:

- If you close an orbit, the associated time signal is also closed. The same applies vice versa.
- When you pin an orbit using the button, the associated time signal is also pinned. The same applies vice versa.
- When you remove signals using the button in the toolbar, time signals and associated orbits are both removed.

#### 5.3.4.10.8 Wireframe (Spectrum only)

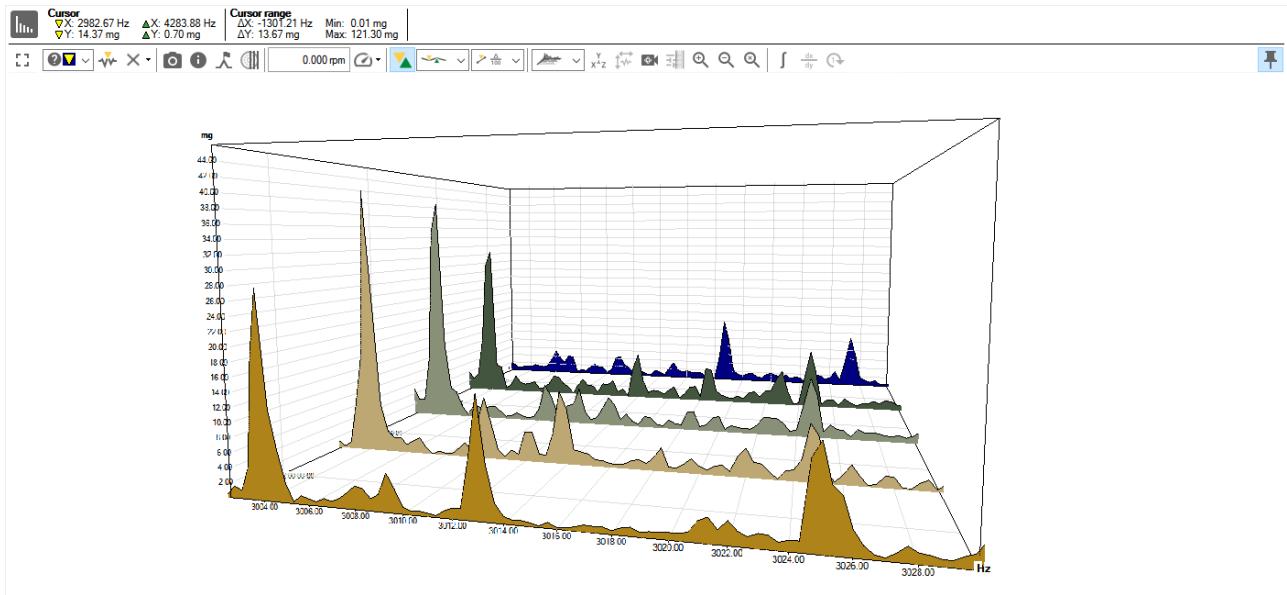
The **Wireframe** view is only available in the Spectrum Viewer. If you select this option, all of the spectrums that are open in the active Viewer will be displayed on one wireframe:



You can amend the view options for your application by modifying the camera settings and spectrogram settings .

#### 5.3.4.10.9 Waterfall (Spectrum only)

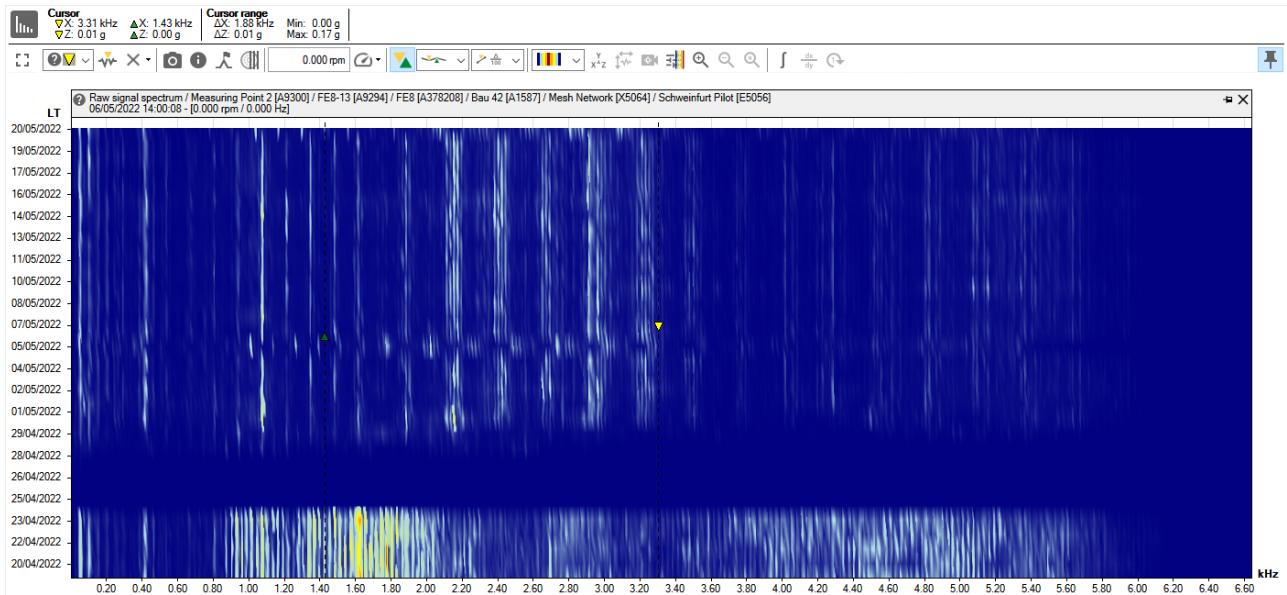
The **Waterfall** view is only available in the Spectrum Viewer. If you select and set this option, all of the spectrums that are open in the active Viewer will be displayed as a waterfall:



You can amend the view options for your application by modifying the camera settings<sup>76</sup> and spectrogram settings<sup>76</sup>.

#### 5.3.4.10.10 2D spectrogram (Spectrum only)

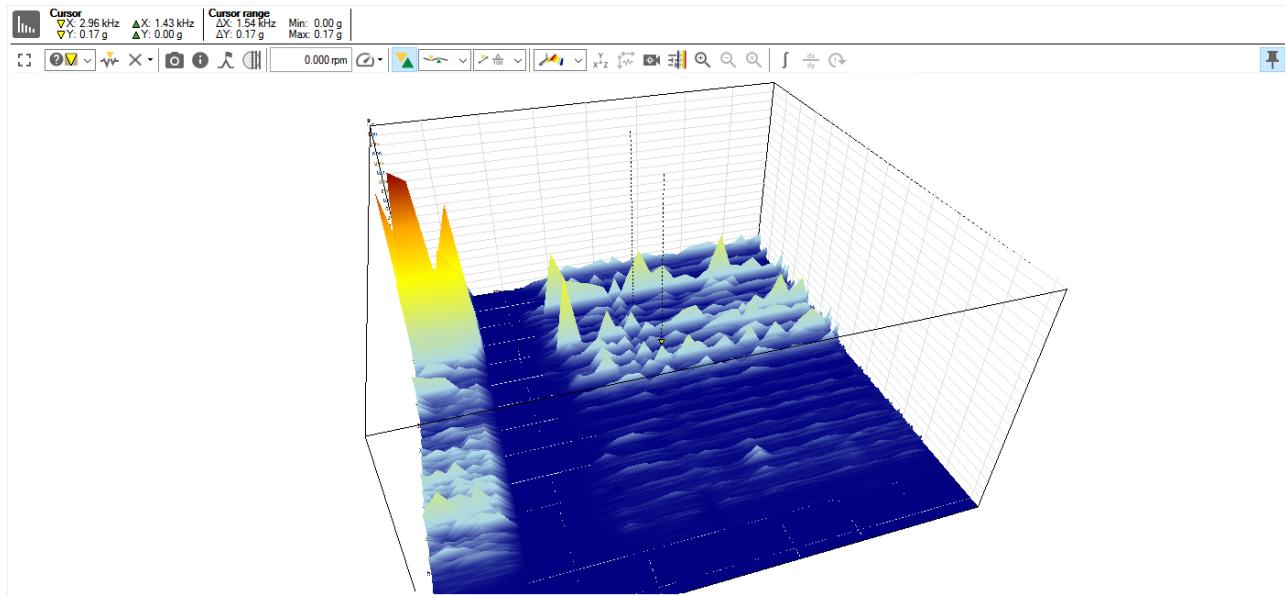
The **2D spectrogram** view is only available in the Spectrum Viewer. If you select and set this option, all of the spectrums that are open in the active Viewer will be displayed as a two-dimensional spectrogram:



You can amend the view options for your application by modifying the camera settings<sup>76</sup> and spectrogram settings<sup>76</sup>.

#### 5.3.4.10.11 3D spectrogram (Spectrum only)

The **3D spectrogram** view is only available in the Spectrum Viewer. If you select this option, all of the spectrums that are open in the active Viewer will be displayed as a three-dimensional spectrogram:

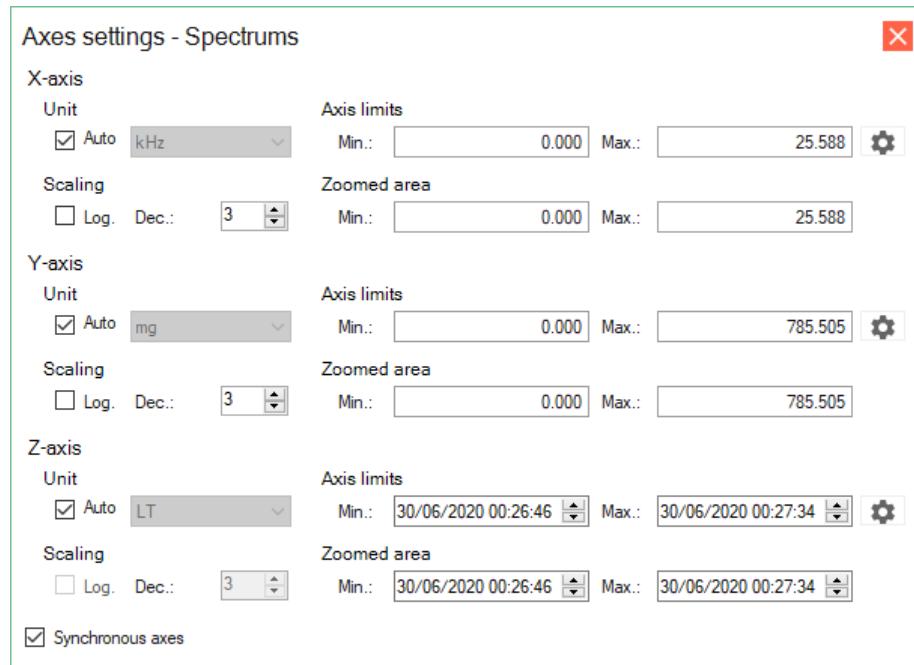


You can amend the view options for your application by modifying the camera settings<sup>76</sup> and spectrogram settings<sup>76</sup>.

#### 5.3.4.11 Edit axes settings

If you click in the toolbar, a dialogue box opens in which you can specify details for the X and Y axes. Your settings always apply to the axes of the active viewer.

You can specify and change standard settings, e.g. in the **Unit** or **Scaling** area under Viewer settings<sup>87</sup>; to do so, open the context menu for the Viewer<sup>23</sup> and go to **Settings**.



You can specify the following settings for the axes:

##### Unit

Here you can determine the unit used to display the axis. You have the following options:

- **Auto:** Activate this field to prompt the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software to use the unit best suited to displaying the current signal types. The Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software automatically decides which unit prefix provides the best, i.e. the shortest possible, representation in the diagram.

- **Selection list:** You can choose a unit for the axis display from the list. The availability of units depends on the unit profile <sup>90</sup>. To change or view unit profiles, open the context menu for the Viewer <sup>23</sup> and select the **Settings** command.

### Scaling

This is where you set the scale for the axes:

- **Log.:** This option activates logarithmic scaling (Spectrum Viewer only).
- **Dec.:** Use this option to define how many decimal places should follow the decimal point.

### Axis limits

Use this option to determine the unit range to be shown in the diagram. You have the following options:

- Use **Min.** and **Max.** to define the value range you want to show in the diagram.
- : Click this symbol to access the following functions:
  - **Normalise:** The axis range includes the minimum and maximum of all displayed signals, so the axis limits are automatically adjusted to the data.
  - **Reset:** This command resets the original axis limits.

### Zoomed area

Use this function to define the area you want to zoom within the axis limits. Zooming out again does not change the defined axis limits.

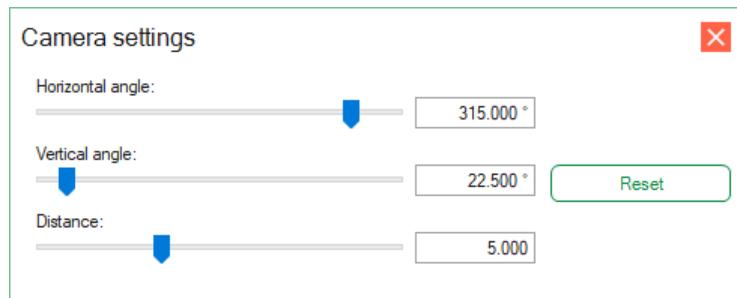
### Synchronous axes

If you activate this option, your axis settings will apply to all loaded data.

Uncheck the box if you want to apply your settings to the X and Y axes of the active data only.

#### 5.3.4.12 Modify camera settings (Spectrum only)

The **Modify camera settings** function is only available in the toolbar for the Spectrum Viewer and only for the view options **Wireframe**, **Waterfall**, **2D spectrogram** and **3D spectrogram**. It is only available for spectrums that have the same signal and unit types. The function opens a dialogue box, in which you can edit the camera settings for these display options:

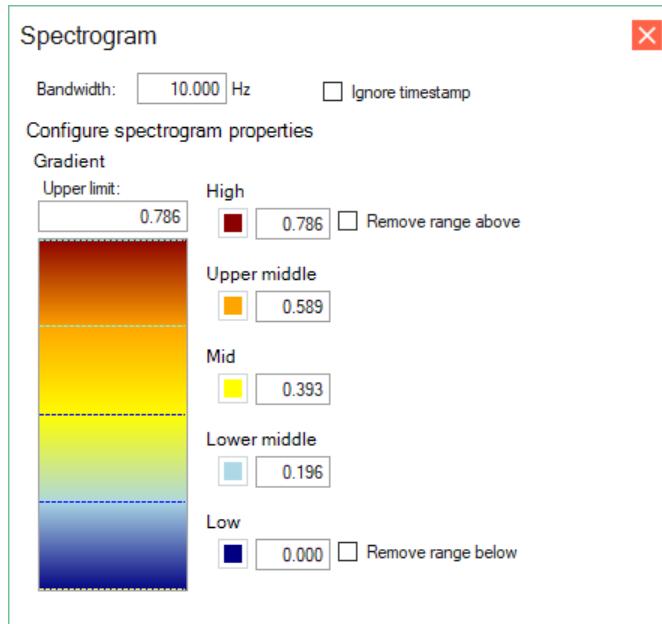


Use these settings to define the perspective from which you view the diagram. Here you have the following options:

- Use the **Horizontal angle** to determine the rotation of the diagram, i.e. which side you will view it from.
- Use the **Vertical angle** to determine whether you will view the diagram more at eye level (small value) or more so from above (greater value).
- The **Distance** refers to the distance between the camera and the centre of the diagram. The maximum value is 10.
- Click on **Reset value** to reset the camera settings to the default values.

#### 5.3.4.13 Change spectrogram settings (Spectrum only)

The **Change spectrogram settings** function is only available in the toolbar for the Spectrum Viewer. It is only available for spectrums that have the same signal and unit types. The function opens up a dialogue box, in which you can define the basic spectrogram properties:



Here you have the following options:

#### Bandwidth

Your graphics board would need a lot of disk space if you were to display every dot when working with many signals. This is avoided by dividing the spectrogram into sections and displaying the maximum value for each one.

If you decrease the value for **bandwidth**, you increase the number of sections; this in turn increases the number of displayed values and improves the accuracy of the display. With regard to weaker graphics boards, you can raise the band width to achieve a balance between accurate display and required disk space.

#### Ignore timestamp

Select this option to remove the time information from the Y-axis and number the spectrums consecutively.

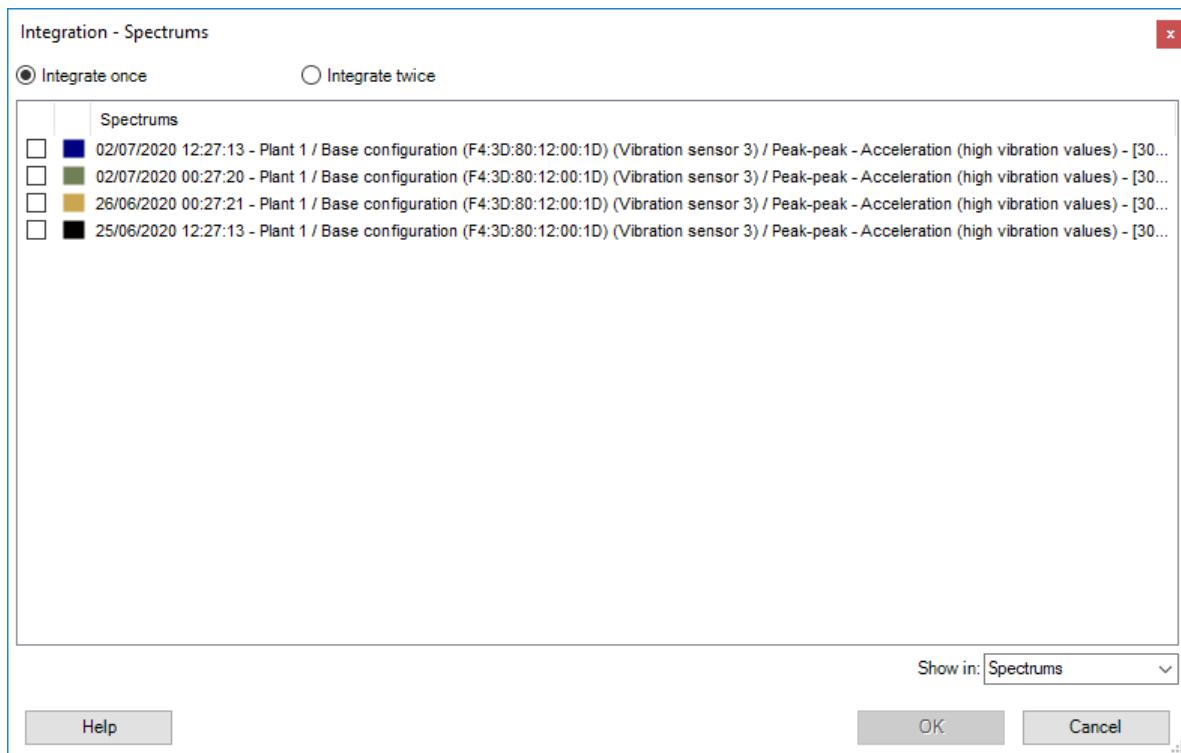
#### Configure spectrogram properties

- **Gradient:** You can use the value for the **upper limit** to define the maximum value at which the displayed range of the Y-axis should end. Additionally, the dashed lines tell you at a glance where your values for **Upper**, **Middle** and **Lower** are positioned on the Y-axis.
- For instance, you can set the values for **Upper** and **Lower** at your alarm limits.
- The **Remove range above** and **Remove range below** options allow you to remove these ranges from the diagram and concentrate on analysing the middle range.
- Clicking on the colour symbols for **Upper**, **Middle** and **Lower** opens the standard colour dialogue box<sup>87</sup>. You can amend the colour of the relevant area here, for example to achieve a better contrast.

#### 5.3.4.14 Integrate signals (spectrum)

By default, clicking the **Integrate signals** function in the Spectrum Viewer toolbar triggers the integration of all signals in the viewer without opening a separate dialogue box.

You can change this in the Spectrum Viewer settings<sup>83</sup>: If you activate the **Use integration dialogue box** option, clicking on opens a dialogue box in which you can configure settings for the integration:



Here you have the following options:

**Integrate once** Activate this option to view all the spectrums in the list that can be integrated once.

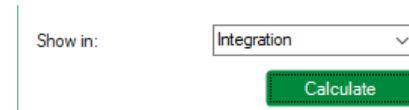
**Integrate twice** Activate this option to view all the spectrums in the list that can be integrated twice.

**Spectrums** In this list you will see the spectrums that are available for the integration option selected above. Use the tickbox to activate the required time signals for the integration.

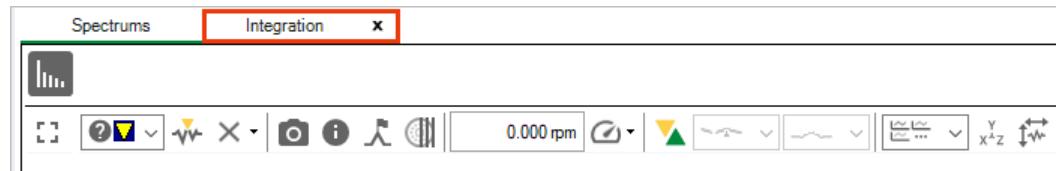
**Show in** You have the following options to display the integrated spectrums:

**Spectrums:** Use this option to display the integrated spectrums with all other loaded spectrums in the Spectrum Viewer.

**Own tab:** You can activate the option **Spectrums** and overwrite it with its own name:



The integrated time signals will then be displayed in a separate tab in the Spectrum Viewer:



Click **OK** to confirm your entries and integrate the selected spectrums.



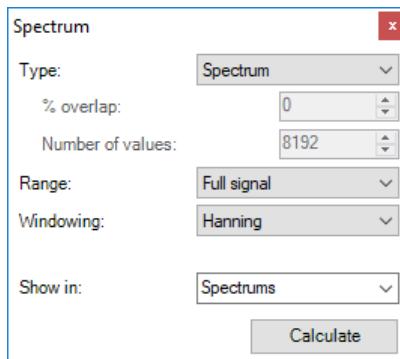
The representation of the spectrums is limited as follows:

- Raw signal spectrums are displayed in full.
- Envelope curve spectrums are truncated depending on sampling rate and high pass frequency.
- Integrated spectrums are only displayed up to a value of 1000 Hz.

However, additional measurement data are still available. To display them, click the **Auto-adjust axis limits** button

#### 5.3.4.15 Calculate Spectrum (time signal only)

The **Calculate Spectrum** function is only available in the toolbar for the Time Signal Viewer. Use this function to produce a spectrum or spectrogram from the currently active time signal in the Time Signal Viewer.



Here you have the following options:

##### Type

Here you can specify whether the active time signal should be used to generate a **spectrum** or a **spectrogram**.

##### % overlap (spectrogram only)

Enter the percentage by which the individual spectrums of the spectrogram should overlap each other. The ideal value also depends on the choice of **windowing**; this is where you ensure that all important measurement values are taken into account during spectrum calculation.

##### Number of measurement values (spectrogram only)

Enter the number of measurement values after which the next spectrum begins.

##### Range

Here you can define whether the spectrogram/spectrum should be based on the complete time signal or only on the cursor range. The cursor range is defined by the base cursor and the measure cursor .

##### Windowing

Defines the window function to be used when the spectrogram/spectrum is generated. You can choose between **No windowing**, **Hanning** and **Hamming**.

##### Show in

Here you can define where the spectrogram/spectrum is displayed. You have two options:

- You can enter a name in the empty field. The newly calculated spectrogram is then displayed on its own tab in the Spectrum Viewer. The tab is given the name you enter here:



- You can select **Spectrums** to display the newly calculated spectrogram together with all the other open data in the Spectrum Viewer.

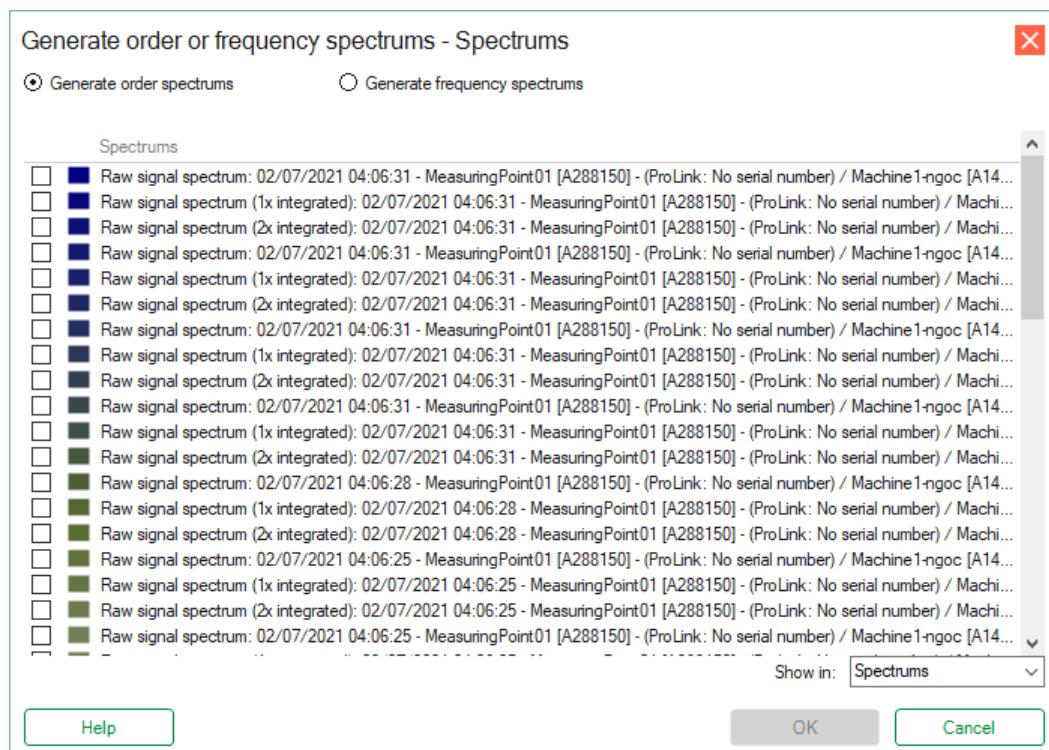
## Calculate

Click here to create the new spectrogram/spectrum. Depending on the settings in Show in, it will then be displayed in the Spectrum Viewer or on its own tab in the Spectrum Viewer

### 5.3.4.16 Calculate order spectrum (Spectrum only)

By default, clicking the **Calculate order spectrum** function  in the Spectrum Viewer toolbar triggers the calculation of the order spectrums and frequency spectrums without opening a separate dialogue box.

You can change this in the Spectrum Viewer settings : If you activate the option **Use order dialogue box**, clicking on  opens a dialogue box in which you can configure settings for the calculation:



Here you have the following options:

#### Generate order spectrums

Activate this option to see all the spectrums in the list from which an order spectrum can be generated.

#### Generate frequency spectrums

Activate this option to see all the spectrums in the list from which a frequency spectrum can be generated.

#### Spectrums

In this list you will see the spectrums that are available for the option selected above. Use the checkbox to activate the required spectrums for the operation.

#### Show in

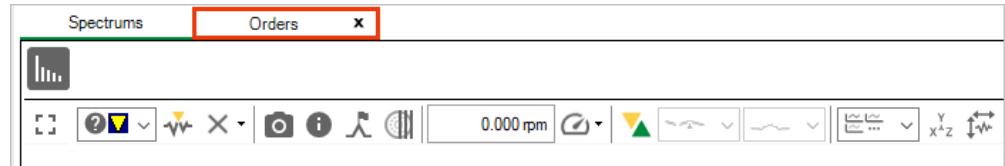
You have the following options to display the generated spectrums:

**Spectrums:** Use this option to display the generated spectrums with all other loaded spectrums in the Spectrum Viewer.

**Own tab:** You can activate the option **Spectrums** and overwrite it with its own name:



The integrated time signals will then be displayed in the Time Signal Viewer on their own tab:



Click on **OK** to confirm your entries and generate the required spectrums.

#### 5.3.4.17 Exporting diagrams

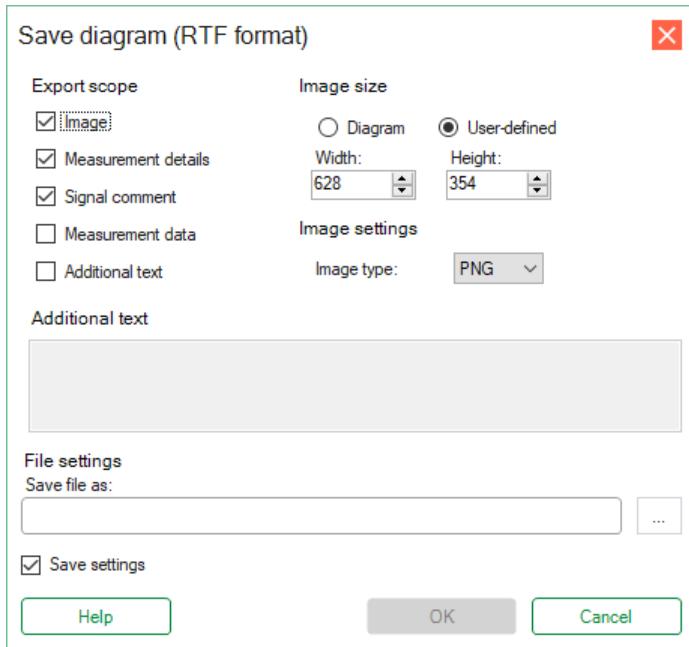
Each viewer allows you to export the diagram and its associated information. You can export the diagram in RTF format, image format and CSV format; you can also choose to save it as a file or copy it to the clipboard. The corresponding commands are called up by right-clicking in the context menu for the viewer:



You will find detailed information on exporting different formats in the following sections. To make the explanations clear, the sections only describe the dialogues that cover the range of options for **Save diagram**. The dialogues of the corresponding options for **Copy diagram** are different in that the **file settings** are missing.

#### Export diagram in RTF format

When you save or copy a diagram in RTF format, you can subsequently open it in Office applications or paste it into an Office file. To export, select **Export > Save diagram (RTF format)** or **Export > Copy diagram (RTF format)** from the context menu for the Viewer. This opens the corresponding dialogue box:



Here you have the following options:

#### **Export scope**

Use these options to determine exactly what the saved or copied diagram should contain:

- **Image:** Exports the diagram together with the information bar.
- **Measurement details:** Exports additional measurement information such as the sampling rate.
- **Signal comment:** Exports the signal comment provided you have defined one in the **Comments** 48 tab; the signal comment usually describes the result after an investigation of a list of signals and acts primarily as an overview.
- **Measurement data:** Exports all of the values for the X and Y coordinates and, where necessary, for the Z coordinates (e.g. for 3D or 2D spectrogram) in tabular form.
- **Additional text:** Activating this option allows you to enter a comment on the diagram in the **Additional text** field. Your comment will then also appear in the exported diagram.

#### **Image size**

This is where you define the size of the exported diagram:

- **Diagram:** Sets the size to the Viewer's current dimensions. The diagram may be exported in full screen size in certain circumstances.
- **User-defined:** Allows you to determine the diagram's **width** and **height** yourself. If you select this option, the width and height are optimised as standard for DIN A4 portrait, but can be changed.  
If you increase only the value for the width, the result will be that more values will be displayed on the X-axis and the resolution will be improved.

#### **Image settings**

Here you can define whether the image exported as a part of the RTF export should be in PNG or WMF format.

#### **Additional text**

You can add further comments on the diagram here if you have activated the **Additional text** option under **Export scope**.

#### **File settings (Save only)**

You can save files in RTF format.

Enter the name under which you want to save the diagram.

Click  to select the directory to which you want to save the file containing the diagram.

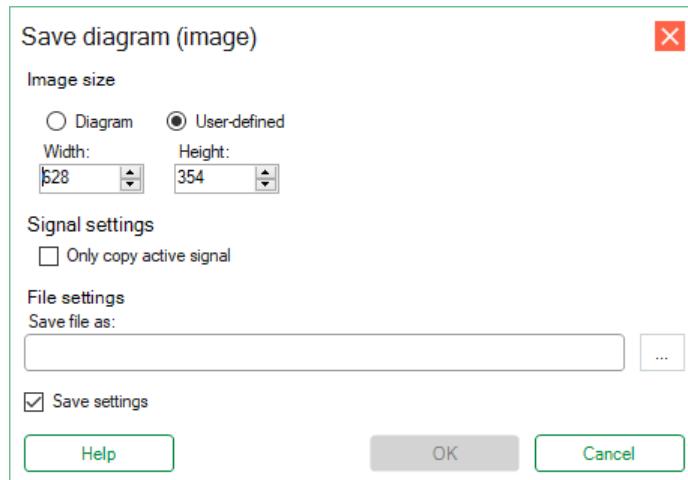
#### **Save settings**

If you select this option, the settings you made above will be saved as a default. These settings will be applied automatically every time you call up this export function.

Click **OK** to confirm your settings and export the diagram. Depending on the selected function, you can open the saved file in an Office program or paste the clipboard contents into a Word file, for instance.

## Export diagram as an image

If you save or copy the diagram as an image, you will be able to open it in an image editing program or paste it into files that support images. To export, select **Export > Save diagram (image)** or **Export > Copy diagram (image)** from the context menu for the Viewer. Alternatively, hold down the SHIFT key and click on  in the Viewer toolbar. This opens the corresponding dialogue box:



Here you have the following options:

### Image size

This is where you define the size of the exported diagram:

- **Diagram:** Sets the size to the Viewer's current dimensions. The diagram may be exported in full screen size in certain circumstances.
- **User-defined:** Allows you to determine the diagram's **width** and **height** yourself. If you select this option, the width and height are optimised as standard for DIN A4 portrait, but can be changed.  
If you increase only the value for the width, the result will be that more values will be displayed on the X-axis and the resolution will be improved.

### Signal settings

- **Copy only active signal:** Select this option to save or copy only the currently active signal.

If this option is disabled, all signals are saved or copied.

### File settings

You can save files in PNG format.

Enter the name under which you want to save the diagram.

Click  to select the directory to which you want to save the file containing the diagram.

### Save settings

If you select this option, the settings you made above will be saved as a default. These settings will be applied automatically every time you call up this export function.

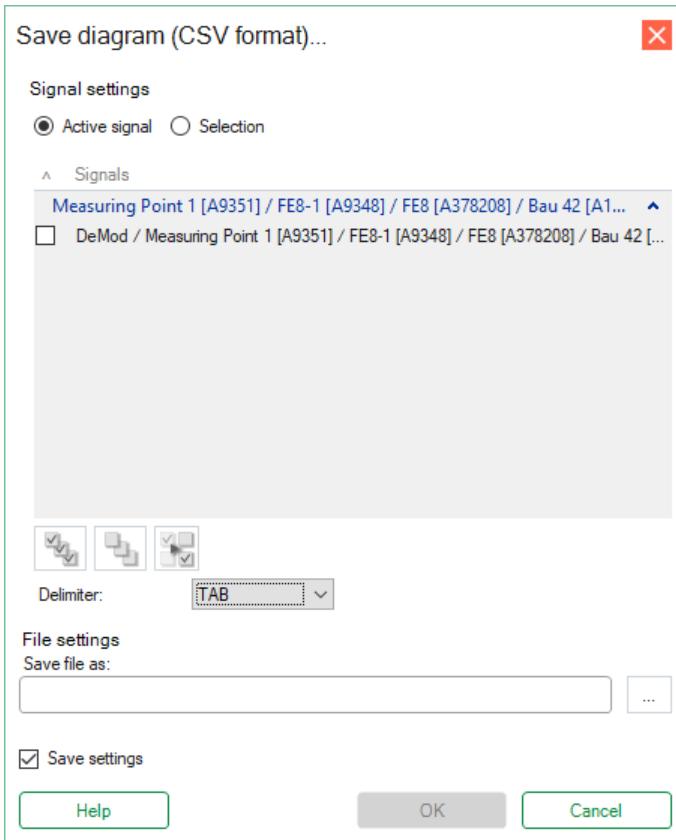
Click **OK** to confirm your settings and export the diagram. Depending on the selected function, you can open the saved file in an image editing program or paste the clipboard contents into a Word file, for instance.



Clicking the  button in the Viewer toolbar is the same as clicking **Export > Copy diagram (image)** in the Viewer's context menu.

## Export diagram in CSV format

Saving or copying the diagram in CSV format will export all of the X and Y coordinates and, where indicated, the Z coordinates. You can then open them as a table, for instance in MS Excel, or paste them into an appropriate file. To export, select **Export > Save diagram (CSV format)** or **Export > Copy diagram (CSV format)** from the context menu for the Viewer. This opens the corresponding dialogue box:



Here you have the following options:

#### **Signal settings**

Here you can determine the signal types you want to export the diagram for:

- **Active signal** : You will find the active signal in the signal selection list for the Viewer where it is marked with a yellow triangle.
- **Selection**: Activate this option if you want to select specific signals for export. You can choose from all of the currently loaded signals. Make your selection by activating the checkbox for each signal you want to export. You can also make use of the quick selection options offered by the buttons below the list:



Selects all of the signals for export.



Selects none of the signals for export.



Inverts the current selection, i.e. checks unchecked boxes and unchecks checked boxes.

Use the **Delimiter** option to determine how coordinate values should be separated in the exported format. You can choose between the following options: **TAB**, comma , and semicolon ;.

#### **File settings**

You can save files in CSV format.

Enter the name under which you want to save the diagram.

Click to select the directory to which you want to save the file containing the diagram.

#### **Save settings**

If you select this option, the settings you made above will be saved as a default. These settings will be applied automatically every time you call up this export function.



For the CSV export of the trend, the data for the X axis is transferred as numbers in a time stamp column.

Example: **41884.4173678241**

These values correspond to an EXCEL-specific date and time format:

- **Number before the decimal point:** Number of days since 1/1/1900
- **Number after the decimal point:** Time

To convert this format to the normal date and time format, proceed as follows:

1. Highlight the time stamp column.
2. Right-click and select **Format cells**.
3. On the **Numbers** tab, select the **User-defined** category and then on the right-hand side select the required **Type**, i.e. **DD/MM/YYYY hh:mm:ss**. The example above then corresponds to: **02/09/2014 10:01:01**.

### 5.3.5 Change program settings

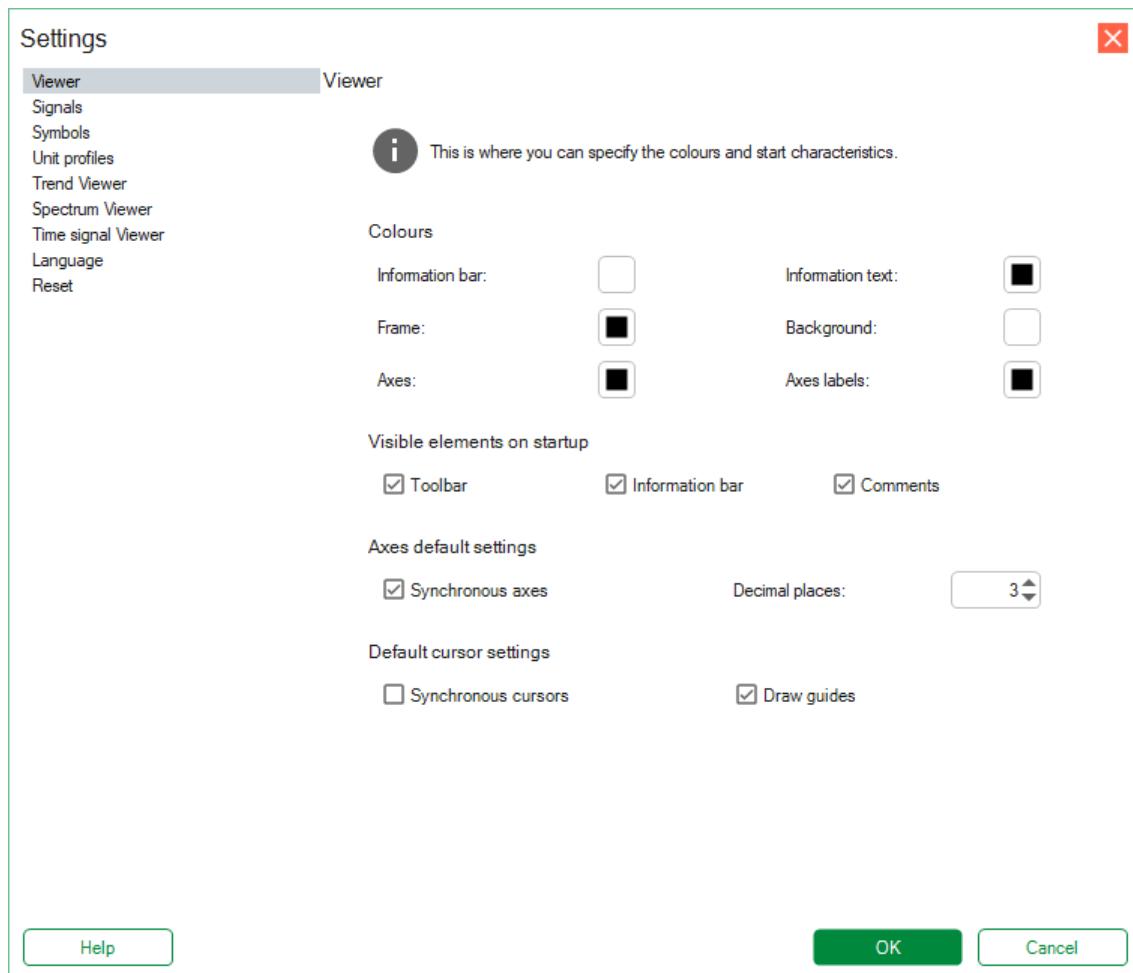


Some changes to settings do not take effect until you restart the program. In these cases, the **Restart the application** dialogue opens automatically after the change has been made. You can then decide whether to restart the program immediately or at another time.

Open the program settings of the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software as follows:

- Right-click in one of the Viewers to open the context menu and select the **Settings** command or
- Click the **Settings** button  in the top right corner of the title bar.

The following dialogue appears:



You can select the area for which you want to view or change settings from the list on the left. You will then see the settings you can change for the area in question on the right. You can change the settings for the following areas:

- Viewer<sup>87</sup>
- Signals<sup>89</sup>
- Symbols<sup>89</sup>
- Unit profiles<sup>90</sup>
- Trend Viewer<sup>92</sup>
- Spectrum Viewer<sup>93</sup>
- Time signal Viewer<sup>94</sup>
- Language<sup>94</sup>
- Reset<sup>95</sup>

You will find detailed information on settings options in the following sections.

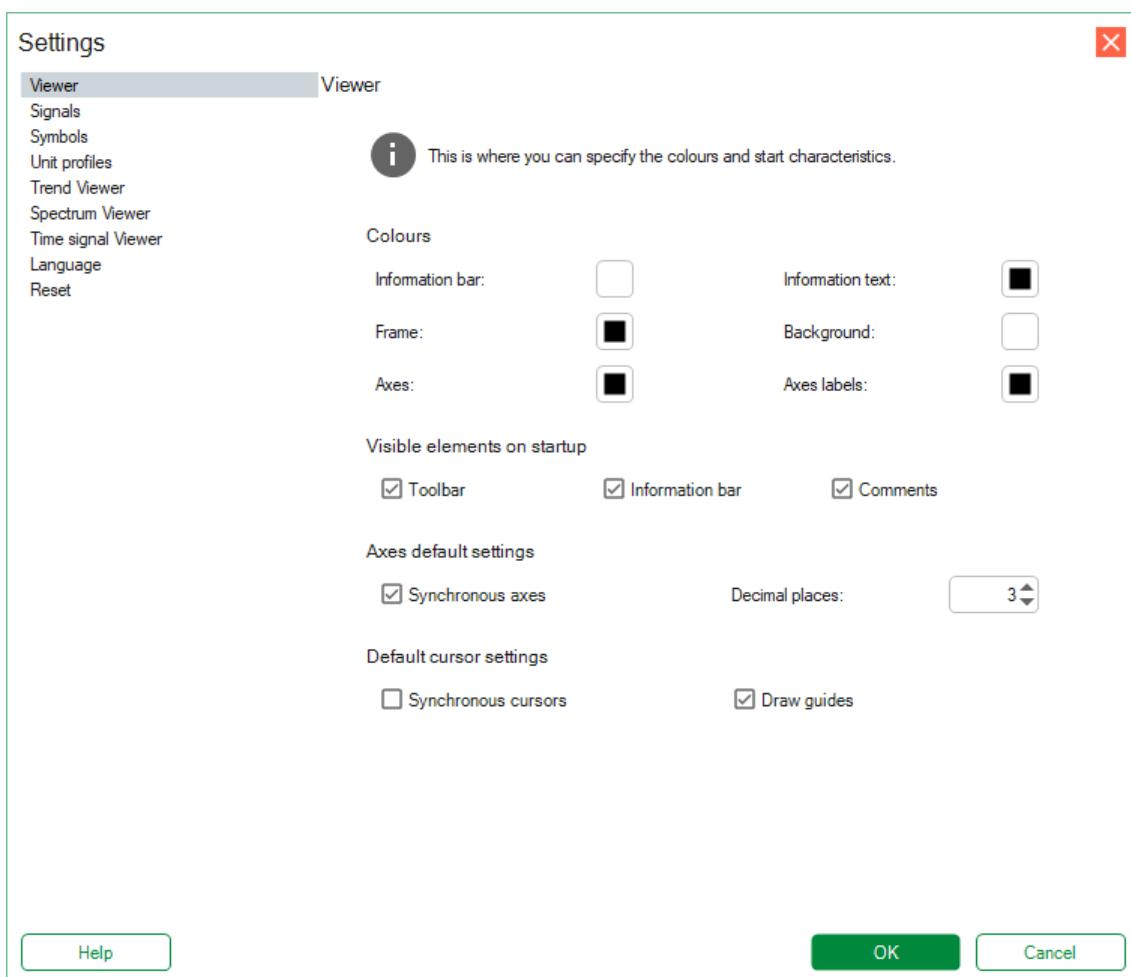


Some of these settings relate to the colours used in the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software, e.g. for cursor symbols and signal displays. Follow these steps to change a colour:

1. Click the colour symbol you want to change. This opens the standard colour dialogue box.
2. Choose the colour you want to assign to the cursor symbol or signal display. Here you have the following options:
  - Click one of the **basic colours** to select it.
  - Click inside the colour chart to select a colour.
  - Use the slide on the far right to change the colour shade.
  - Directly enter the required values for **red**, **green** and **blue** or for **colour shade**, **saturation** and **brightness**.
3. Confirm your changes with **OK**.

### 5.3.5.1 Viewer settings

You can determine how the Viewers should look on start-up and their standard behaviour in the **Viewers** area.



You have the following options:

#### Colours

This is where you determine the colours to be used for specific areas of the Viewer, e.g. the background colour of the **information bar** or the colour of the **axes labels**. Click on the corresponding colour symbol to open the standard colour dialogue box<sup>87</sup>, where you can specify your settings.

#### Visible elements on startup

Here you can define which elements of the viewer should be visible on startup.

---

The **toolbar** and **information bar** elements are activated as standard; **comments** are not visible.

#### Axes default settings

Here you can define the appearance of the X and Y axes on startup:

- **Synchronous axes:** When this option is activated, any changes made in the **Axes** tab will always apply to the axes of every diagram in the active Viewer. If you deactivate the checkbox, any changes made in the **Axes** tab will only apply to the diagram for the active signal or spectrum.
- **Decimal places:** Here you can define how many decimal places the values for the X and Y axes should have.

The **Synchronous axes** option is activated as standard; 3 decimal places are displayed.

#### Default cursor settings

Here you can define basic cursor behaviour:

- **Synchronous cursors:** If you select this option, the measure cursor and base cursor will be displayed simultaneously for all data on the display. Any changes to the cursor position for the active data will apply to the cursor positions for all of the data.  
If the checkbox is deactivated, any cursor action will apply to the active data only.
- **Draw guides:** If you activate this option, the program will not only display the cursor symbols in the diagram, but will also draw a line at the corresponding position.  
If the checkbox is deactivated, you will only see the cursor symbols without the line.

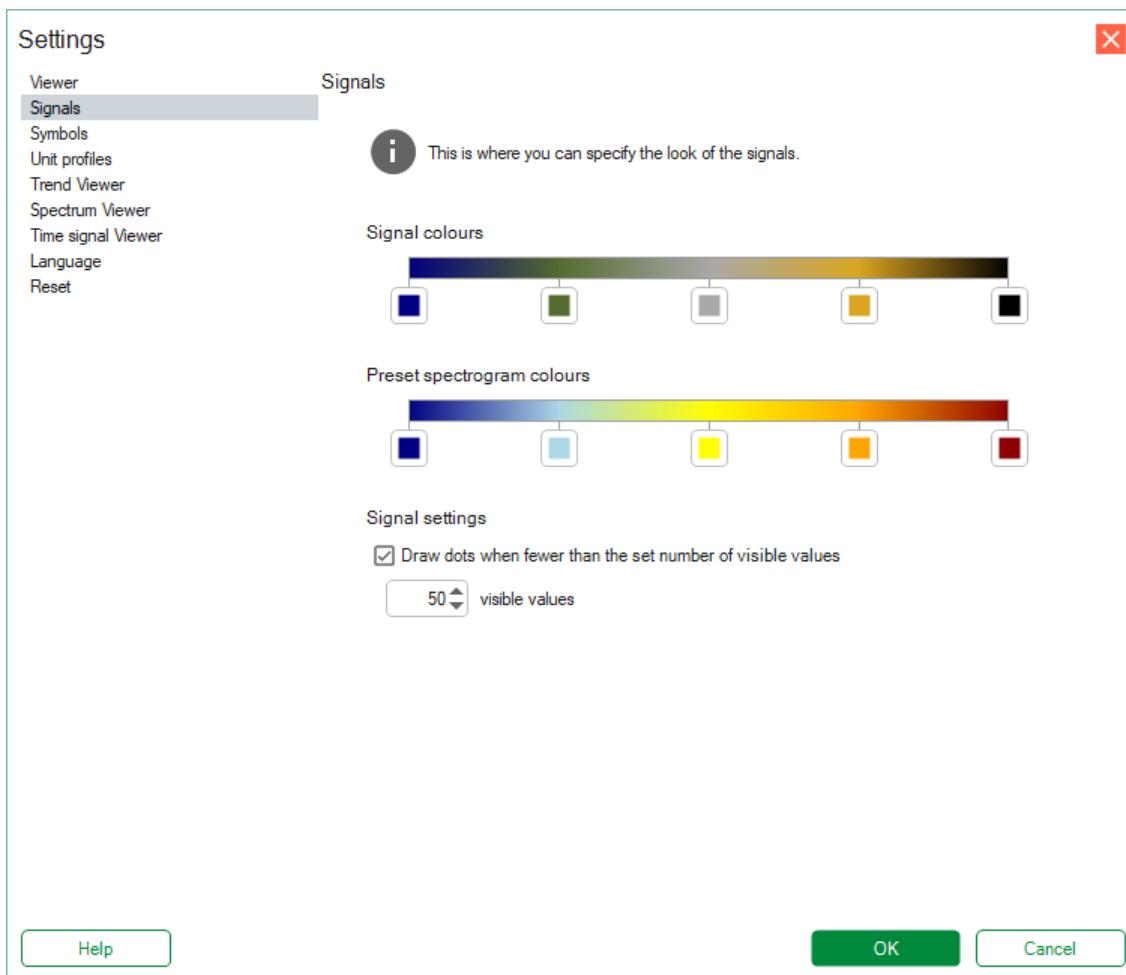
Both options are deactivated as standard.



When you exit the Viewer software, the most recent size and location of the application window will be saved. The next time you launch the application window, it will open in the same size and location.

### 5.3.5.2 Signal settings

You can define the colours to be used to display signals, spectrums and spectrograms in the **Signals** area.



You have the following options:

#### Signal colours

Here you can define the colours to be used to display signals, spectrums and spectrograms in the viewers. Click on the corresponding colour symbol to open the standard colour dialogue box <sup>87</sup>, where you can specify your settings.

#### Preset spectrogram colours

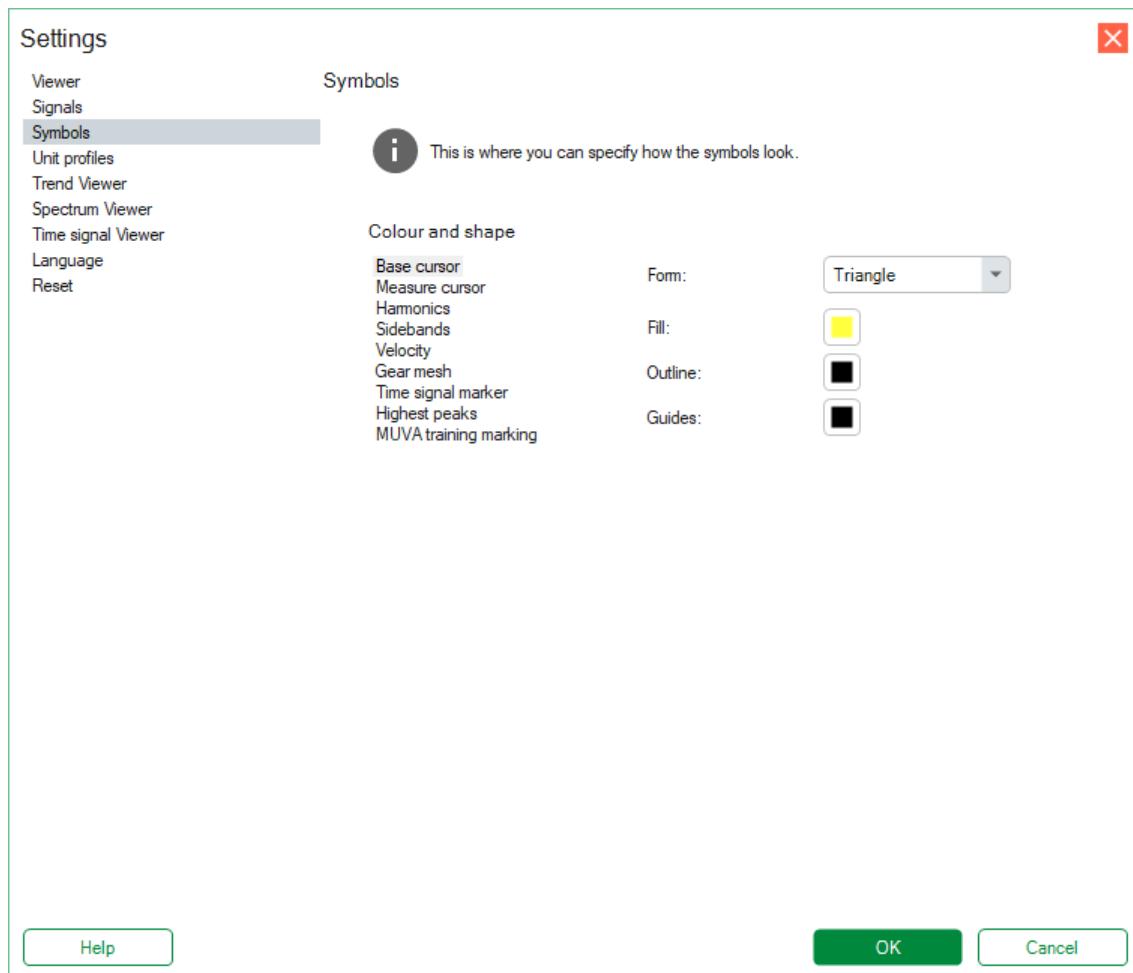
Here you can define the colours to be used for the **2D spectrogram** <sup>74</sup> and **3D spectrogram** <sup>74</sup> view options. Click on the corresponding colour symbol to open the standard colour dialogue box, where you can specify your settings.

#### Signal settings

- Draw dots at less than the set number of visible values:** When the option is activated, signals are displayed as dots when there are fewer than 50 values in the visible area of the diagram. If you deactivate the checkbox, the program will also display 50 values and fewer as a solid line. This option is activated by default.
- Visible values:** Here you can define how many values lie in the visible area of the diagram. This are 50 values by default.

### 5.3.5.3 Symbol settings

You can determine how the cursor and the symbols for cursor functions should looks, as well as their standard behaviour, in the **Symbols** area.



You have the following options:

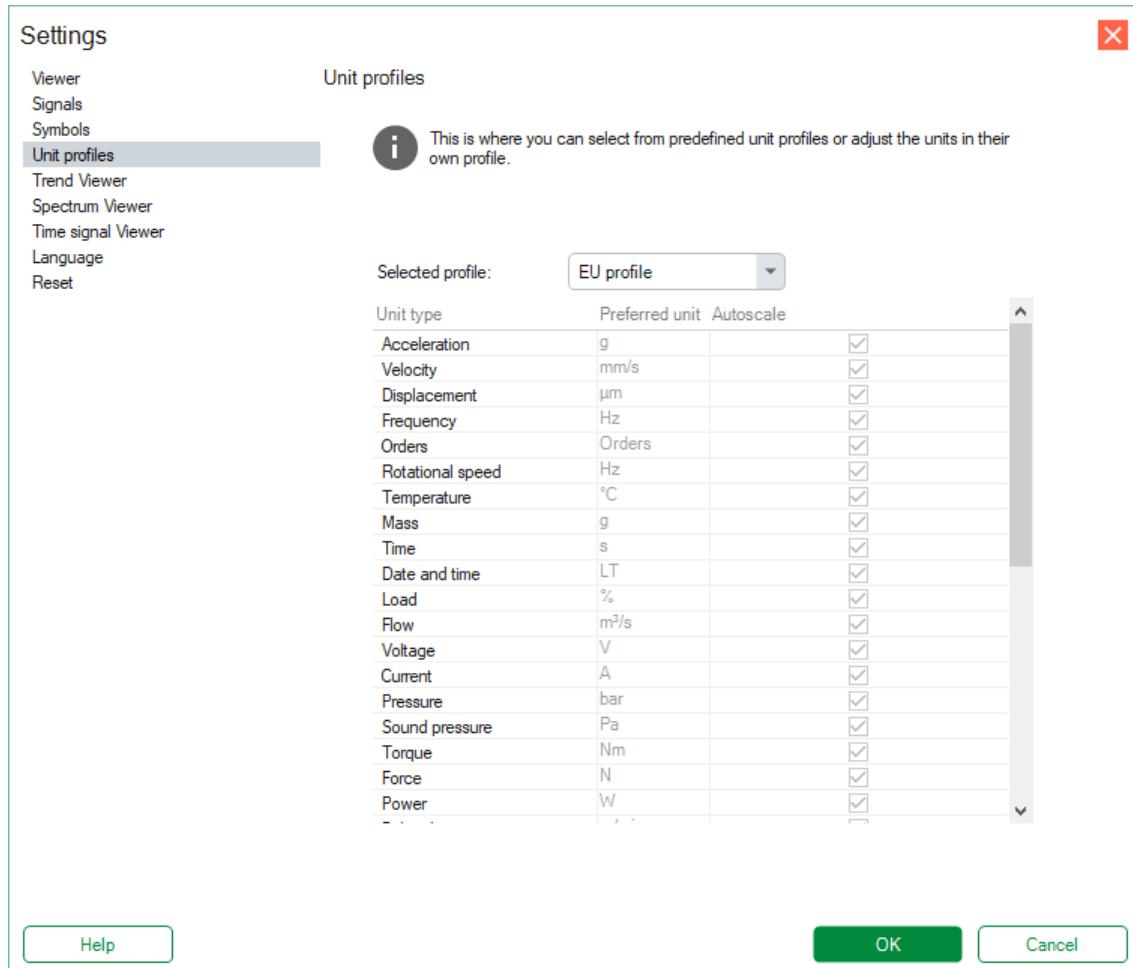
#### Colour and shape

You can define the shapes and colours to be used for the measure and base cursors and for cursor functions. To do this, proceed as follows:

1. Click on the symbol you want to change in the list on the left. This automatically updates the fields on the right; they show you the current settings for the symbol.
2. In the selection list labelled **Shape**, select the shape you want to use to symbolise the cursor or cursor function in the diagram, e.g. **box** or **diamond**.
3. Define the shape and the colours for its **filling**, **outline** and **guides**. Click on the corresponding colour symbol to open the standard colour dialogue box <sup>87</sup>, where you can specify your settings.

#### 5.3.5.4 Unit profiles

You can define the unit profile to be used to display the X and Y axes in the diagrams under **Unit profiles**. Unit profiles determine the unit types, units and scaling for X and Y axes.



You have the following options:

#### Selected profile

You have the following choice:

- **EU profile:** This profile defines the units commonly used in the European region as the **preferred unit**; **auto-scaling** [91] is activated for all unit types. You cannot edit this profile.
- **US profile:** This profile defines the units commonly used in the US region as the **preferred unit**; **auto-scaling** [91] is activated for all unit types. You cannot edit this profile.
- **Own profile:** This profile allows you to specify your own settings for the **preferred unit** as well as for **auto-scaling** [91]. When you open the profile for the first time, you will be prompted to select one of the two other profiles based on the language of your operating system. You can, however, change all of the values via the profile table.

#### Profile table

If you have selected **EU profile** or **US profile**, this table will be used for informational purposes only, i.e. it will show you which unit is preferred for each unit type and whether auto-scaling is activated.

If you have selected **Own profile**, you will have the following options:

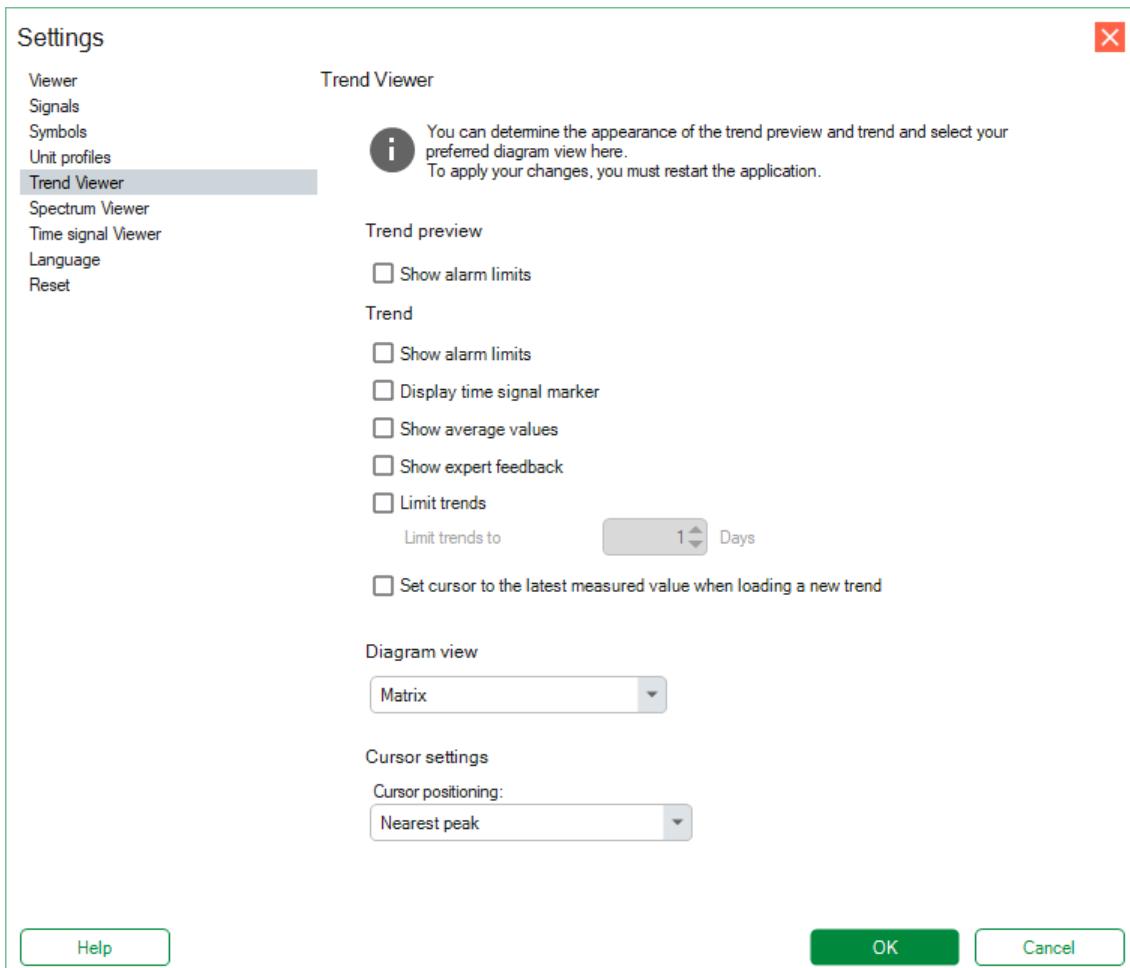
- **Preferred unit:** This option allows you to determine the unit to be used as standard for each unit type in every diagram. This unit will always be used to display the axes for this unit type.
- **Auto-scaling:** If this option is activated, the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software will automatically decide which unit is best for the diagram display, i.e. provides a clear and short display. This unit may differ from the **preferred unit** under certain circumstances.



A list of the underlying base units for the **EU profile** and the **US profile** can be found in **Appendix II: Base units**.

### 5.3.5.5 Trend Viewer settings

In the **Trend Viewer** area, you can set the default behaviour for Trend preview, Trend and the Diagram view.



You have the following options:

#### Trend preview

**Show alarm limits:** Activate this option to show the alarm limits in the Trend preview.

#### Trend

Here, you can determine the default behaviour for the trend display:

- **Show alarm limits:** Activate this option to show the alarm limits in the trend.
- **Display time signal marker:** Activate this option to display time signal markers in the trend.
- **Show average values:** Activate this option to show the average values in the trend.
- **Show expert feedback:** Activate this option to show the expert feedback in the trend.
- **Limit trends:** Here you can limit the loaded trends. To do this, activate the **Limit trends to** option and enter the desired number of **days** from which the trends can originate.
- **Set cursor to the latest measured value when loading a new trend:** Activate this option to always move the cursor to the most recent measured value when the trend is being loaded.

#### Diagram view

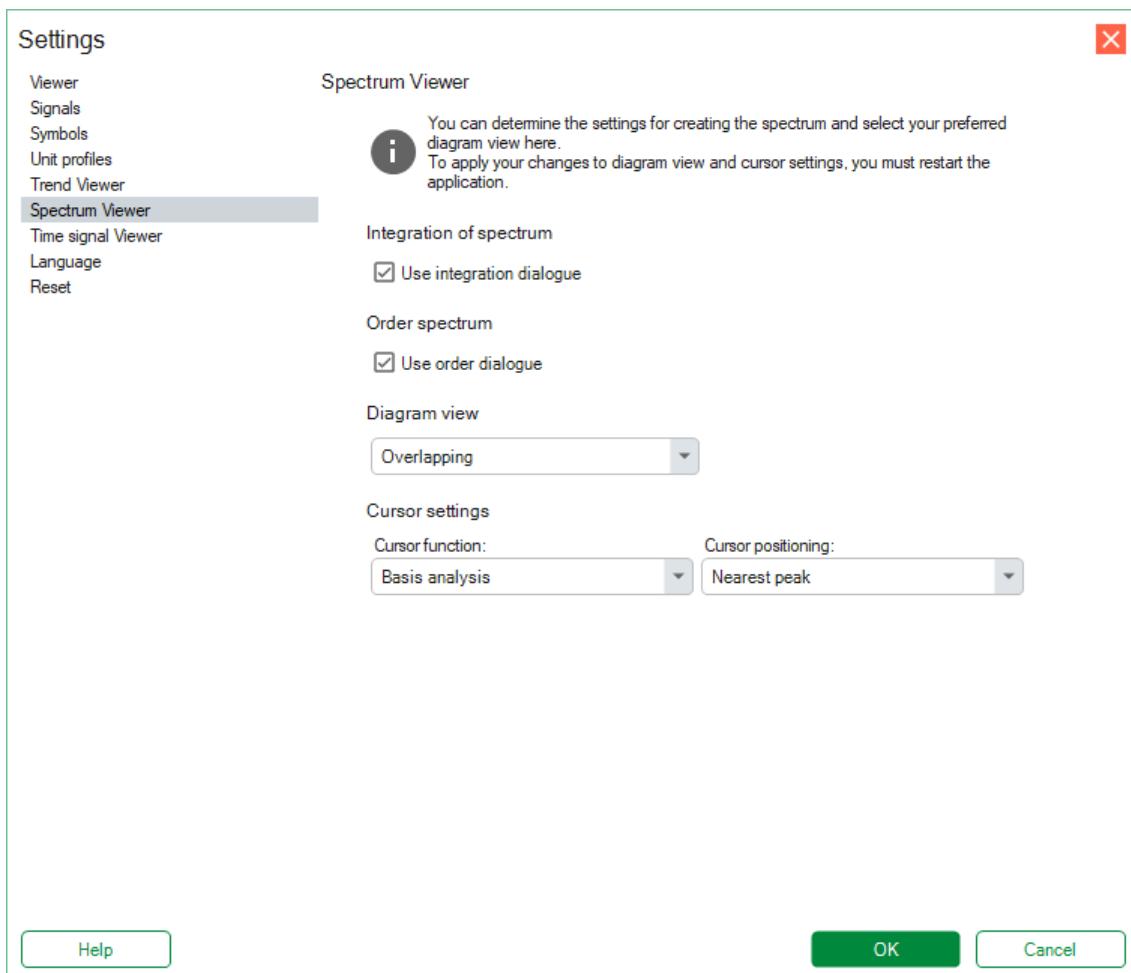
Here, you specify the diagram view in which the Viewer opens by default.

**Cursor settings**

Here you can specify for the Trend Viewer how the precise position of the base cursor will be determined when pulling in the diagram. You can find details on this in the **Position cursor**<sup>66</sup> section.

**5.3.5.6 Spectrum Viewer settings**

In the **Spectrum Viewer** area, you can set the default behaviour for spectrum creation and the diagram view.



You have the following options:

**Integration of spectrum** Here you can define whether the spectrum is automatically integrated or whether the integration dialogue box opens when you click the **Integrate signals** function  in the Spectrum Viewer toolbar:

- **Use integration dialogue:** Activate this option so that clicking **Integrate signals**  opens the integration dialogue .

**Order spectrum**

Here you can define whether the order spectrum is calculated automatically or whether the order dialogue box opens when you click the **Calculate order spectrum** function  in the Spectrum Viewer toolbar:

- **Use order dialogue:** Activate this option so that clicking **Calculate order spectrum**  opens the order dialogue .

**Diagram view**

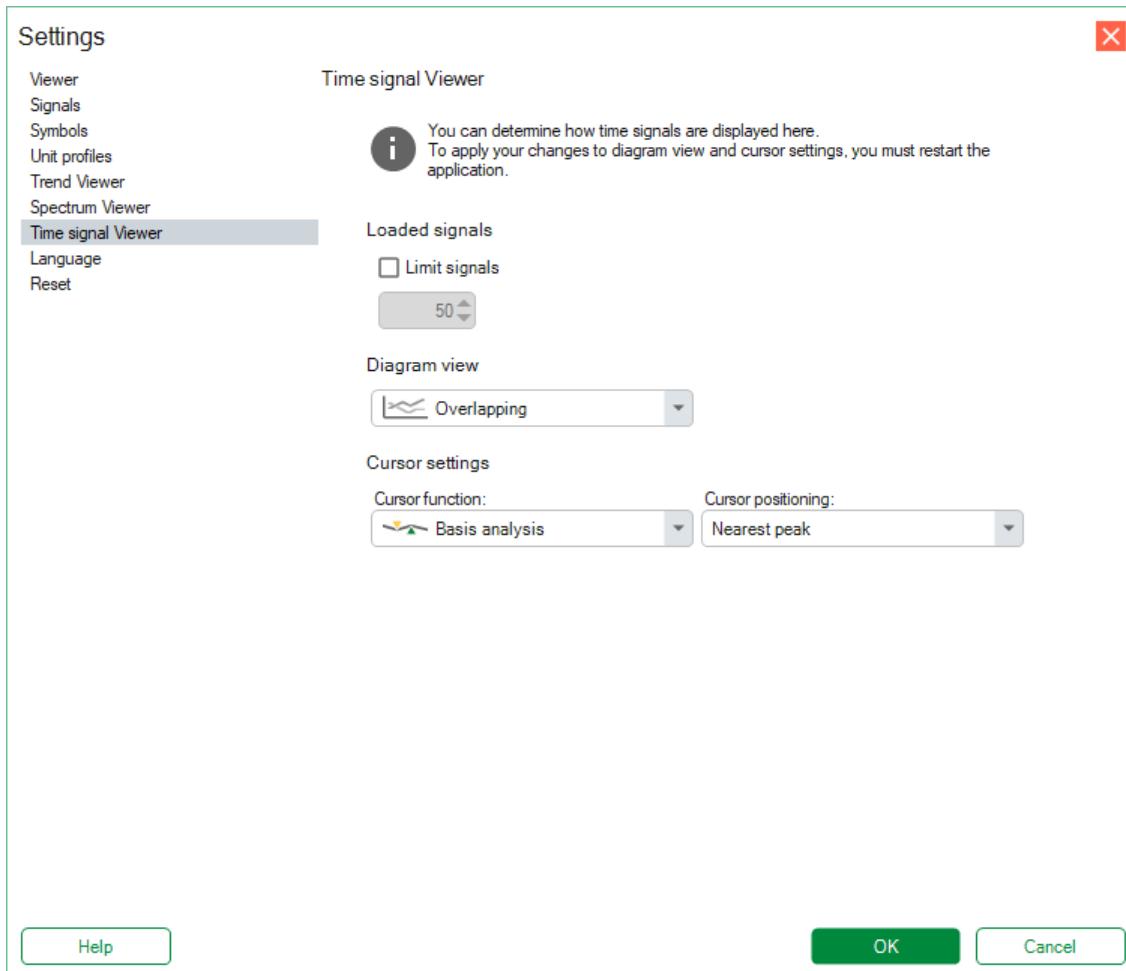
Here, you specify the diagram view in which the Viewer opens by default.

**Cursor settings**

Here you can define which cursor function is preset for the Spectrum Viewer and how the exact position of the base cursor and measure cursor is determined when dragging in the graph. For details, see the **Cursor setting**<sup>59</sup> and **Position cursor**<sup>66</sup> sections.

### 5.3.5.7 Time Signal Viewer settings

In the **Time Signal Viewer** area, you can set the default behaviour for the display of loaded signals as well as for the diagram view.



You have the following options:

#### Loaded signals

Here you can limit the loaded signals to a specific number and thereby prevent all signals from being loaded unintentionally. To do this, activate the **Limit signals** option and enter the desired number.

#### Diagram view

Here, you specify the diagram view in which the Viewer opens by default.

#### Cursor settings

Here you can define which cursor function is preset for the Spectrum Viewer and how the exact position of the base cursor and measure cursor is determined when dragging in the graph. For details, see the **Cursor setting** [59] and **Position cursor** [66] sections.

### 5.3.5.8 Language

In the **Language** area, you can change the program language of the Viewer software. To do so, select the desired language from the list and click **OK**.



This function is only available in the Viewer software.

### 5.3.5.9 Reset

You can reset the Viewer software program settings to the factory default settings in the **Reset** area. To do so, click on the **Reset program settings** button.



If you reset the software program settings, all database connections are deleted. The subscription information is retained.

### 5.3.6 Appendix I: Working with the keyboard and mouse

You can execute many of the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software functions using hotkeys and mouse movements. You will find these functions mainly in the following areas:

- **Zoom functions** : Zoom in and out of diagrams in increments simply by using the keyboard or mouse.
- **Scroll and move** : Cursor positioning and movements along axes are also possible with the keyboard and mouse.
- Hotkeys and the mouse also offer support in various areas, e.g. camera control  in 2D and 3D view or when adjusting the Viewer .

You can find details on hotkeys and mouse movements in the following sections.

#### 5.3.6.1 Zooming in a diagram

##### Zooming with hotkeys

<b>+ / -</b>	Zoom in on X-axis / zoom out on X-axis
<b>SHIFT + / SHIFT -</b>	Zoom in on Y-axis / zoom out on Y-axis
<b>CTRL + / CTRL -</b>	Zoom in on Z-axis / zoom out on Z-axis (3D view)
<b>SPACE BAR</b>	Undo all zoom steps
<b>BACK KEY</b>	Undo the last zoom step

##### Zooming with the mouse, or hotkeys and mouse

Press and hold left mouse button and drag	Zoom along the X-axis: as soon as you release the mouse button, the program zooms into the defined area*)
<b>SHIFT +</b> Press and hold left mouse button and drag	Zoom along the Y-axis: as soon as you release the mouse button, the program zooms into the defined area*)
<b>CTRL +</b> Press and hold left mouse button and drag	Zoom along the X and Y-axes: as soon as you release the mouse button, the program zooms into the defined area*)
Rotate mouse wheel forwards	Zoom into the X-axis by 10%
<b>SHIFT +</b> rotate mouse wheel forwards	Zoom into the Y-axis by 10%
<b>CTRL +</b> rotate mouse wheel forwards	Zoom into the Z-axis by 10%
<b>SHIFT + ALT +</b> left click	Undo all zoom steps
<b>ALT +</b> left click	Undo the last zoom step
Rotate mouse wheel backwards	Undo the last zoom step on the X-axis
<b>SHIFT +</b> rotate mouse wheel backwards	Undo the last zoom step on the Y-axis
<b>CTRL +</b> rotate mouse wheel backwards	Undo the last zoom step on the Z-axis



- \*) The axis the program will zoom in on depends on the orientation of a 3D diagram:  
 If you are viewing the diagram from above, **SHIFT +/SHIFT** - will zoom in or out on the Z-axis rather than the Y-axis. In general, the following applies:
- Not using the **SHIFT** key zooms the horizontal axis.
  - Using the **SHIFT** key zooms the vertical axis
  - Using the **CTRL** key zooms a combination of the two.

### 5.3.6.2 Scrolling and moving in a diagram

#### Scrolling in the diagram using hotkeys

<b>A / D</b>	Scroll the X-axis
<b>W / S</b>	Scroll the Y-axis
<b>Q / E</b>	Scroll the Z-axis

#### Scrolling in the diagram using the mouse

Press and hold the centre mouse button and drag the mouse in the desired direction

#### Using hot keys to move the cursor

<b>ARROW LEFT / ARROW RIGHT</b>	Moves the base cursor
<b>ARROW UP / ARROW DOWN</b>	Moves the measure cursor
<b>CTRL + ARROW LEFT / ARROW RIGHT</b>	Moves base and measure cursor simultaneously whilst maintaining the space between them
<b>CTRL + ARROW UP / ARROW DOWN</b>	Moves base and measure cursor simultaneously whilst maintaining the space between them
<b>SHIFT + ARROW LEFT / ARROW RIGHT</b>	Moves the base cursor at a faster speed
<b>SHIFT + ARROW UP / ARROW DOWN</b>	Moves the measure cursor at a faster speed
<b>HOME</b>	Positions the base cursor at the start of the signal
<b>END</b>	Positions the base cursor at the end of the signal
<b>SHIFT + HOME</b>	Positions the measure cursor at the start of the signal
<b>SHIFT + END</b>	Positions the measure cursor at the end of the signal
<b>ALT + LEFT ARROW/ALT + RIGHT ARROW</b>	<b>Time signal or spectrum only</b> Moves the base cursor in hundredths
<b>ALT + UP ARROW/ALT+ DOWN ARROW</b>	<b>Time signal or spectrum only</b> Moves the measure cursor in hundredths

#### Moving the cursor with the mouse

Left-click	Sets base cursor
<b>SHIFT + left click</b>	Sets measure cursor
Left-click on cursor and hold	Grabs base or measure cursor, e.g. to drag it to a different position

<b>CTRL + left click</b>	Sets base cursor and moves measure cursor in relation whilst maintaining the same distance between them
<b>CTRL + SHIFT + left click</b>	Sets measure cursor and moves base cursor in relation whilst maintaining the same distance between them
<b>CTRL + left-click on cursor and hold</b>	Grabs base and measure cursor simultaneously to drag them to a different position

### 5.3.6.3 Other functions

#### Viewer and diagram

<b>F11</b>	Switch full screen mode on/off You can also switch off full screen mode with <b>ESC</b> .
<b>CTRL + C</b>	Copy diagram
<b>CTRL + F</b>	Save diagram
<b>CTRL + I</b>	Show/hide the viewer's information bar

#### Signal display

<b>INPUT KEY</b>	Change between showing the active signals and all signals
<b>IMAGE UP/IMAGE DOWN</b>	Change between the loaded signals

#### Select cursor functions

<b>F2</b>	Select cursor function <b>Basis analysis</b>
<b>F3</b>	Select cursor function <b>Gear mesh</b>
<b>F5</b>	Select cursor function <b>Harmonics</b>
<b>F6</b>	Select cursor function <b>Sidebands</b>
<b>F7</b>	Select cursor function <b>Harmonics with sidebands</b>
<b>F8</b>	Select cursor function <b>Speed</b>
<b>F10</b>	Open <b>Cursor settings</b> dialogue box
<b>CTRL + SHIFT + T</b>	Apply the cursor value as the speed

#### Select option for cursor positioning

<b>SHIFT + F2</b>	Select <b>Free</b> positioning option
<b>SHIFT + F3</b>	Select <b>Next value</b> positioning option
<b>SHIFT + F4</b>	Select <b>Nearest peak</b> positioning option
<b>SHIFT + F5</b>	Select <b>Tenths</b> positioning option
<b>SHIFT + F6</b>	Select <b>Hundredths</b> positioning option

#### Scaling

<b>CTRL + Z</b>	Reset range scaling 
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### Camera functions in 3D spectrogram, waterfall and wireframe views

<b>CTRL + ALT + press and hold middle mouse button</b>	Rotate the diagram around the X and Y-axis
<b>CTRL + ALT + turn mouse wheel</b>	Zoom in/out of the diagram

## 5.4 Create report

You use this wizard to create reports from the downloaded SmartCheck or ProLink device data. To do this, the SmartUtility software combines the selected device data with a selected report template in Rich Text Format (RTF). The RTF report templates are included in the scope of delivery for all program languages. You can Edit templates [\[116\]](#) and under **More actions > Manage report templates**, you can Change settings for reports [\[114\]](#).



In every step of this wizard, you will see the **Finish** button. Click this button to create the report from your current step and go directly to the results list in **step 4**.

If you have started the wizard for the first time, the report will be created with the program's default settings:

- **Selected devices (step 1)**: All available devices in the database
- **Report template (step 2)**: The current default report template
- **Report time range (step 3)**: The previous three months up to the current day
- **Save options (step 3)** : Summarise reports for all devices in one report

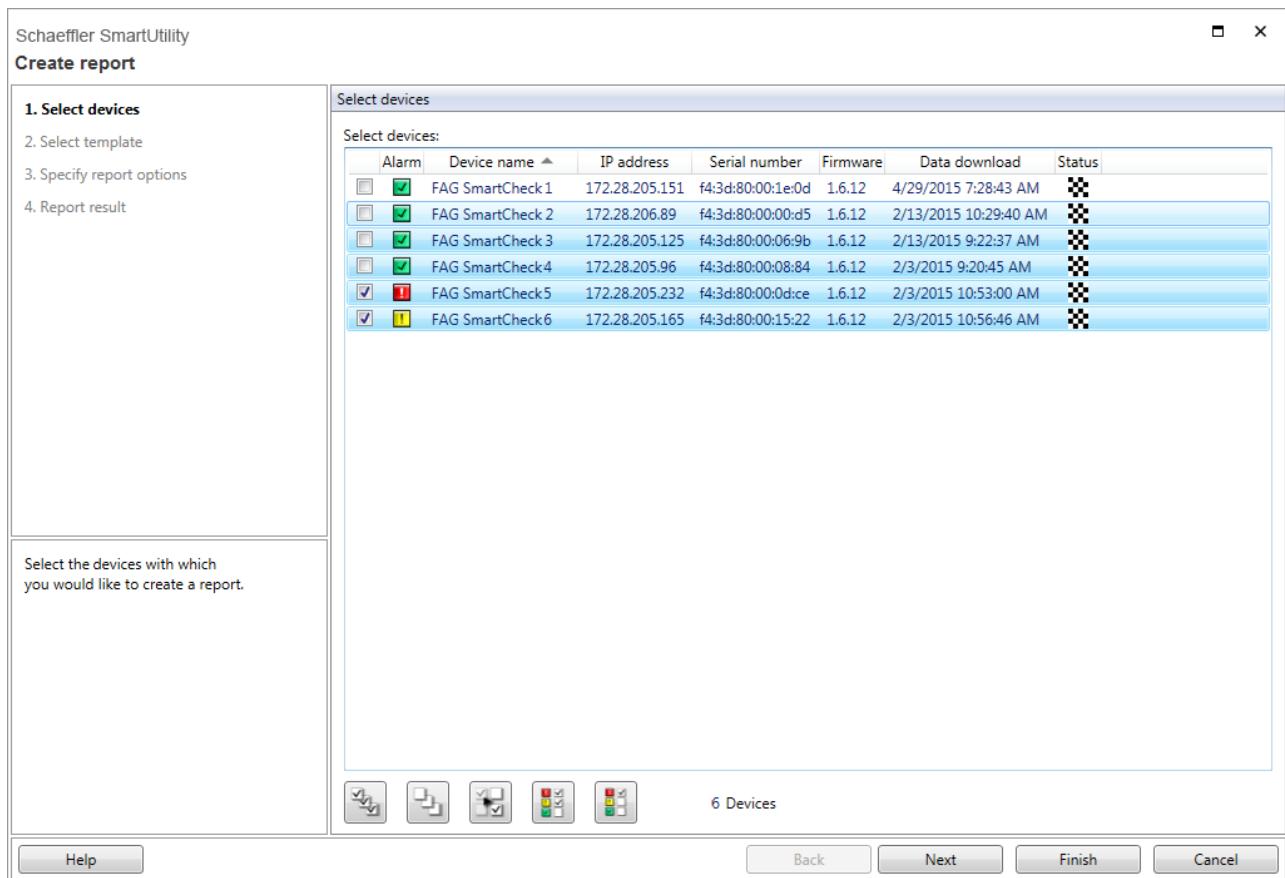
You can also use the **Finish** button as a short cut using your own settings:

- When you start the wizard for the first time, set the individual steps as desired.
- The next time you start the wizard, these settings will be applied automatically when you click **Finish**.

To create a report, proceed as follows:

### Step 1:

1. Select one or more devices from which to create a report. The list contains all SmartCheck or ProLink devices for which data is available in the database:



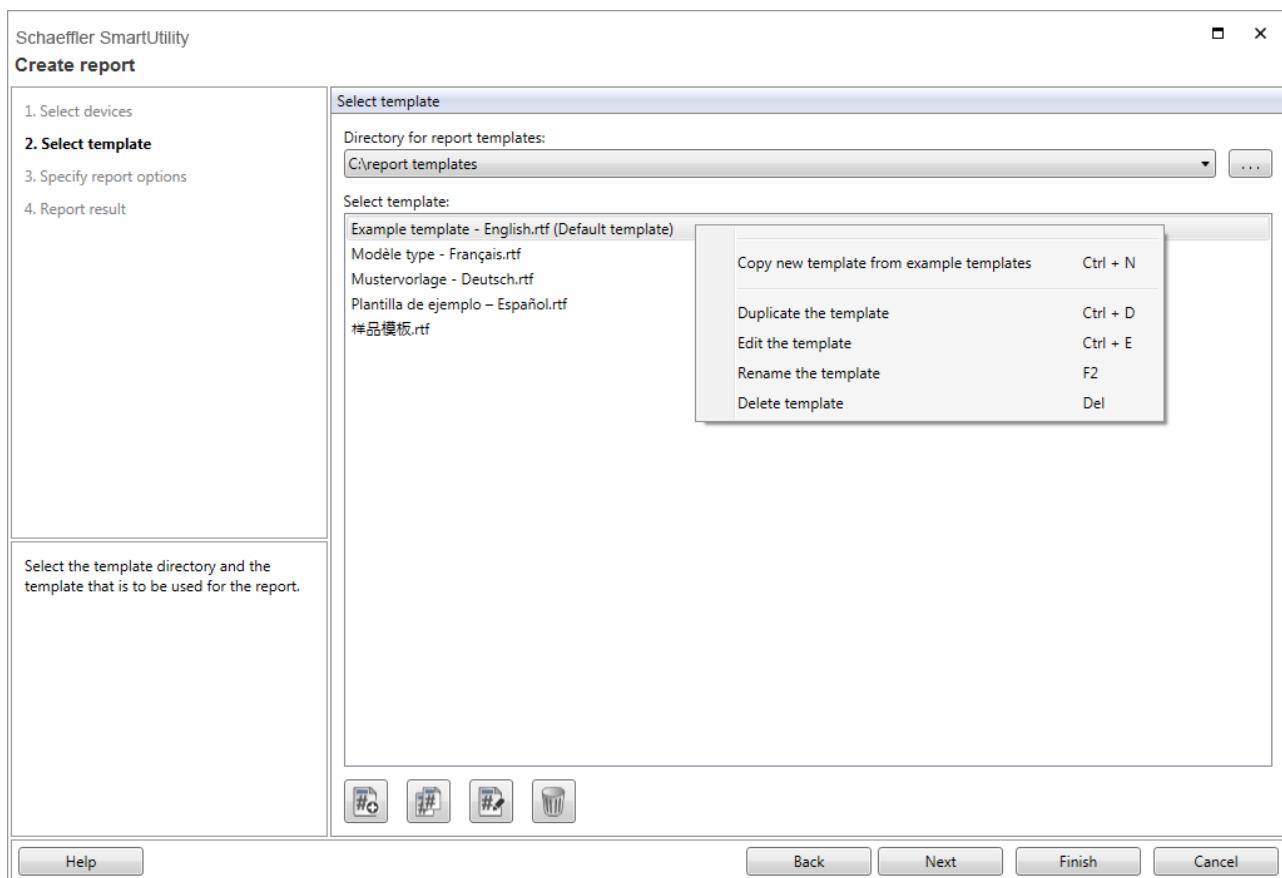
In the list of devices, you will find detailed information about each device, such as the alarm status, the device name or the date the data was downloaded.

## Step 2:

Select the directory containing the report templates. This may be the default directory <sup>115</sup> or a directory you have selected yourself.

The available report templates will then be listed below. The current default template will be preselected. Immediately after installation, this is the sample template in the current program language. You use the function **More actions > Manage report templates** to Change the standard template <sup>120</sup> as well as the template directory.

You can also use the buttons and context menu to create new templates <sup>116</sup>, duplicate templates <sup>118</sup>, edit templates <sup>117</sup>, rename templates <sup>119</sup> or delete templates:

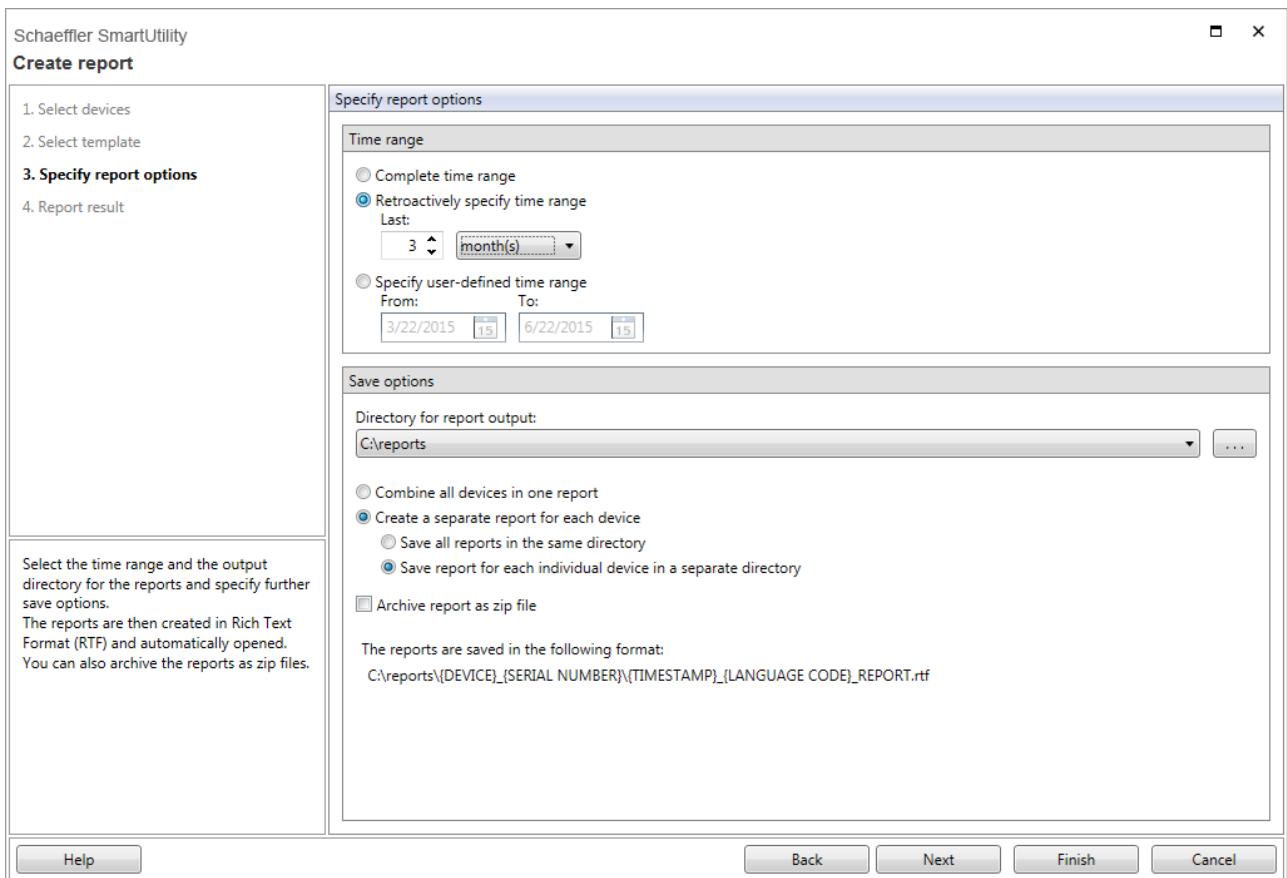


You must install the corresponding Windows language pack for the language in which you would like to create a report. If foreign-language entries in the **Logbook** section are incorrect or display with invalid characters, you must also install the Windows language pack for the language of the logbook entries. Note that some language packs are only available for the Professional or Ultimate versions of the Windows operating system.

Future versions of SmartUtility will contain new sample templates if required. If you want to create a new template or edit an existing one, you will be informed about new sample templates. You can stop receiving these messages with the option **Do not show this message again**. After reinstallation, the message will appear again.

### Step 3:

In the third step, you must specify the time range for which the report is to be created. You also specify here where and in which format the result is saved:



Here you have the following options:

#### Time range

This is where you determine the time range for which the report is to be created:

- **Complete time range:** The report is created from all measurement data available in the selected directory.
- **Retroactively specify time range:** If you activate this option, you can set the number of months, weeks or days up to the current date. Only the measurement data for this time range is then used for the report.  
The default setting is three months; the report will then include measurement data for the previous three months up to the current date.
- **Set user-defined time range:** If you activate this option, you can enter dates directly in the **From** and **To** fields for the desired time range or select the dates from the calendar. Only the measurement data from the selected time range is used for the report.

#### Save options

Specify the location and format in which the report is saved. You have the following options:

- **Directory for report output:**

The list is preset to display the default directory to which the report is saved. You specify this directory when you first open the software, or later under **More actions > Manage report templates** .

Click  to select a different directory as the storage location.

- **Combine all devices in one report:**

Select this option to summarise the report information for all selected devices in a single RTF document. Each device will have its own section in this RTF document.

- **Create a separate report for each device:**

Select this option to create a separate RTF document for each device. With both sub-operations, you specify whether the individual documents will be saved in one subdirectory or in separate subdirectories.

- **Archive reports as zip file:**

Activate this option to add the created reports to a ZIP archive. The compressed reports can then be sent by email for example.

The ZIP archive saves the entire path including all subdirectories as set up on the hard drive.

- **Directory path:**

This path corresponds to your settings and is updated immediately each time the settings are changed.

The terms time stamp, device (for individual reports) and language are simply used here as placeholders and will be replaced by the actual values.



If you have not changed the default name of your SmartCheck or ProLink device, all devices have the same name. In this case, the appropriate serial number according to the selected save format will be integrated into the file or subdirectory names.

Devices with the same name that are to be summarised in a single report cannot be differentiated from each other by name in the report. In this case, we recommend giving each device its own name <sup>105</sup>.

#### **Step 4:**

Once **step 3** is completed, the reports will be created in accordance with your settings. In **step 4**, you will see the created reports:

Schaeffler SmartUtility

**Create report**

1. Select devices 2. Select template 3. Specify report options <b>4. Report result</b>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <b>Report result</b> </div> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Device name</th> <th>IP address</th> <th>Serial number</th> <th>Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td>FAG SmartCheck 5</td> <td>172.28.205.232</td> <td>f4:3d:80:00:0d:ce</td> <td>Report successfully created</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td>FAG SmartCheck 6</td> <td>172.28.205.165</td> <td>f4:3d:80:00:15:22</td> <td>Report successfully created</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">           Creating reports. You will receive a status message as soon as the action is complete.         </div>		Device name	IP address	Serial number	Result	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAG SmartCheck 5	172.28.205.232	f4:3d:80:00:0d:ce	Report successfully created	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAG SmartCheck 6	172.28.205.165	f4:3d:80:00:15:22	Report successfully created
	Device name	IP address	Serial number	Result												
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAG SmartCheck 5	172.28.205.232	f4:3d:80:00:0d:ce	Report successfully created												
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAG SmartCheck 6	172.28.205.165	f4:3d:80:00:15:22	Report successfully created												

[Help](#) [Back](#) [Next](#) [Finish](#) [Cancel](#)

The symbol at the beginning of each line shows you the status of the report at a glance. In the **Results** column, you will find more detailed information about the creation of the report or problems encountered during creation. You can find the following information here:

Symbol	Result	Explanation
✓	Report successfully created	There were no problems when creating the report. Click <b>Finish</b> to open the report.
!	An error occurred when accessing the template. The file may still be open in another program.	If the selected report template is still open in an editor, the report cannot be created. Close the report template and try again.
	You may not have permission to write to the directory <name>! Please check your details!	You need write access for the directory to which the report is to be saved. Check your permissions for the directory selected in <b>step 3</b> .
	The file used is not a valid report template. Please repair or replace the report template.	Valid report templates must be in RTF format and can only contain predefined tags <sup>[120]</sup> . The SmartUtility software provides you with a sample template for each program language. You can use these as a basis to create and edit your own report templates <sup>[116]</sup> .
	The report template does not contain any tags that can be expanded with data. Please repair or replace the report template.	Report templates can only be populated with data if they contain predefined tags. The SmartUtility software offers a wide selection of different tags <sup>[120]</sup> that can be used to populate the report with device data, measurement time ranges and creation data.
	SQLite database file not found	This message indicates that the database is not in an up-to-date format. A report cannot be created from a database in an out-dated format. Use the function <b>More actions &gt; Migrate data</b> <sup>[124]</sup> to convert the database.

#### Result:

Click **Finish** to view the created reports. This step depends on your settings in **step 3**:

- **All reports in one file:** The file is immediately opened in the default program for RTF files, such as MS Word.
- **A separate report file for each device:** The directory containing the individual files is opened.
- **A separate subdirectory for each individual report:** The parent directory containing all the report subdirectories is opened.
- **ZIP archive:** The content of the ZIP archive is displayed.



When you open the completed report in MS Word, please note the following:

- Confirm where necessary that the file opens in RTF format.
- The table of contents must be updated manually. To do this, right-click in the table of contents and select **Update Field > Update entire table**.

## 5.5 Edit device settings

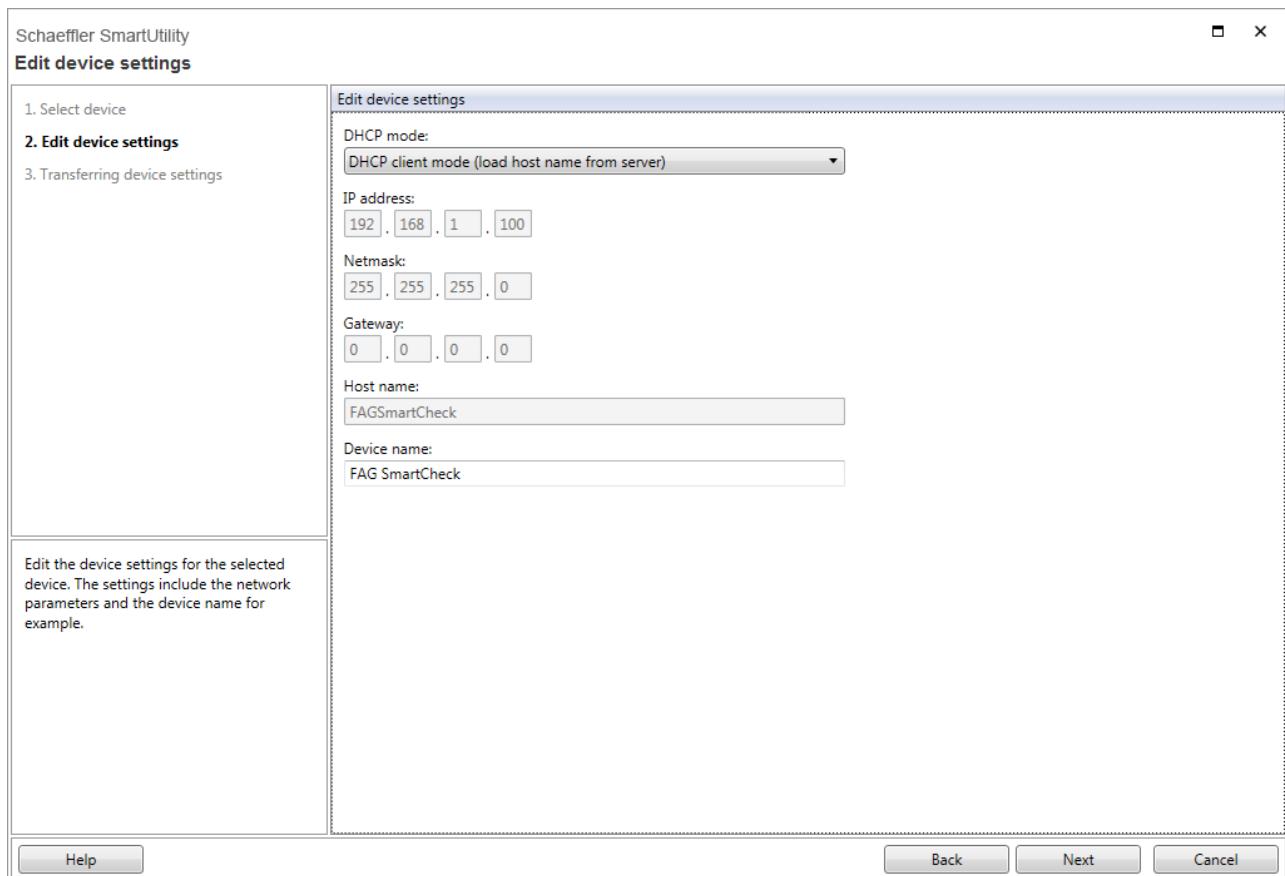
With this wizard, you can specify the DHCP mode and associated settings for the SmartCheck or ProLink device. Proceed as follows:

#### Step 1:

Select the required device for which you want to specify the settings.

#### Step 2:

In the second step, you can specify the required settings and send them to the SmartCheck or ProLink device.



Here you have the following options:

#### No DHCP

With this option, you can specify the IP address or continue to use the SmartCheck or ProLink device's default IP address.

If **No DHCP** is activated, you must also specify the other settings in this step, e.g. **IP address, netmask or host name**.

#### DHCP client mode

(load host name from server)

With this option, the SmartCheck or ProLink device automatically receives an IP address within your network. The device name is specified via the network's DNS server (reverse DNS).

#### DHCP client mode

(send host name to server)

With this option, the SmartCheck or ProLink device automatically receives an IP address within your network. The device name is registered by the SmartCheck or ProLink device in the network's DNS server.

#### Device name

Here you can alter the **device name** of the SmartCheck or ProLink device. Give each device a unique name, so that you can find it again straight away in the list boxes.



- If the IP address is allocated automatically via DHCP, the SmartCheck or ProLink device can only be accessed via the automatically allocated IP address. You can no longer use the default IP address.
- The default name of the SmartCheck devices is "**Schaeffler SmartCheck**" and the name of the ProLink devices is "**Schaeffler ProLink**". If you want to integrate multiple SmartCheck or ProLink devices into your plant, it is important that you give each device a unique name. Otherwise, you can only identify the devices in the wizard lists via the IP address or the serial number.
- If user management is activated on the SmartCheck or ProLink device, you must also enter a username and password in SmartUtility. If these are not entered, the device settings will not be transferred.

#### Result:

In the third step, you can check the result of the action.

## 5.6 Downloading the configuration

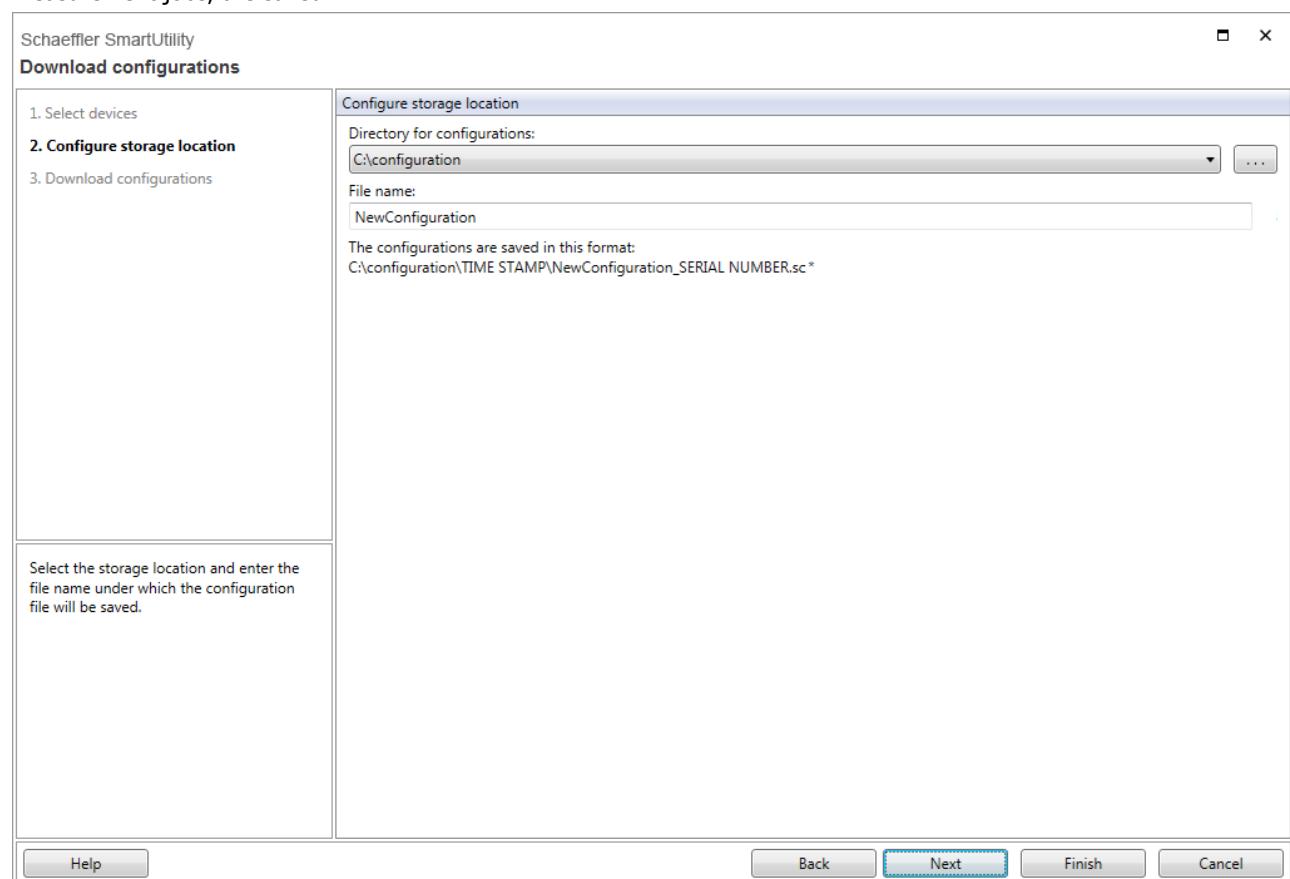
With this wizard, you can download the configuration of the measurement jobs of one or multiple SmartCheck or ProLink devices as files, for example to send them to other SmartCheck or ProLink devices or to back them up before a firmware update. Proceed as follows:

### Step 1:

Select the required SmartCheck or ProLink device or devices.

### Step 2:

The second step is to specify the directory and file name under which the configuration files, i.e. the files with the measurement jobs, are saved:



Here you have the following options:

- Directory for configurations** Here you determine the directory in which the configurations are to be saved. You have the following options:
- The list shows the default directory for configurations by default. This directory is specified either when you first launch the software or subsequently under **More actions > Settings > General** 
  - Click  to select another directory and specify this as the save location.

#### File name

Using valid characters, you can determine the file name here, which is to receive the downloaded configurations. The names of the individual files will then be supplemented with the serial number of the appropriate device.

Invalid characters for the file name are:

< > ? " : | / \ \*

If you use these characters, they will be replaced by an underscore.

The path generated from your settings for **Directory** and **File name** is indicated to you beneath the settings as an example. This is automatically amended with each additional change.

#### Step 3:

The file or, in the case of several selected devices, the files, is/are downloaded. Wait until the process is completed.

#### Result:

The downloaded configurations are located in the directory you specified in **Step 2**. The file name specified by you is supplemented by the serial number of the appropriate SmartCheck or ProLink devices.



If you download configurations from a SmartCheck device with firmware version 1.4 (or older), the configurations are automatically converted into the new file format for SmartUtility software 1.6. You can then no longer send these converted configurations to SmartCheck devices with the old firmware version!

## 5.7 Sending the configuration

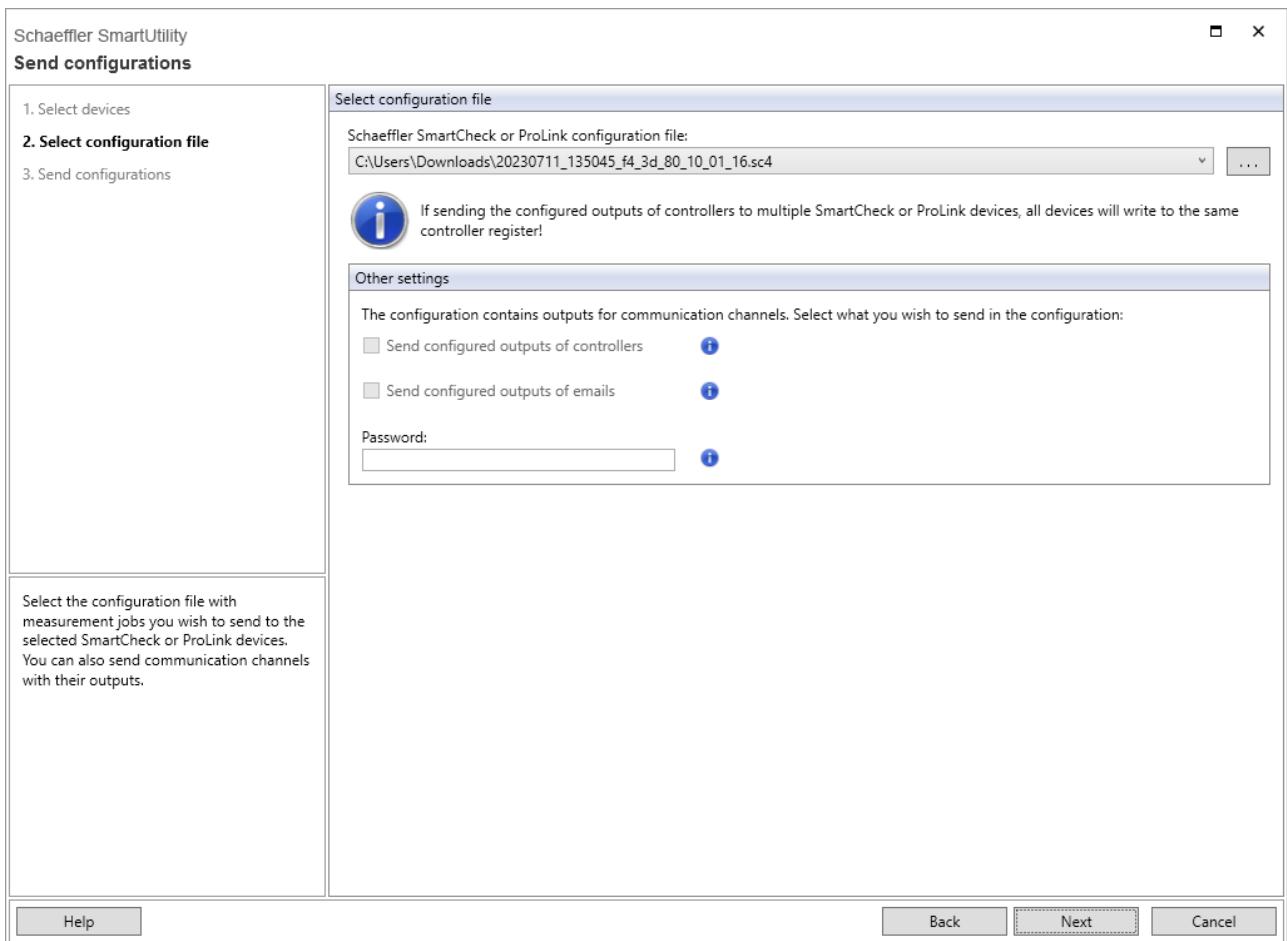
With this wizard, you can send the configuration of the measurement jobs as a file to one SmartCheck or ProLink device or several devices. Proceed as follows:

#### Step 1:

Select the required SmartCheck or ProLink device or devices to which you want to send the configuration file with the measurement jobs.

#### Step 2:

The second step is to select the file (file ending SC3 or SC4) you want to send.



Here you have the following options:

#### Configuration file

Determine the configuration file you want to send. If the selection list is empty, click  to browse and select a file.

#### Other settings

Enter other settings here:

- **Send configured outputs of controllers:** If the configuration file contains outputs for controllers, you can determine here whether they are also configured.  
All devices to which you send these outputs will write to the same controller register. For this reason, the option is disabled by default.  
The communication channel, i.e. the controller settings, is always sent.
- **Send configured outputs of emails:** If the configuration file contains outputs for emails, you can determine whether these are also sent.  
By default, this option is enabled and configured email outputs are sent.  
The communication channel, i.e. the settings of the email server, is always sent.
- **Reset and do not send saved classification data (recommended):**  
Classification data is similar to learned values and refers to a specific application.  
For this reason, the option is enabled by default:  
Classification data is reset and not sent with the configuration file.
- **Password:** If the configuration of the SmartCheck or ProLink device has been backed up using the SmartWeb software with a data encryption password set, you must enter the password here. In the SmartWeb software, you determine the data encryption password in the menu under **Edit > Device settings > Edit security settings**. If you do not know the password, contact the administrator of the device.

#### Step 3:

The file with the measurement jobs and communication channels is sent to the selected SmartCheck or ProLink devices. Wait until the process is completed.

#### Result:

The measurement jobs and communication channels saved in the selected file are now on all SmartCheck or ProLink devices to which you sent the file.



- After you have sent the new measurement job configuration to the SmartCheck or ProLink device, it takes a while before the new alarm status for the devices is displayed in the device overview.
- If you had already downloaded data for analysis for the old configuration, the new measurement job configuration also has an effect on the analysis in the Viewer: As soon as you download data from the new configuration and open it for analysis, Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer creates a new measurement job. The old and new measurement jobs are displayed one underneath the other for the respective SmartCheck or ProLink device.
- If a downloaded configuration contains an alarm status configuration for communication channels (e.g. a controller), this alarm status configuration is not included in the transfer by default. This prevents multiple Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink devices from writing to the same registers for the external controller. You can ensure that the alarm status configuration is sent by ticking the box by "Send communication channels to SmartCheck or ProLink device".
- If a downloaded configuration contains learning mode data, this is also sent by default. If necessary, restart the learning mode, otherwise the stored characteristic values are used.
- If you are using an older version of SmartWeb, you should first back up its configurations with the **Download configuration** wizard. You can then update SmartWeb to the SmartUtility version. The backed-up configurations can subsequently be installed again using the **Send configuration** wizard.
- If you want to send a configuration (from version 1.6.10 onwards) to an SmartCheck device with an older or the same version (e.g. 1.6.6), you may need to change the basic measurement job used in the newer version to a standard measurement job so that the configuration can be sent.
- If a downloaded configuration contains external sensors that are connected via both of the analogue inputs or via the digital input, the name of the input channel is extended with the code "\_ext" and a number if necessary. This naming format ensures that the external input channels are clearly marked.

## 5.8 Update firmware

With this wizard, you can send a file with a firmware update to one or more SmartCheck or ProLink devices. More detailed information on firmware updates and the corresponding notifications is set out in your service or maintenance contract.

### CAUTION



#### **Measurement data and configurations may be irretrievably deleted!**

If you update the firmware of a SmartCheck or ProLink device, depending on the update version, you may lose all the measurement data and configurations saved on the device. Note the following when updating the firmware of SmartCheck devices:

- When changing from version 1.2 to a higher version, all measurement data and configurations are lost.
- When changing from version 1.4 or 1.6 to a higher version, all measurement data is lost.
- From versions 1.4.27 and 1.6.6, configurations are usually retained.
- Measurement data and configurations are not retained until version 1.10

Before updating the SmartCheck or ProLink firmware, download the measurement data with the SmartUtility software if required. In addition, you can download the configuration (with the taught alarm limits) for the SmartCheck or ProLink device via the SmartUtility software and install it again after the firmware update.

If the configurations and alarm limits do not have to be deleted during a firmware update, the SmartUtility software will tell you this.

---

**CAUTION****Values in alarm maps with a completed learning mode may be lost!**

If you have started the learning mode for the SmartCheck or ProLink device in conjunction with one or two other signals, the associated alarm maps are populated gradually during the learning process. A firmware update has the following effects:

- All alarm maps are reset to the **Use learning mode** status, regardless of whether the learning mode was already completed in a map.
- Learning mode is deactivated and the outstanding maps remain unchanged.
- If you re-activate learning mode, it restarts for all maps. You also lose the values that have already been taught-in.

To back up the values in the alarm maps with a completed learning mode, proceed as follows:

1. Manually deactivate the **Use learning mode** option for each completed alarm map. You can find this option in the configuration wizards for the SmartWeb software.
2. Activate the learning mode only at this point.

For more information about the learning mode, please see the section entitled **Learning mode and alarm maps** in the manual for the SmartWeb software.

---

**Only SmartCheck systems:**

The update to SmartUtility version 1.10 is also associated with a migration. You therefore cannot downgrade from 1.10 to a previous version. All future firmware versions will also be based on this update with migration. This means, for example, that you can no longer update from version 1.6.20 directly to a future version 1.12. You must always install version 1.10 first.

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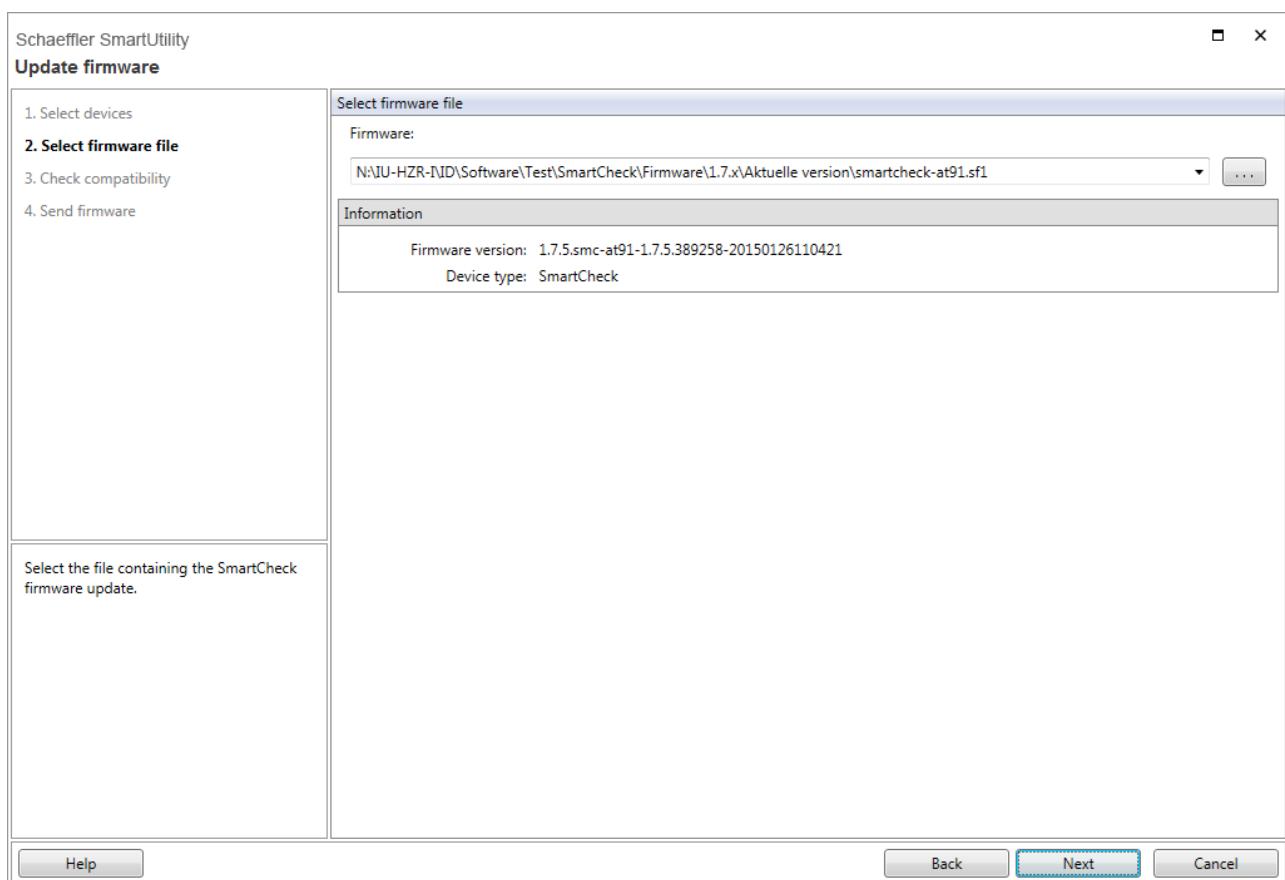
To send a firmware update, proceed as follows:

**Step 1:**

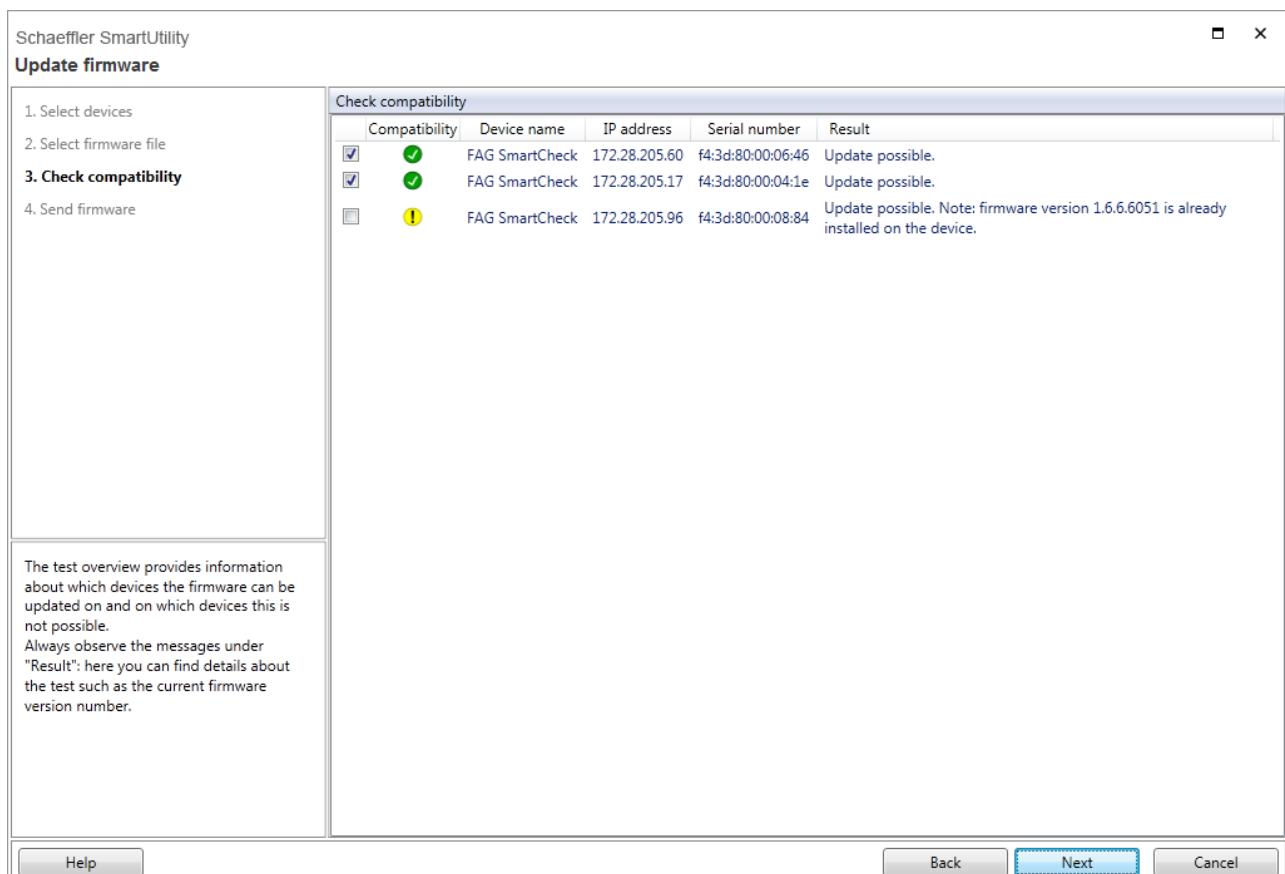
Select the required SmartCheck or ProLink device or devices whose firmware you want to update.

**Step 2:**

Specify the file with the firmware update; the file has the ending **SF2**. Once you have selected a file, you will find the version number and the device type for this firmware file in the **Information** section.

**Step 3:**

This step checks which firmware is present on the selected devices. You are then presented with an overview of the verification result:



You can find the following information here:

	<p>This symbol indicates devices whose firmware can be updated with the selected firmware version. These devices are already ticked.</p> <p>The following requirement is needed for this status:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The firmware version of the device is lower than the selected firmware version.</li></ul> <p>Details on this can be found in the <b>Result</b> column.</p>
	<p>This symbol indicates devices whose firmware can be updated with the selected firmware version. The checkmark is not yet activated for this status as the update could have undesired effects under certain circumstances.</p> <p>For this status you will receive a detailed explanation of the verification result. You should not activate the checkmark until you have read this explanation and have been notified of the possible effects of the update.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The firmware version of the device is identical to the selected firmware version.</li><li>• The firmware version of the device could not be read and it is not certain whether it is compatible with the selected firmware version. If you perform the update, it is possible that the device will reset to the factory firmware version.</li><li>• For updates prior to version 1.10: The firmware version of the device could not be read but the device version is compatible with the selected firmware version. It is possible that you may not be able to re-use the device configurations following the update.</li><li>• The firmware version of the device is higher than the selected firmware version. The update will downgrade the device firmware version to the lower version. The configurations will be lost in this case, as only upwards compatibility is guaranteed.</li></ul> <p>Details on this can be found in the <b>Result</b> column.</p>
	<p>This symbol indicates devices whose firmware cannot be updated with the selected firmware version. You cannot tick these devices.</p> <p>The update may be blocked for the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The selected firmware version is lower than the factory firmware for the device.</li><li>• The selected firmware version is not compatible with the device version.</li><li>• The selected firmware version is unknown.</li><li>• The version of SmartUtility is too low.</li><li>• The firmware version of the device is too low and cannot be updated in a single step. You must first update the device with a lower firmware version.</li><li>• The firmware version of the device is version 1.10 or above. In this case, it is no longer possible to import a lower version.</li><li>• A communication error occurred.</li><li>• Device login failed. You may have activated user management in SmartWeb.</li></ul> <p>Details on this can be found in the <b>Result</b> column.</p>
<b>Device name, IP address, Serial number</b>	This information identifies the SmartCheck or ProLink device for the line in question.
<b>Result</b>	Here you can find detailed information on the verification result. This information tells you why the firmware can - or cannot - be updated.

#### Step 4:

Click **Next** to send the firmware to the selected SmartCheck or ProLink devices and wait until the process is fully completed.



The factory firmware is the firmware originally supplied with the device. The version of the new firmware cannot be lower than the factory firmware version; updating in this case will not be possible. The system reverts to the factory firmware if required, e.g. if the update fails.

#### Result:

After the firmware is updated, the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink device is unavailable for a time, as a safety mechanism is being run. This mechanism ensures that your device is functioning properly again after the firmware update. The duration of unavailability depends on the result of this check:

- If your device with the new firmware is functioning properly, the SmartCheck or ProLink device will be available again after approx. 6–7 minutes.
- If this is not the case, the old firmware will automatically be reinstalled. It will then take approx. 20 minutes until the device is available again.



For updates to SmartCheck firmware versions before version 1.10, please clear the browser cache after the update. This is necessary to ensure that the latest version of the Schaeffler SmartWeb software is loaded in your browser.

### Checking the firmware version on the SmartCheck or ProLink device

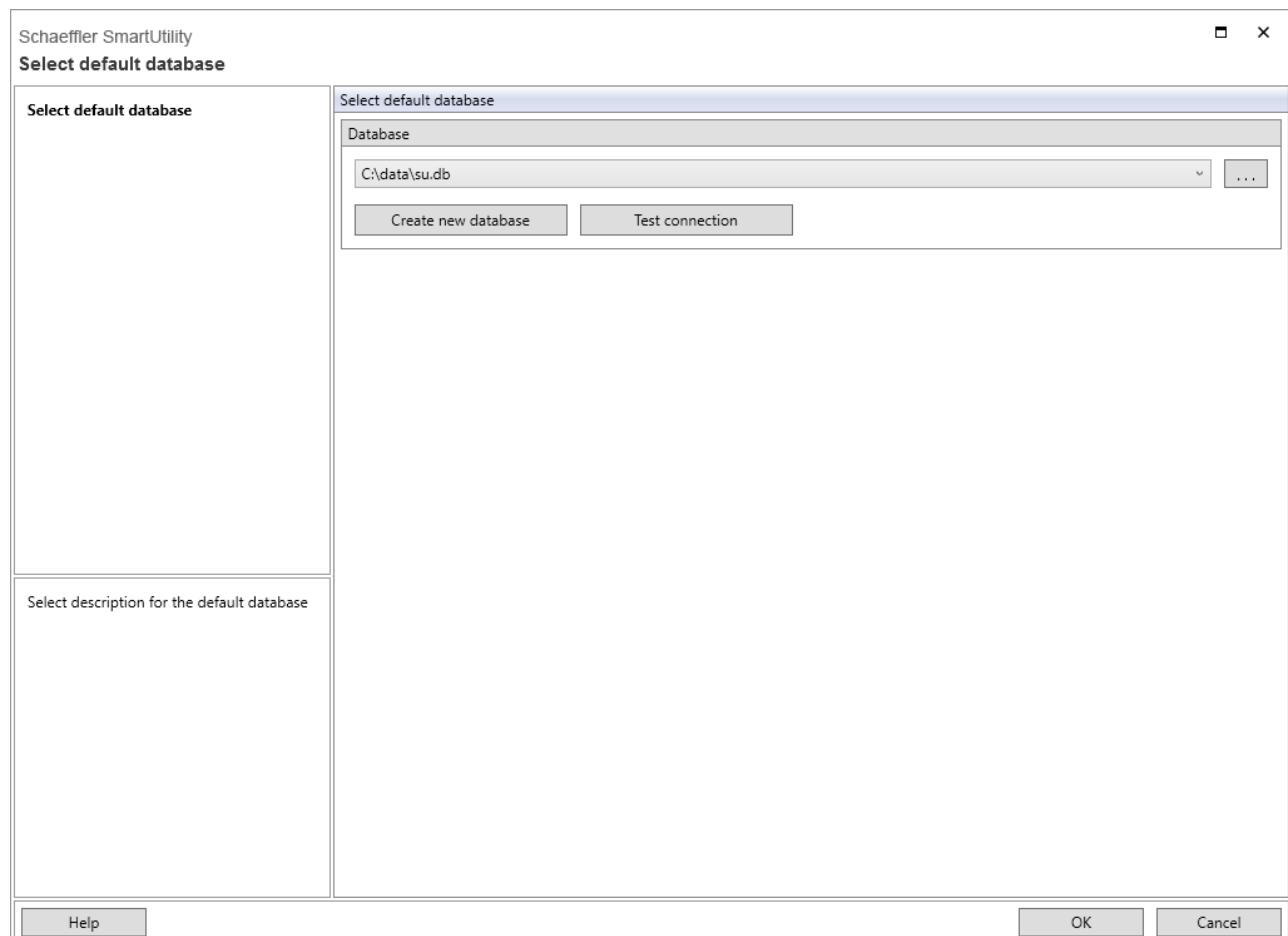
You can see which version of the firmware is set up on your Schaeffler SmartWeb device in the SmartCheck or ProLink software. To do this, proceed as follows:

1. With the **Open devices** wizard, open the required SmartCheck or ProLink device or the corresponding SmartWeb software. Alternatively, you can also enter the IP address of the SmartCheck or ProLink device in a browser.
2. In the SmartWeb software menu bar, click on **Help**.
3. Select **Version**.

Here you can find detailed information on the version of the SmartCheck or ProLink device, including the device ID and serial number.

## 5.9 Select default database

During installation, the database where the data of all devices is stored is automatically created under the following path and name: C:\data\su.db. To change or recreate this database, click on **More actions > Select default database**:



You have the following options here:



Click this button to browse to a different directory and set it as the database directory.

#### Create new database

Click this button to choose a new directory and create the database there. You cannot change the name of the database **su.db**.

#### Test connection

Click this button to check the connection to the database. The result of the check will be displayed next to the button.

## 5.10 Open directory for database

Click **More actions > Open directory for database** to open the directory in which SmartUtility stores the database with the data of all the devices. Depending on the Windows version installed on your system, this directory is located by default under:

- C:\data

You can change the directory for the database **Settings > Database**

## 5.11 Open log file directory

Click on **More actions > Open log file directory** to open the directory in which SmartUtility deposits the log files. Depending on the Windows version installed on your system, this directory is located by default under:

- C:\Users\[User name]\AppData\Roaming\Condition Monitoring

All software system messages and information on processes are recorded in the log files. You can open a log file with a text editor or word processor.

## 5.12 Opening the default directories

Click on **More actions > Open default directory for configurations/Open default directory for report output** to open the directory in which the SmartUtility software saves or searches for downloaded configuration files/reports. Depending on the Windows version installed on your system, these directories are located by default under:

- C:\configuration
- C:\reports

You can change the default directories in **Settings > General** or **Settings > Report** .

## 5.13 Manage report templates

You can use the SmartUtility software to create reports in RTF format from the downloaded SmartCheck or ProLink device data. The templates for these reports can be managed in the following locations within the SmartUtility software:

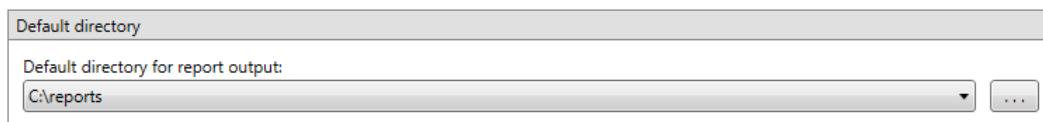
- In the menu under **More actions > Manage report templates**
- In the menu under **More actions > Settings > Report**.

### Default directory

Here, you can change the directory to which the finished reports are saved by default. The directory is automatically created at the following path at installation:

- C:\reports

Click to search for a new directory and set it as the default directory for reports. You can now find directories that you have previously selected in the list box.



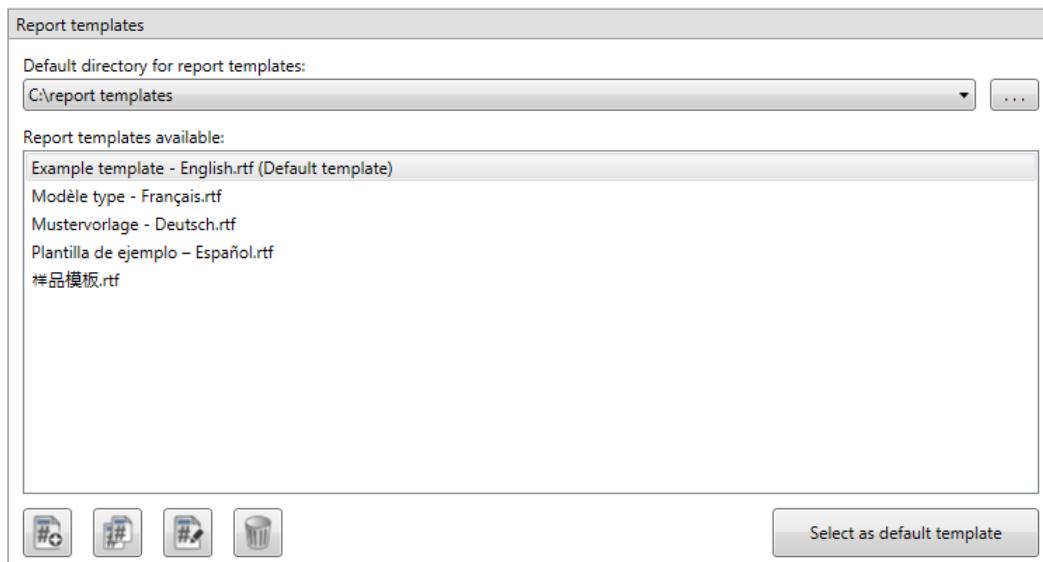
## Report templates

Here, you can change the directory to which your report templates are to be saved by default. The directory is automatically created at the following path at installation:

- **C:\report templates**

Click to search for a new directory and set it as a default directory for your report templates. You can now find directories that you have previously selected in the list box.

Here, you can also manage the available report templates, create new templates and set a template as the default template:



Here you have the following options:



Here, you can copy a new template from the sample templates .



Here, you can duplicate selected templates e.g. to edit the copy.



Here, you can edit selected templates and modify them to meet your requirements.



Here, you can delete the selected templates after confirmation.

**Select as default template** Here, you can define the selected template as the default template .

**Rename template** This option is only available in the context menu (see below). Click this option to open a dedicated dialogue to change the template name .

**Context menu** Right-click the selected template to open the context menu to access the options described above: **Copy new template from sample template**, **Duplicate template**, **Edit template**, **Rename template** and **Delete template**.

Report templates available:

Example template - English.rtf (Default template)  
Modèle type - Français.rtf  
Mustervorlage - Deutsch.rtf  
Plantilla de ejemplo - Español.rtf  
#品模板.rtf

Select as default template	Ctrl + S
Copy new template from example templates	Ctrl + N
Duplicate the template	Ctrl + D
Edit the template	Ctrl + E
Rename the template	F2
Delete template	Del



The following hotkeys can also be used for the options described above:

<b>Ctrl+S</b>	Select as default template
<b>Ctrl+N</b>	Copy new template from sample template
<b>Ctrl+D</b>	Duplicate template
<b>Ctrl+E</b>	Edit template
<b>F2</b>	Rename template
<b>DEL</b>	Delete template

### 5.13.1 Creating and editing report templates

The SmartUtility software creates reports on the basis of templates in RTF format. A sample template in every program language is included in the scope of delivery. By default this can be found in the **C:\report templates** directory. Using an editor and these sample templates as a basis, you can create new templates<sup>116</sup> and directly edit all existing templates<sup>117</sup> or first create a copy<sup>118</sup>. You can also rename a template<sup>119</sup> and define an existing template as the default template<sup>120</sup>. Details about these actions can be found in the following sections.



Future versions of SmartUtility will contain new sample templates if required. If you want to create a new template or edit an existing one, you will be informed about new sample templates. You can stop receiving these messages with the option **Do not show this message again**. After reinstallation, the message will appear again.

If you rename or add templates in Windows Explorer, reload the template list to see the result. To do this, reselect the directory for report templates:  
Open the list box and click the name of the directory:



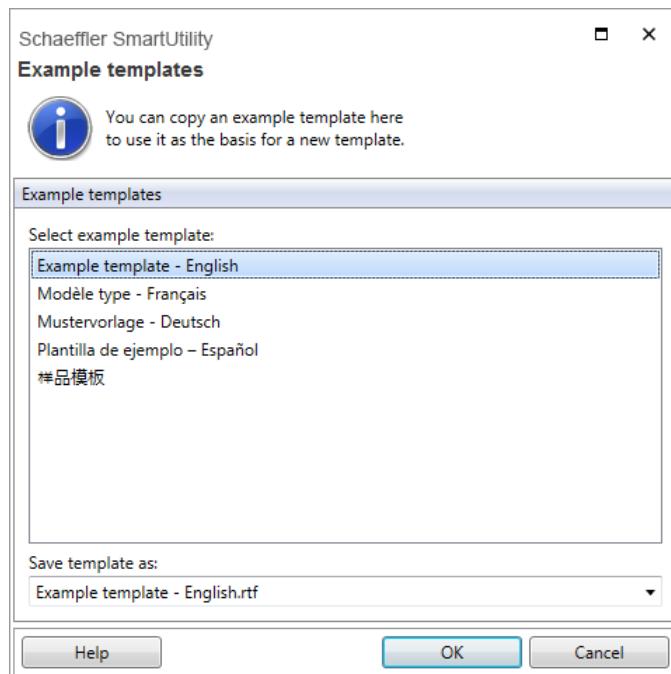
#### Copy new template from sample template

This function can be found in the following locations in the SmartUtility software:

- In the **Create report** wizard, **step 2**
- In the menu under **More actions > Manage report templates**
- In the menu under **More actions > Settings > Report**.

Proceed as follows:

1. Click to open the window to select a sample template:



2. Select the sample template on which you want to base a new template.
3. Under **Save template as**, you must specify a name for the new template. By default, this is **New report template - [language]**.
4. Click **OK**. The new template will be saved automatically in the default directory for report templates.



If you accidentally delete all templates in the template directory, you can use this function to create new templates. The sample templates in the various languages are embedded in the SmartUtility software and will still be available.

## Edit template

This function can be found in the following locations in the SmartUtility software:

- In the **Create report** wizard, **step 2**
- In the menu under **More actions > Manage report templates**
- In the menu under **More actions > Settings > Report**.

Proceed as follows:

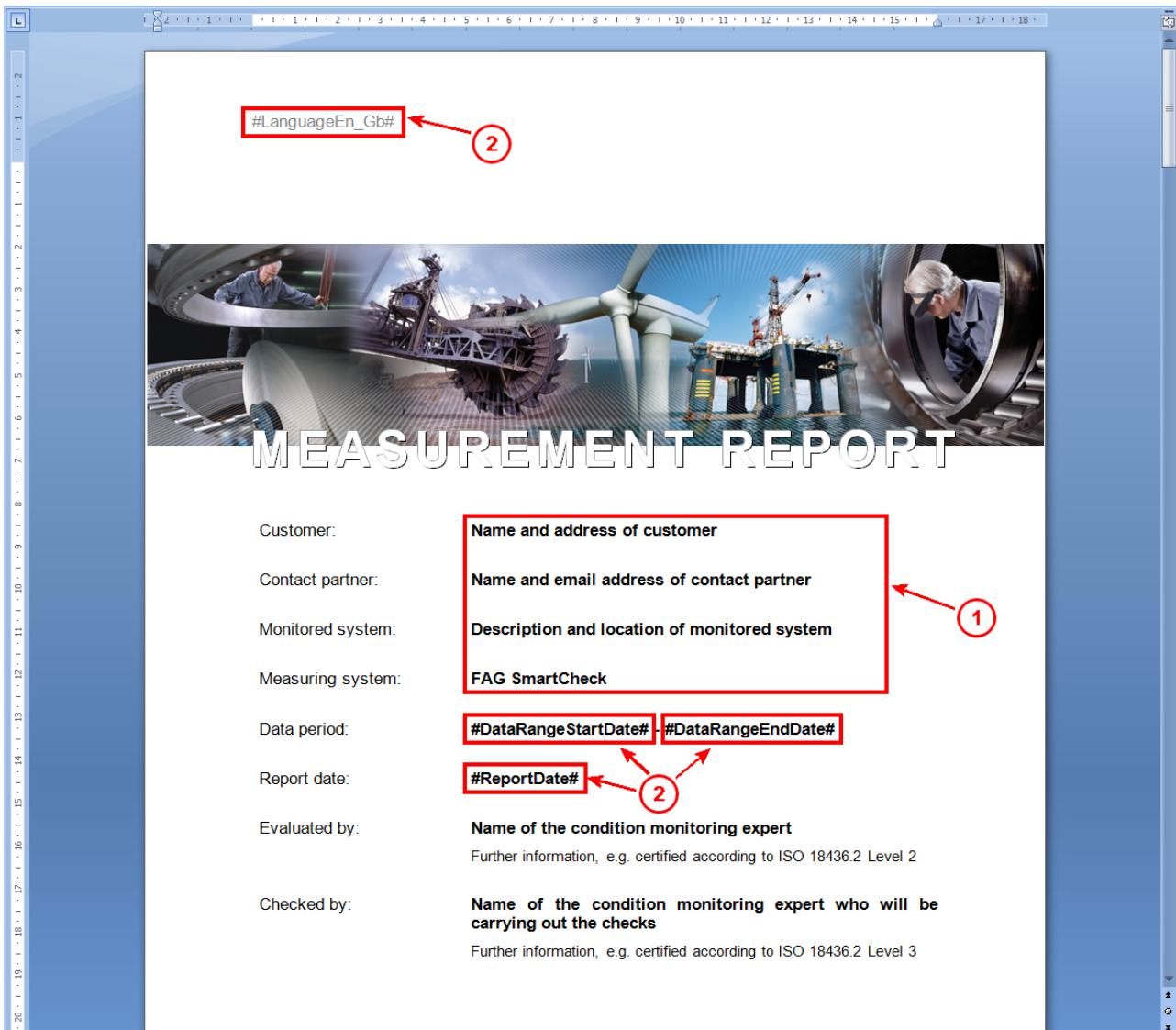
1. Select the template that you want to edit:

Report templates available:

- Example template - English.rtf (Default template)
- Modèle type - Français.rtf
- Mustervorlage - Deutsch.rtf
- My Example Template.rtf** (This item is highlighted with a red border.)
- Plantilla de ejemplo – Español.rtf
- 样品模板.rtf

Select as default template

2. Click to open the template in the default editor for RTF files. In this example, this is MS Word:



You have the following editing options:

- **Static content (1):** You can edit, add to and delete the static content of the template such as the headings, contacts and footers as desired.
- **Dynamic content (2):** Dynamic content from your devices and measurement data can be included in the report via predefined text keys, or "tags" <sup>121</sup>, which can be identified by the hash symbol **#**. You can delete tags from the template or add additional tags to the template. Please note the rules for tags in report templates <sup>120</sup>.

3. Saving the new template. This will be saved automatically in the default directory for report templates.

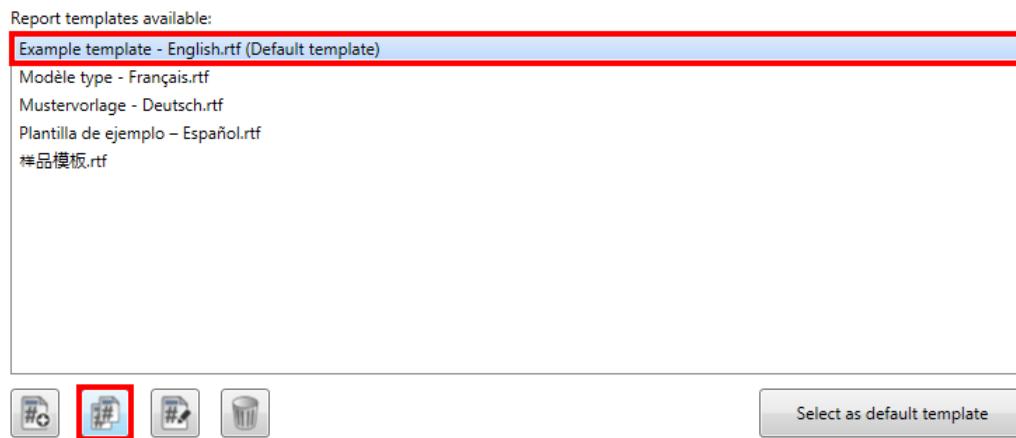
#### **Copy template**

This function can be found in the following locations in the SmartUtility software:

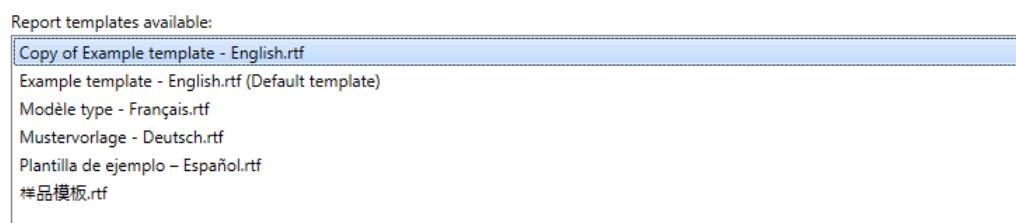
- In the **Create report** wizard, **Step 2**
- In the menu under **More actions > Manage report templates**
- In the menu under **More actions > Settings > Report**.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the template you want to copy:



2. Click to create a copy of the template. The copy will appear in the list immediately. The name takes the following format: **Copy of [name of the copied template]**. The copy will be saved automatically in the default directory for report templates.



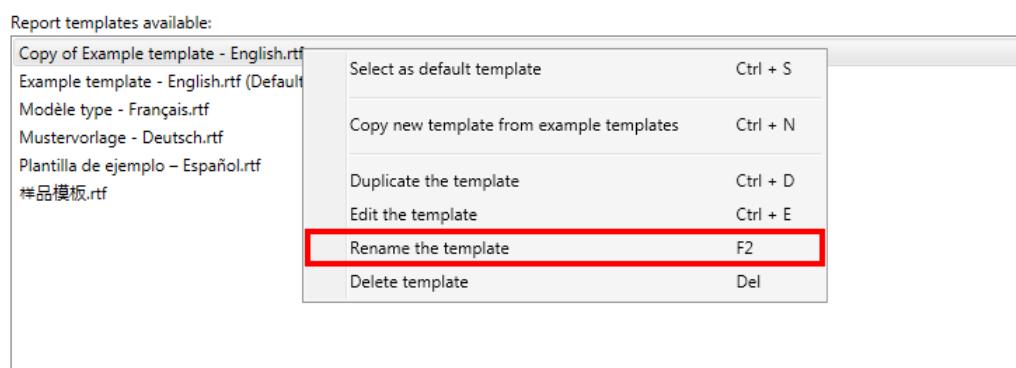
### Rename template

This function can be found in the context menu of the template list in the following locations in the SmartUtility software:

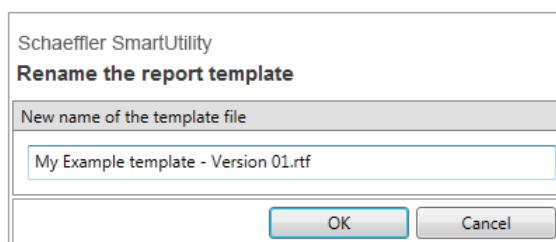
- In the **Create report** wizard, **step 2**
- In the menu under **Manage report templates**
- In the menu under **More actions > Settings**.

Proceed as follows:

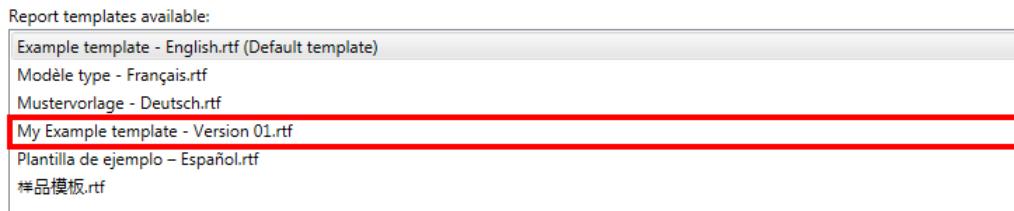
1. Select the template that you want to rename and right-click to open the context menu:



2. Select the **Rename template** option. The **Rename template** dialogue will open:



3. Enter the new name of the report template and click **OK**. The report template appears in the list with the new name:



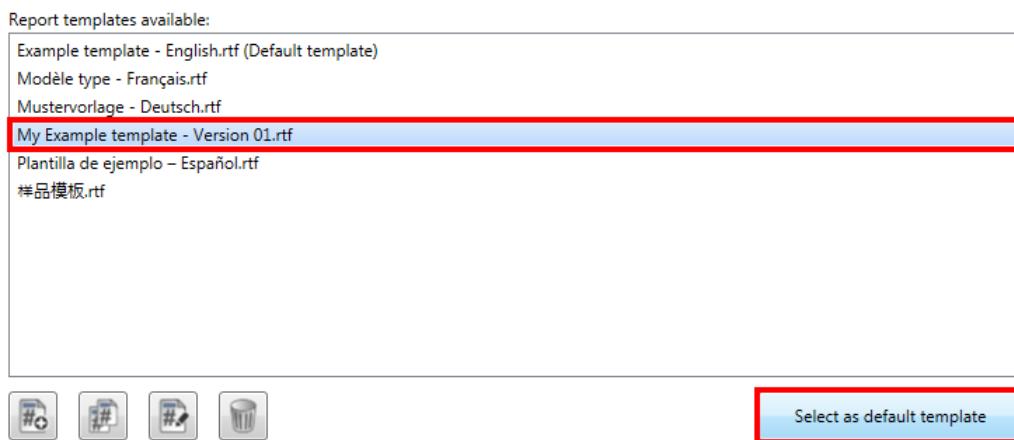
### Define default template

This function can be found in the following locations in the SmartUtility software:

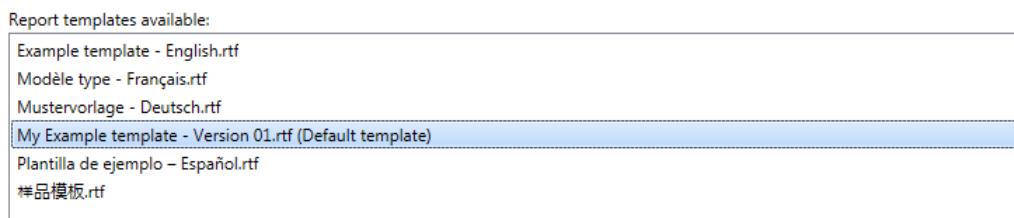
- In the menu under **Manage report templates**
- In the menu under **More actions > Settings > Report**.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the template that you want to define as the default template:



2. In the context menu, click **Select as default template**. The template will be highlighted accordingly and treated as the default template by the **Create report** wizard.



### 5.13.2 Using tags in report templates

Predefined text keys or "tags" are important components of each report template: Tags are used to insert dynamic content, i.e. information on your devices and measurement data, into the report. For the reports in the SmartUtility software, numerous predefined tags are available. When using these tags, certain rules must be observed.

With this in mind, the subsequent sections contain the following information:

- **Important information on working with tags** : Basic information on the function and format of tags.
- **Language tags** : A list of supported language tags and information on their function.
- **Time tags** : A list of supported time tags and information on the corresponding dynamic content.
- **Device tags** : A list of supported device tags and information on the corresponding dynamic content.

#### Important information on working with tags

##### Functions

The predefined tags differ according to their functions:

- **Placeholder tags:** The majority of tags serve as placeholders. In the finished report, content that is inserted dynamically while the report is created appears where the tags are positioned. For example, the tag **#ReportDate#** can therefore be replaced with "19/05/2015".
- **Language tags:** These tags determine the program language in which the dynamic content for all other tags appears. For example, when the language tag **#LanguageDe\_De#** is used, the dynamic content appears in German. In the sample templates, the language tag is found on the first page in the top left-hand corner.
- **Device block tags:** The two device block tags **#BeginDeviceBlock#** and **#EndDeviceBlock#** mark the start and end of a device block. This device block must contain at least one placeholder tag that is used to insert the device-specific dynamic content. Placeholder tags for device-specific content function only if they are embedded into device block tags.

### Format and processing

When inserting tags, the following requirements must be met:

- Each tag starts and ends with a hash #, for example **#ReportDate#**
- Within a single tag, the formatting must be consistent. It is not permitted to change the font or colour.
- Only tags defined in the SmartUtility software for the purpose of creating the report can be used. These tags are listed in the following sections. It is not possible to create your own tags.
- Placeholder tags in a report template can be deleted, moved to a different location or replaced with other available tags as required.
- If device block tags are deleted, the corresponding placeholder tags lose their function.

### Overview of all language tags

This overview shows all language tags defined in the SmartUtility software for the purpose of creating the report.

Tag	Explanation
<b>#LanguageDe_DE#</b>	The program language used to display the dynamic content in the finished report is German.
<b>#LanguageEn_Gb#</b>	The program language used to display the dynamic content in the finished report is English.
<b>#LanguageEs_Es#</b>	The program language used to display the dynamic content in the finished report is Spanish.
<b>#LanguageZh_Cn#</b>	The program language used to display the dynamic content in the finished report is Chinese.
<b>#LanguageFr_Fr#</b>	The program language used to display the dynamic content in the finished report is French.
<b>#LanguageJa_Jp#</b>	The program language used to display the dynamic content in the finished report is Japanese.
<b>#LanguageRu_Ru#</b>	The program language used to display the dynamic content in the finished report is Russian.



Language tags effect the language only of text added dynamically via tags. Fixed text specified by the sample template remains unchanged. Such text includes headings, header text or individual details of contact persons and system designations, for instance.

You must install the corresponding Windows language pack for the language in which you would like to create a report. If foreign-language entries in the **Logbook** section are incorrect or display with invalid characters, you must also install the Windows language pack for the language of the logbook entries. Note that some language packs are only available for the Professional or Ultimate versions of the operating system.

If a report does not contain a language tag, the dynamic content appears in the current system language. If the SmartUtility software does not support your system language, the content is inserted in English.

## Overview of all time tags

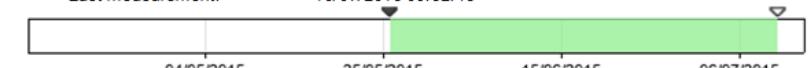
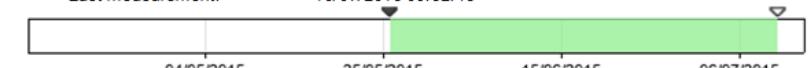
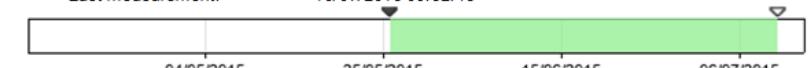
These tags are used to insert information on the creation date and the overall data period into the report. Each of these tags can be used independently of any other tags. The format of the date and time correspond to the language specified by the language tag.

Tag	Explanation and example	
#ReportDate#	Date on which the report was created.	18/05/2015
#ReportTime#	Local time at which the report was created.	13:45
#ReportTimeGmt#	Local time at which the report was created. Brackets after the time contain the difference to the standard time zone GMT (Greenwich Mean Time).	13:45 (GMT +02:00)
#DataRangeStartDate#	First day of the data period. The oldest data to be included in the report dates back to this day.	18/02/2015
#DataRangeStartTime#	Time at which the first data of the data period was measured.	09:43
#DataRangeStartTimeGmt#	Time at which the first data of the data period was measured. Brackets after the time contain the difference to the standard time zone GMT (Greenwich Mean Time).	09:43 (GMT +02:00)
#DataRangeEndDate#	Last day of the data period. The most recent data to be included in the report dates back to this day.	18/05/2015
#DataRangeEndTime#	Time at which the last data of the data period was measured.	17:57
#DataRangeEndTimeGmt#	Time at which the last data of the data period was measured. Brackets after the time contain the difference to the standard time zone GMT (Greenwich Mean Time).	17:57 (GMT +02:00)

## Overview of all device tags

The device tags are used to enter device-specific information into the report. All of these tags function only if they are embedded into a device block. The device block is defined by the tags #BeginDeviceBlock#(start of the block) and #EndDeviceBlock#(end of the block).

Tag	Explanation and example	
#BeginDeviceBlock# #EndDeviceBlock#	Start (#BeginDeviceBlock#) and end (#EndDeviceBlock#) of a device block. Each of the following tags must be contained within a device block in order to be populated when the report is created.	
#Counter#	Numbering for each device within a device block	1
#DeviceName#	Name of the device	Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink
#DeviceSerial#	Serial number of the device	f4:3d:80:00:07:55

#DeviceIp#	IP address of the device	172.28.205.60														
#LastDataDownloadDate#	Date and time of the last data download  This is the time at which data was downloaded from the device last. Regardless of the report period set, data that can be evaluated is available only up to this time.	09/03/2015 13:35:43														
#TableDeviceInfo#	<p>Table with the following information on the device:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Symbol for the overall alarm status</li> <li>Name of the device</li> <li>IP address</li> <li>Serial number</li> <li>Last data download</li> <li>Firmware version</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">FAG SmartCheck</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IP address</td><td>172.28.205.60</td></tr> <tr> <td>Serial number</td><td>f4:3d:80:00:07:55</td></tr> <tr> <td>Data download</td><td>10/07/2015 09:54:09</td></tr> <tr> <td>Firmware</td><td>1.6.12</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		FAG SmartCheck		IP address	172.28.205.60	Serial number	f4:3d:80:00:07:55	Data download	10/07/2015 09:54:09	Firmware	1.6.12				
FAG SmartCheck																
IP address	172.28.205.60															
Serial number	f4:3d:80:00:07:55															
Data download	10/07/2015 09:54:09															
Firmware	1.6.12															
#ReportAlarmStatusCurrentDevice#	The alarm display in the trend report is based on the device status, which is also displayed in the device table.															
#ReportAlarmStatusLast#	The alarm display in the trend report is based on the last measured value from the selected period.															
#TableTrendReport#	<p>Table with detailed trend information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Name of the device</li> <li>Symbol for the alarm status of the configuration</li> <li>Configuration name</li> <li>Time of the first and last measurement</li> <li>Trend diagram</li> <li>Symbol for the overall alarm status</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">FAG SmartCheck</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Base measurement job</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>▶ First measurement:</td><td>25/05/2015 15:19:30</td></tr> <tr> <td>▶ Last measurement:</td><td>10/07/2015 09:52:43</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">  </td></tr> <tr> <td>04/05/2015</td><td>25/05/2015</td><td>15/06/2015</td><td>06/07/2015</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p> The trend diagram always covers the entire data period. This fact can lead to a loss of information within the diagram, especially if the overall data period is large.</p> <p><b>Example scenario:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Date period:</b> 3 months</li> <li><b>Last alarm status of the device:</b> Pre-alarm (data from 3 hours)</li> <li><b>Trend diagram:</b> The bar representing a period over several months is completely green. The yellow area for the pre-alarm in the last 3 hours disappears/is no longer visible as a result of scaling.</li> </ul>		FAG SmartCheck		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Base measurement job		▶ First measurement:	25/05/2015 15:19:30	▶ Last measurement:	10/07/2015 09:52:43			04/05/2015	25/05/2015	15/06/2015	06/07/2015
FAG SmartCheck																
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▶ First measurement:	25/05/2015 15:19:30															
▶ Last measurement:	10/07/2015 09:52:43															
																
04/05/2015	25/05/2015	15/06/2015	06/07/2015													
#TableTrendReportShort#	<p>Table with a summary of the key trend information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Symbol for the overall alarm status</li> </ul>															

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Name of the device</li> <li>• Symbol for the alarm status of the configuration</li> <li>• Configuration name</li> <li>• Time of the last measurement</li> </ul>																														
<b>Example:</b>																															
#TableLogbook#	<p>Table with logbook entries of the device</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="5">FAG SmartCheck</th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th>Created</th> <th>Changed</th> <th>User</th> <th>Message</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>07/07/2015 14:38:01</td> <td>07/07/2015 14:38:01</td> <td>system</td> <td>Open current loop detected at analogue output!</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>07/07/2015 14:36:07</td> <td>07/07/2015 14:36:07</td> <td>system</td> <td>System time changed by user admin from 07/07/2015 14:25:38 to 07/07/2015 14:36:07.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>07/07/2015 14:24:42</td> <td>07/07/2015 14:24:42</td> <td>system</td> <td>Current input error: input Analogue input 2 dropped below 4 mA (probably due to cable break).</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>06/07/2015 22:22:28</td> <td>06/07/2015 22:22:28</td> <td>system</td> <td>Base configuration: the alarm status has been changed from "Pre-alarm" to "No alarm".</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	FAG SmartCheck						Created	Changed	User	Message		07/07/2015 14:38:01	07/07/2015 14:38:01	system	Open current loop detected at analogue output!		07/07/2015 14:36:07	07/07/2015 14:36:07	system	System time changed by user admin from 07/07/2015 14:25:38 to 07/07/2015 14:36:07.		07/07/2015 14:24:42	07/07/2015 14:24:42	system	Current input error: input Analogue input 2 dropped below 4 mA (probably due to cable break).		06/07/2015 22:22:28	06/07/2015 22:22:28	system	Base configuration: the alarm status has been changed from "Pre-alarm" to "No alarm".
FAG SmartCheck																															
	Created	Changed	User	Message																											
	07/07/2015 14:38:01	07/07/2015 14:38:01	system	Open current loop detected at analogue output!																											
	07/07/2015 14:36:07	07/07/2015 14:36:07	system	System time changed by user admin from 07/07/2015 14:25:38 to 07/07/2015 14:36:07.																											
	07/07/2015 14:24:42	07/07/2015 14:24:42	system	Current input error: input Analogue input 2 dropped below 4 mA (probably due to cable break).																											
	06/07/2015 22:22:28	06/07/2015 22:22:28	system	Base configuration: the alarm status has been changed from "Pre-alarm" to "No alarm".																											



The alarm display in the trend report can be manipulated using the tags **#ReportAlarmStatusLast#** or **#ReportAlarmStatusCurrentDevice#**. If these tags are not inserted, the **#ReportAlarmStatusLast#** setting is used by default: The alarm display is based on the last measured value from the selected period.

## 5.14 Migrate data

As of version 1.18 of the Schaeffler SmartUtility Viewer software, all device data is stored in a database. Data that is still stored in databases for individual devices can no longer be loaded. Use this wizard to convert the data that has already been downloaded and transfer it to the database.

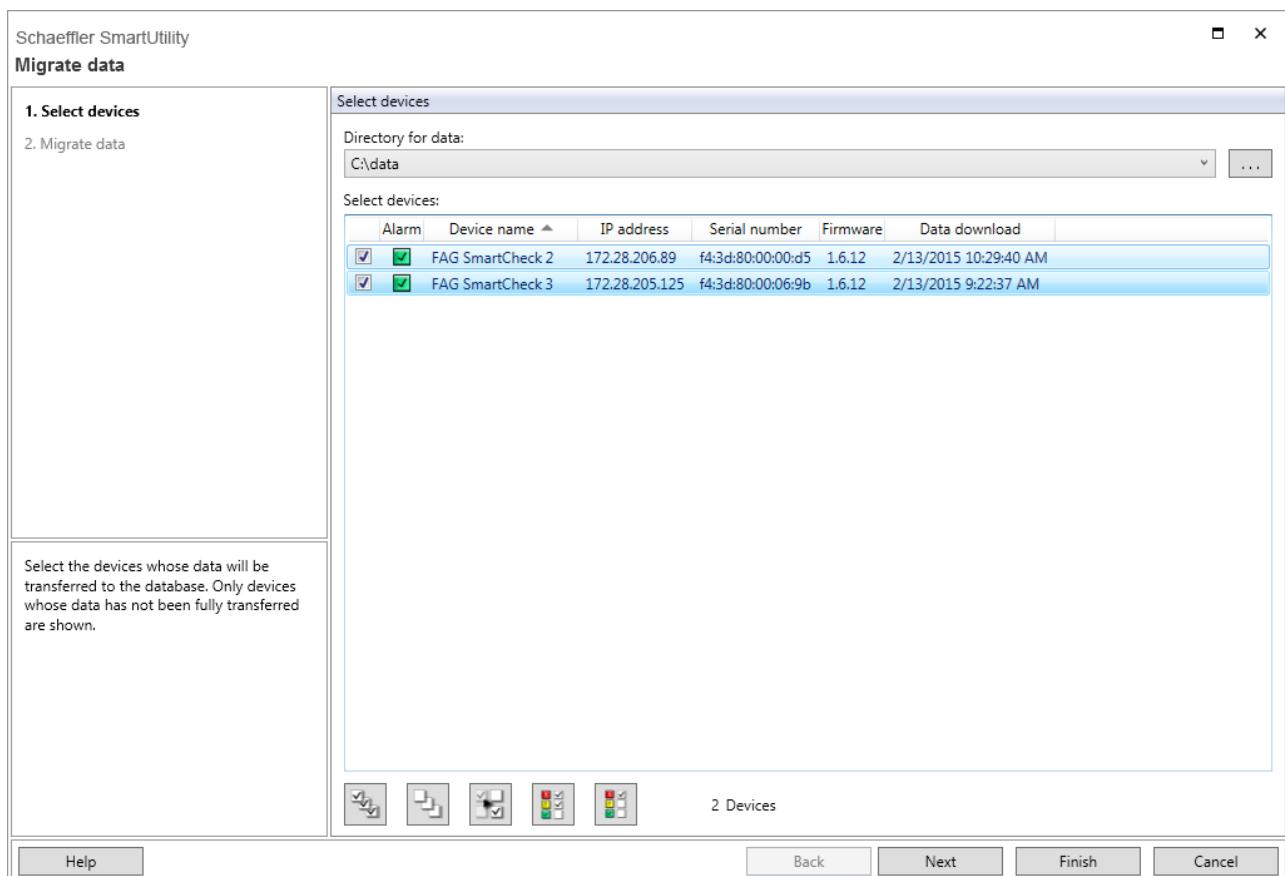
To migrate data, proceed as follows:

### Step 1:

First, select the directory containing the individual databases with measurement data. This may be the historical data default directory or a directory you have selected yourself. If you activate the **Delete raw data following a successful import?** option, the data will be deleted after wizard has completed successfully. If you do not delete the data, the system will try to scan the data again the next time. This will make the procedure take longer.

Then select the desired SmartCheck or ProLink device from the list of devices whose data you want to transfer to the database. You can also select multiple devices.

A symbol in the **Status** column tells you whether data has already been converted to the required format. If you move the mouse over the symbol, you will obtain more information about the conversion status. If the list is empty, it means that all data in this directory has already been successfully transferred to the database.



### Step 2:

The data from the selected devices is transferred to the database and can then be analysed using the SmartUtility Viewer.



If the original data or alarm information is no longer available, this procedure will automatically reset the alarm status. The alarm status will be displayed again the next time you download data from the Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink device or update the measurement data for all devices in the SmartUtility Viewer software.

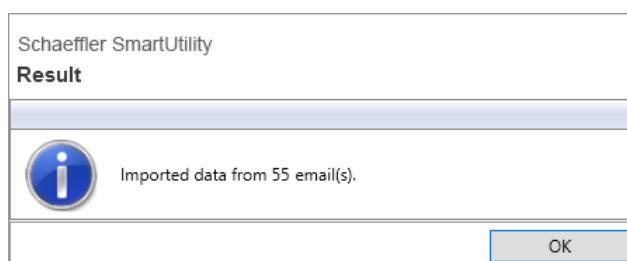
## 5.15 Import data from mailbox

If you use the **Communication channel for email** option on the SmartCheck or ProLink device, you will receive emails with measurement data. Use this wizard to import this measurement data into the SmartUtility software.

Under **More actions > Settings**, you first set the rules for importing email from Microsoft Outlook.

Click **More actions > Import data from email inbox** to start the import process.

The measurement data is transferred to the database and can then be analysed using the SmartUtility Viewer.





The firmware version is not displayed for data imported via email.

## 5.16 Import SmartWeb data

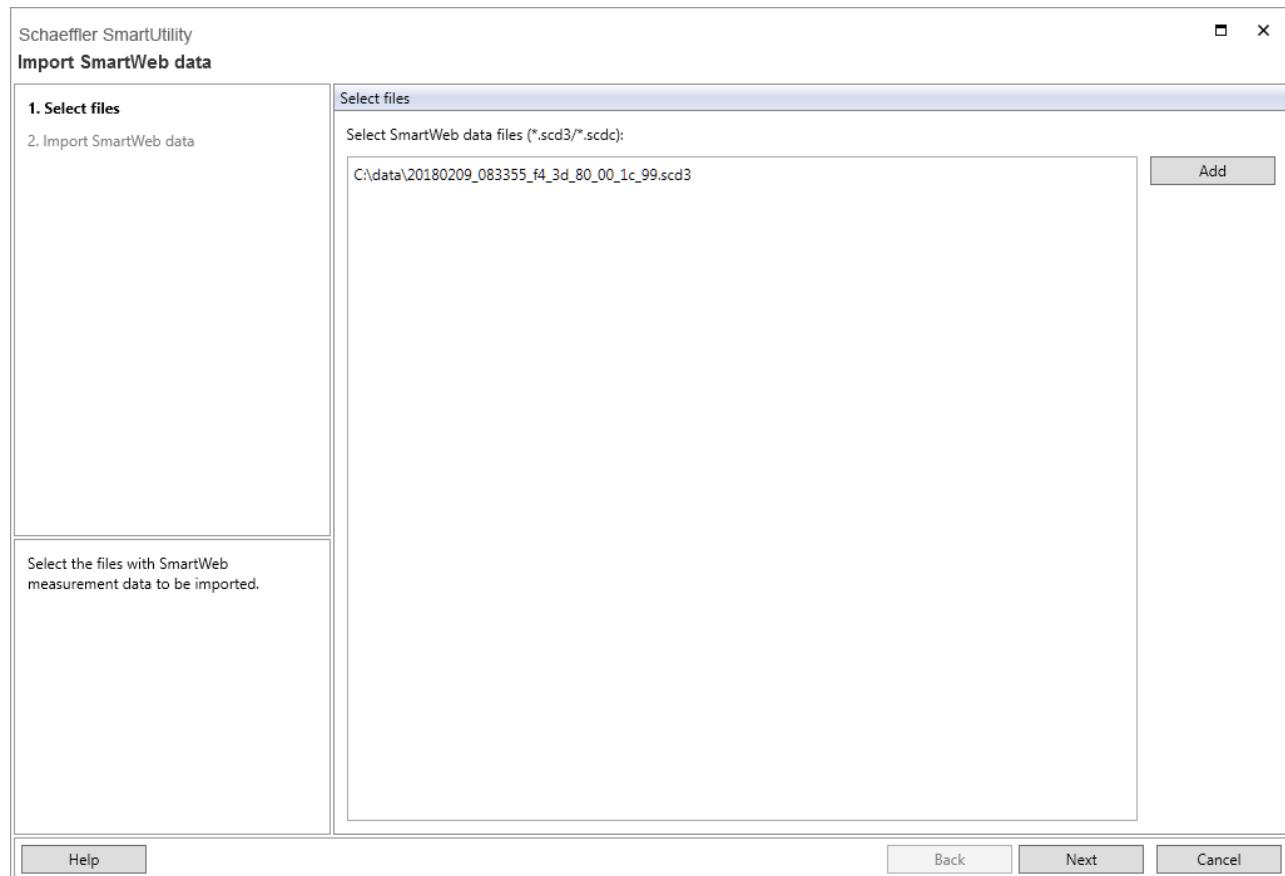
In the SmartCheck or ProLink device, if you use the **Download measurement data** option, you will receive the measurement data in the format \*.scd3. You can also import email data from the SmartWeb software in the \*.scdc format. To enable editing of the measurement data with the SmartUtility software, you first need to import it into the SmartUtility using this wizard.

You can also use this wizard to convert measurement data into raw format for analysis and transfer this data to the database. This may be necessary, for instance, if you have activated the option **Download raw data only** in the **Download data** wizard.

To import measurement data, proceed as follows:

### Step 1:

Select the required measurement data files in the format \*.scd3 or \*.scdc. To do so, click on **Add**, browse for the required file and select it with **Open**. Repeat these steps for each additional measurement data file.



### Step 2:

The measurement data files are imported and you are notified as to whether the import has been successful. The **Result** column contains details about the import procedure.

#### Result:

The measurement data is transferred to the database and can then be analysed using the SmartUtility Viewer.



If the data from the SmartCheck or ProLink device is secured with a data encryption password via the SmartWeb software, you must enter this password when you import or download data. You can enter and change the password under **Settings > Security > Data encryption password**. In the SmartWeb software, you determine the data encryption password in the menu under **Edit > Device settings > Edit security settings**.

## 5.17 Export data

Use this wizard to export downloaded measurement data or imported attachments from SmartCheck or ProLink emails to a different save location, for example, to forward them for analysis.

To export data, proceed as follows:

### Step 1:

Select the required SmartCheck or ProLink device or devices whose data you want to export.

### Step 2:

Next, determine the time range for which the data is to be exported. You also specify the save location for the data and the export formats here.

Here you have the following options:

#### Time range

This is where you determine the time range for which the measurement data is to be exported:

**Specify data from the selected time range:** Only the measurement data for the selected time period will be exported. The default setting is one day. You can enter the dates for your desired time range in the **From** and **To** fields or select the dates from the calendar.

#### Storage location

Here you can determine the directory in which the exported measurement data is to be saved. If the list box is empty, click on **[...]** to select a directory and specify this as the save location.

---

## **Export formats**

This is where you determine the format in which the data is to be exported. You can choose to export the data as **Binary** or as **Text**.

If you want to then import the data later, you must select **Binary** at this stage. Exports in **Text** format cannot be imported.

## **Step 3:**

The data is exported and saved in the directory you specified in **Step 2**. Wait until the process is fully completed.

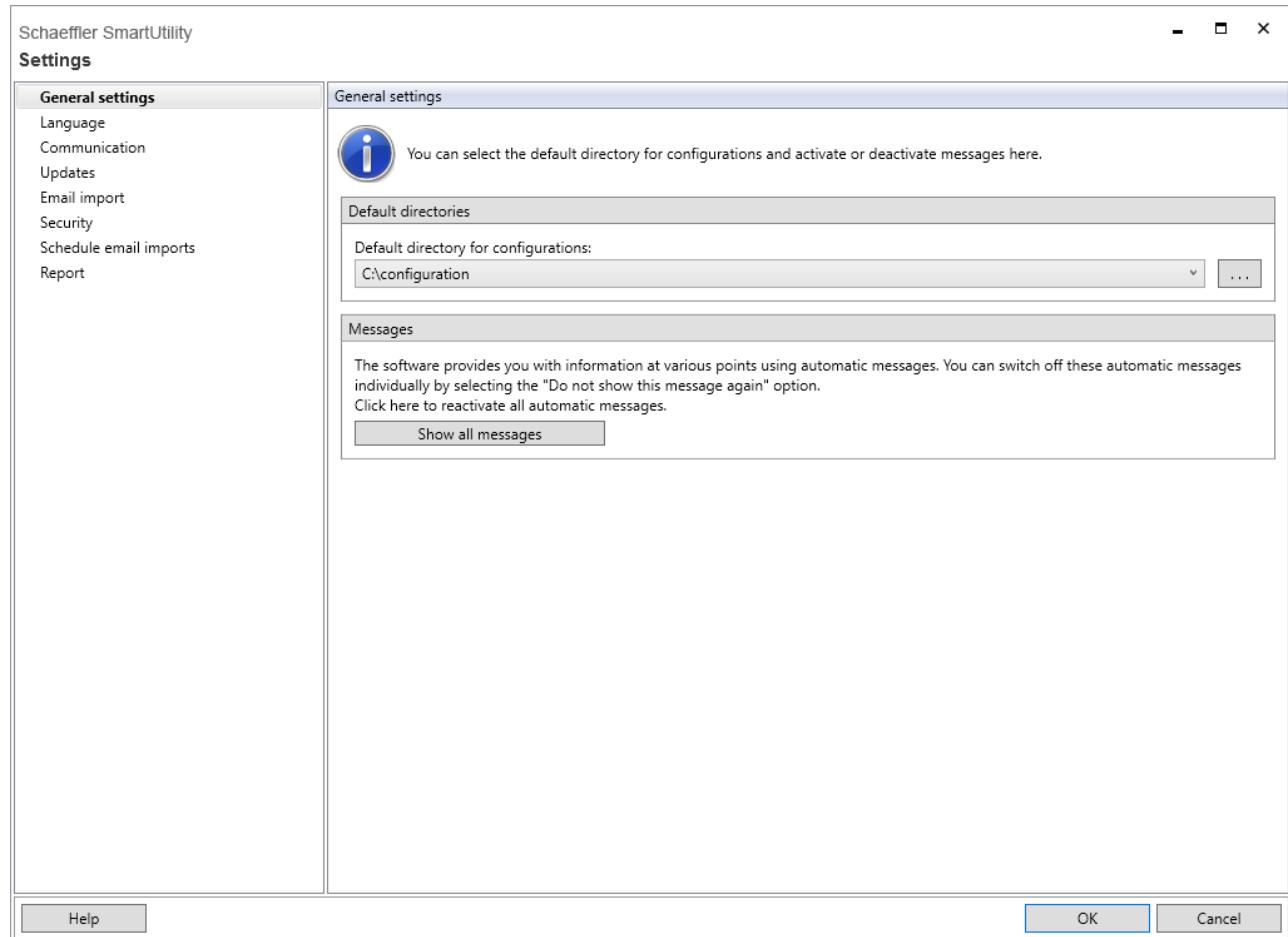
## **Result:**

In the directory you specified in **Step 2** you will find a full data directory with the exported measurement data. The name of the data directory contains both the serial number of the SmartCheck or ProLink device as well as a time stamp. The path is as follows:

**[Selected location]\[Serial number]\_[Time stamp]**

## 6 Settings

Default settings can be found under **More actions > Settings**. You can use these settings to adapt the SmartUtility software to suit your requirements. Click on a term on the left in order to specify the settings in the area on the right. You must confirm all changes by clicking **OK**:



Here you have the following options:

### General

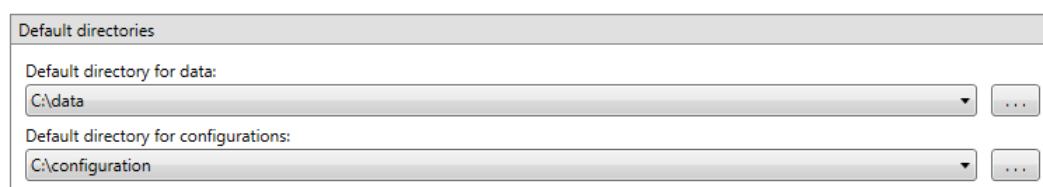
#### Default directory

Here you can change the directory used by the SmartUtility software for configuration files (applies only to the full version).

The directory is automatically created at the following path during installation:

- C:\configuration

Click on [...] to search for a new directory and set it as a default directory. You can now find directories that you have previously selected in the list box.

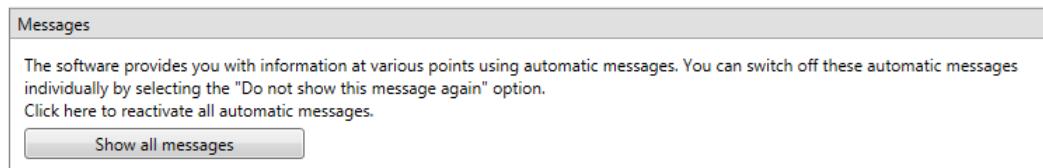


Make sure that the downloaded configuration is always saved to the default directory. If you want to specify your own directory, make sure that all the data is available in this directory.

## Messages

The SmartUtility software recognises various types of messages, e.g. warnings, general information and regular messages regarding updates. You can usually activate the **Do not show this message again** option in these messages so that the message no longer appears.

You can revert this change in the **Settings > Messages** section. Click **Show all messages** to view all warnings, information and other messages again.



## Database

Here you can select or create the database in which the data of all devices is stored:



The database is automatically created during installation under the following path and name:

- C:\data\su.db

In the **Database** section, you have the following options:

...: Click on this button to search for a different directory and set it as a database directory.

**Create new database:** Click this button to select a new directory and create the database there. You cannot change the name of the database **su.db**.

**Test connection:** Click this button to test the connection to the database. The result of this test is displayed next to the button.

## Language

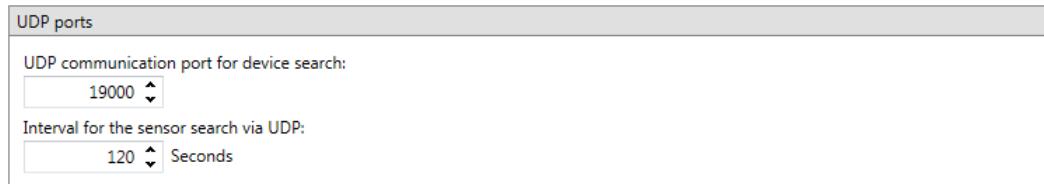
Here you can set the language in which the SmartUtility software interface is displayed. Click on an available language:



## Communication

### UDP ports

Here you can set the UDP port that is used to search for your devices and for configuration. In addition, with the option **Interval for the sensor search via UDP** you can determine the frequency at which the SmartUtility software is to search for devices and update the corresponding list with SmartCheck or ProLink devices in the wizards.



By default, the UDP port is set to 19000 for the device search. The search interval is set to 120 seconds.



The following basic prerequisites apply for connecting to the computer:

- The UDP communication protocol must be enabled on the used port 19000 in existing firewalls.
- If the SmartCheck or ProLink device has not been assigned an address via DHCP, it will have the IP address 192.168.1.100 by default. In this case, the IP address of your computer must be within the 192.168.1.x range.
- During the initial installation of the SmartUtility software, the setting for the UDP port is made automatically. These automatic settings are generally correct.

If there are any problems, please contact your system administrator.

### Maximum number of selected devices

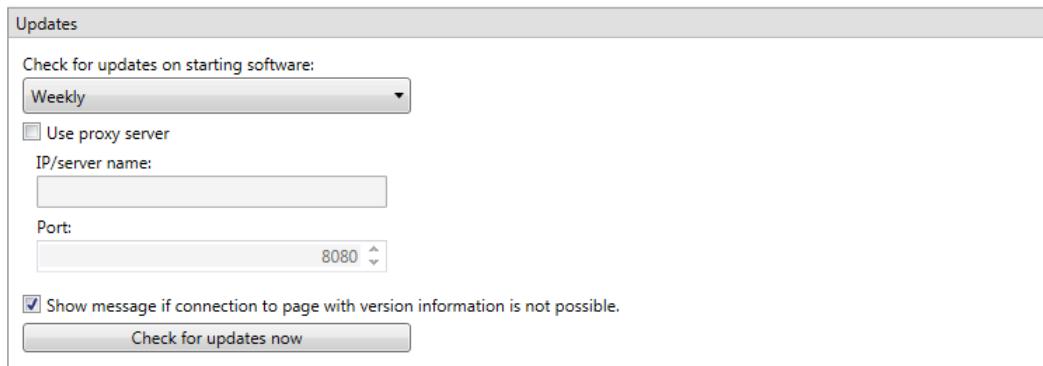
If you have selected multiple devices for a task in SmartUtility, some tasks may be processed in parallel on multiple devices. For some jobs, there are a maximum number of parallel device connections with preset standard values. You can change the standard values here and adjust the performance of your network environment:

- **Download data:** By default, you can download data from one device.
- **Send/download configurations:** By default, you can send/download one configuration at a time.
- **Update firmware:** By default, you can update the firmware of 20 devices at the same time. You can increase this value to a maximum of 30 devices.

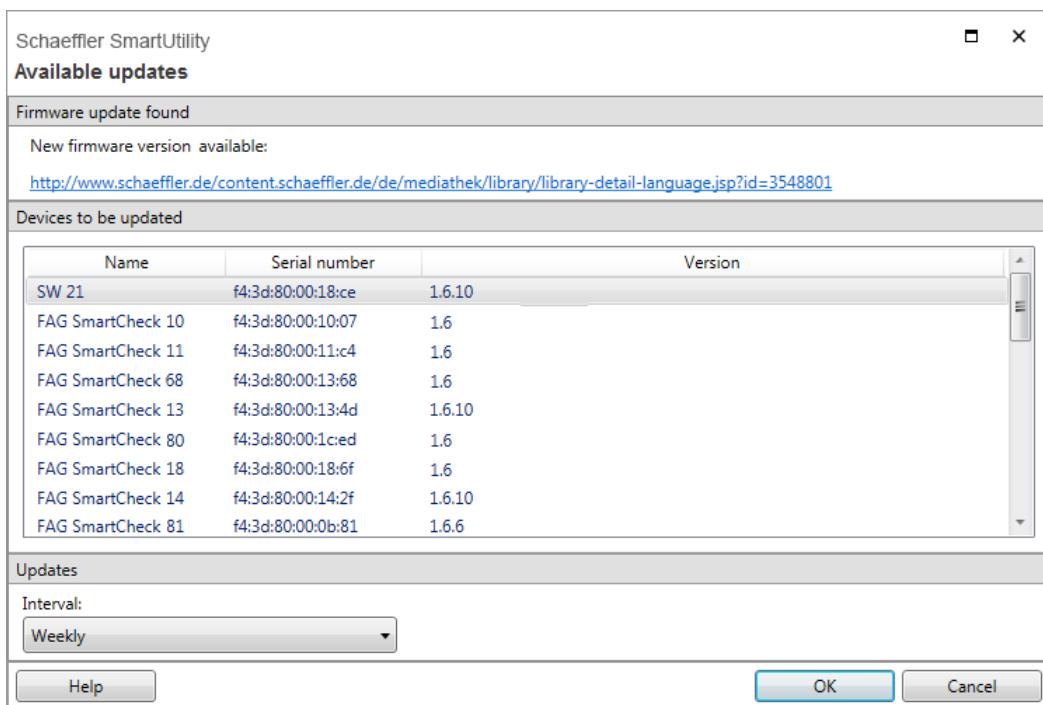


### Updates

You can set the SmartUtility software to automatically search for updates for the SmartUtility software and the SmartCheck or ProLink device. To do so, set the intervals at which you want the system to search for new updates. If you want to deactivate the update test, select **Never**:



You can also set a message to display if the SmartUtility software fails to access the website with the update information. The **Check for updates now** button allows you to search for updates outside of a regular check. The following dialogue appears:



The following information and functions are to be found here:

- The first section of the dialogue contains information on whether any updates were found and where you can download them.
- The **Updates** section provides you once again with the selection list in which you can determine the frequency at which the system should search for updates.



If you are using a proxy server between the browser and the Internet in your company network, please activate **Use proxy server** and enter the address and port number of the proxy server. Please contact your system administrator for more detailed information about proxy settings.

### Email import

The SmartUtility software allows you to import measurement data into the database from emails sent via the SmartWeb software. To do this, define one or more rules for importing this measurement data:

- Select the **source mailbox folder** where the received emails containing measurement data are located.

- Select the **destination mailbox folder** to which the emails will be automatically moved. Optionally, you can delete these **emails after successful import and not move them to the destination mailbox folder**.
- Select the **database directory** to which the measurement data file is to be imported.
- If necessary, add additional import rules for the import process.

Rules for email import

Source mailbox folder \\user@mail.com\inbox	<input type="button" value="Select mailbox folder"/>
Destination mailbox folder \\user@mail.com\cmfiles	<input type="button" value="Select mailbox folder"/>
Select directory for database C:\data\su.db	...
<input type="checkbox"/> Delete emails once they have been imported and do not move them to the target mailbox folder	<input type="button" value="Delete import rule"/>
<input type="button" value="Add import rule"/>	



The email import of SmartWeb measurement data is only available for Microsoft Outlook.

## Security

Here you can change the user name and password for every SmartCheck or ProLink device that the SmartUtility software finds, and enter a password for data encryption. Select the required device in the **Select devices** list. This list contains all the SmartCheck or ProLink devices that have ever been detected. The IP address is displayed if the device is available or has been added manually. You can then find the following options:

- **User name/password:** Enter the user name and password, and then repeat the password to confirm.
- **Data encryption password:** Enter the password with which encrypted device data from the SmartCheck or ProLink device is secured. The password is required for two wizards: **SmartWeb data import** and **data download**.

Select device:

ProLink 36 10.179.6.228 * f4:3d:80:10:01:16	<input type="button" value="X"/>
<input type="button" value=""/>	

User name/password

If you have activated user administration on a device, you must also specify a user name and password for each device in order to access it.

User name: admin	
Password: *****	<input type="checkbox"/> Show password as plain text
Repeat password: *****	
<input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

Password for data encryption

If you wish to import encrypted device data that is password protected, you can enter and modify this password here.

Password: *****	<input type="checkbox"/> Show password as plain text
--------------------	--



You can log in automatically to a SmartCheck or ProLink device or the integrated SmartWeb software using the user name and password. To do so, your details here must match the user name and password stored in the SmartWeb software user management. If this is not the case, you will not be logged in automatically. You will have to log in using the user name and password stored in the SmartWeb software.

The following requirements must be met for the **password for data encryption**:

- The password must be set in both the SmartUtility software and in the SmartWeb software. To do this, in the SmartWeb software, open the menu option **Edit > Device settings > Edit security settings**.
- The password in the SmartUtility software must match the password in the SmartWeb software.

### **Deleting devices**

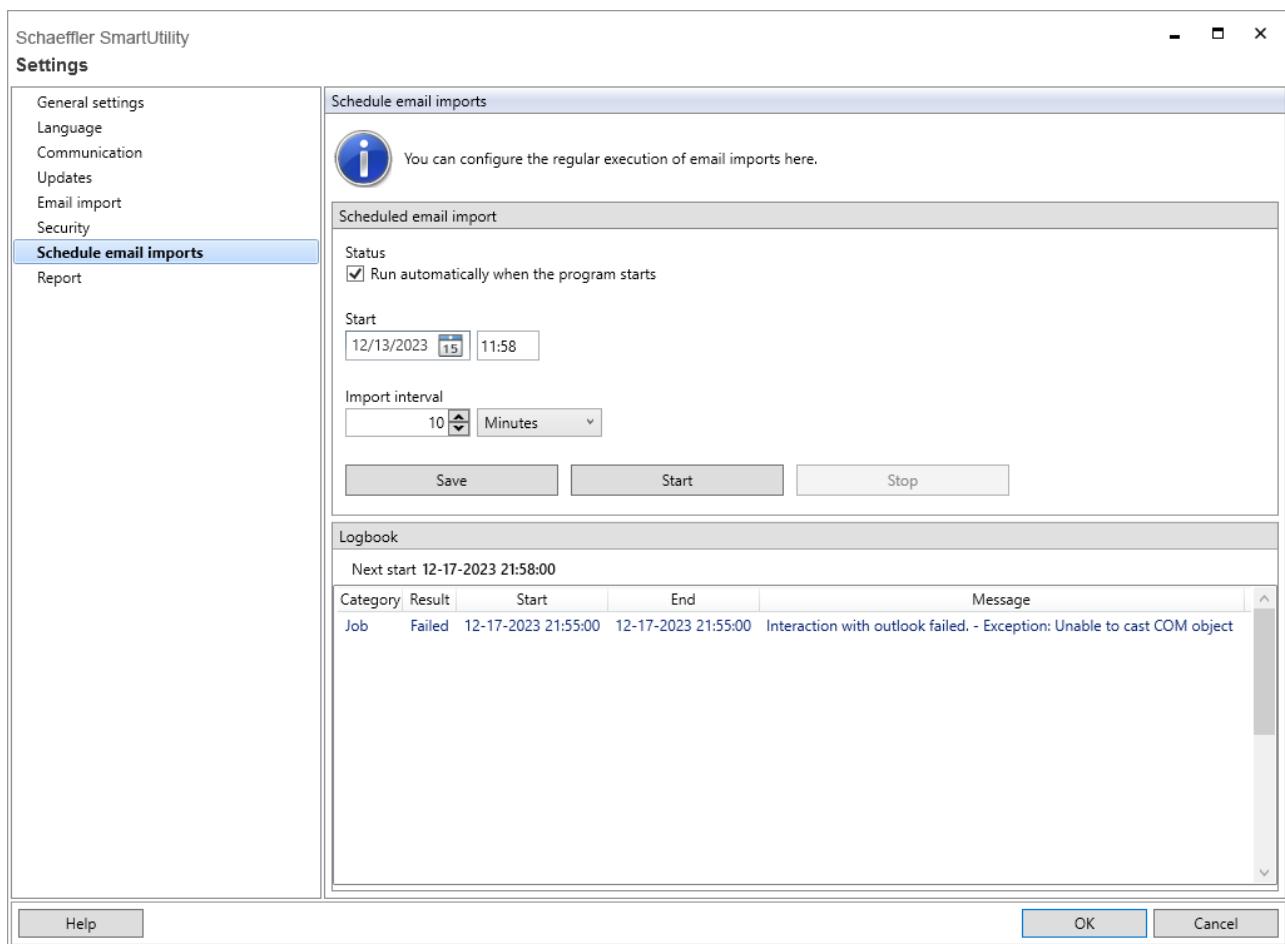
Manually entered devices remain stored in the SmartUtility software. If you no longer need to use a device, you can remove it from the device list. Select the required device from the **Select device** list and click on .

### **Schedule email imports**

Here you can schedule email imports  They will then be carried out regularly automatically.

Provide the following information under **Scheduled email import**:

- **Run automatically when the program starts:** Activate this option to execute the email import when SmartUtility starts.
- **Start:** Enter here when and at what time the email import should start.
- **Import interval:** Determine here how much time should elapse between two email imports.
- **Save:** Click this button to save your information about scheduled email imports.
- **Start:** Click this button to directly execute an email import.
- **Stop:** Click this button to stop the ongoing email import.
- Under **Logbook**, you will find detailed information about past email imports:



## Report

You can use the SmartUtility software to create reports in RTF format from the downloaded SmartCheck or ProLink device data. The templates for these reports can be managed in the following locations within the SmartUtility software:

- In the menu under **More actions > Manage report templates**
- In the menu under **More actions > Settings > Report**.

## Default directory

Here, you can change the directory to which the finished reports are saved by default. The directory is automatically created at the following path at installation:

- **C:\reports**

Click to search for a new directory and set it as the default directory for reports. You can now find directories that you have previously selected in the list box.



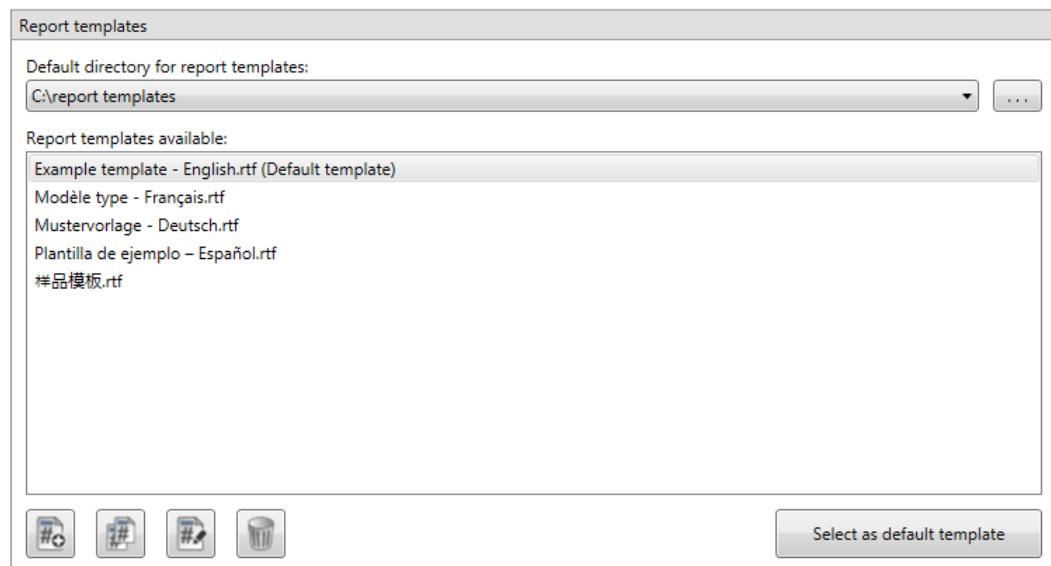
## Report templates

Here, you can change the directory to which your report templates are to be saved by default. The directory is automatically created at the following path at installation:

- **C:\report templates**

Click to search for a new directory and set it as a default directory for your report templates. You can now find directories that you have previously selected in the list box.

Here, you can also manage the available report templates, create new templates and set a template as the default template:



Here you have the following options:



Here, you can copy a new template from the sample templates<sup>[116]</sup>.



Here, you can duplicate selected templates<sup>[118]</sup> e.g. to edit the copy.



Here, you can edit selected templates<sup>[117]</sup> and modify them to meet your requirements.



Here, you can delete the selected templates after confirmation.

**Select as default template** Here, you can define the selected template as the default template<sup>[116]</sup>.

**Rename template** This option is only available in the context menu (see below). Click this option to open a dedicated dialogue to change the template name<sup>[119]</sup>.

**Context menu** Right-click the selected template to open the context menu to access the options described above: **Copy new template from sample template**, **Duplicate template**, **Edit template**, **Rename template** and **Delete template**.

Report templates available:

Example template - English.rtf (Default template)  
Modèle type - Français.rtf  
Mustervorlage - Deutsch.rtf  
Plantilla de ejemplo – Español.rtf  
#品模板.rtf

Select as default template	Ctrl + S
Copy new template from example templates	Ctrl + N
Duplicate the template	Ctrl + D
Edit the template	Ctrl + E
Rename the template	F2
Delete template	Del



The following hotkeys can also be used for the options described above:

**Ctrl+S** Select as default template

**Ctrl+N** Copy new template from sample template

**Ctrl+D** Duplicate template

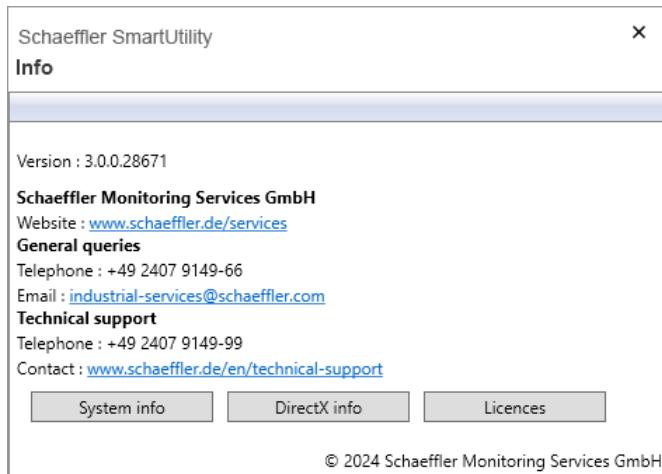
**Ctrl+E** Edit template

**F2** Rename template

**DEL** Delete template

## 7 Further information

Information on support and the current program version can be found under **More actions > Info:**



Here you have the following options:

- **Version:** Here you can view the current version of your SmartUtility software
- **Website:** Click this link to switch to the Schaeffler Technologies website.
- **Email:** Click this link to email a general query to Schaeffler Monitoring Services GmbH.
- **System info:** Click this button to switch directly to the **System information** page of your Windows system.
- **DirectX info:** Click this button to switch directly to the DirectX diagnostic program.
- **Licences:** Click this button to view detailed information about the third-party libraries used by the SmartUtility software.



Use the copy function in Windows to copy important information such as the version number:  
Place the mouse over the version number and double-click. The version number is copied to the clipboard.

### Information and services for our vibration monitoring systems

We offer a unique range of services for Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink – from training courses, technical mentoring during the induction phase and expert support with diagnostic issues, right through to customised service agreements including remote monitoring and reporting.

A look at the extensive range of products and services relating to Schaeffler SmartCheck or ProLink can be found online:

- SmartCheck: [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck)
- ProLink: [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink)

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## 8 Manufacturer/support

### Manufacturer

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Further information:

- [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck)
- [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink)

Contact: [industrial-services@schaeffler.com](mailto:industrial-services@schaeffler.com)

Please send all correspondence directly to Schaeffler Monitoring Services GmbH!

A subsidiary of

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Germany

### Support

For information on technical support, go to [www.schaeffler.de/en/technical-support](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/technical-support).

We provide support services for the device and related software products. For a detailed description of the nature and scope of our support services, go to:

- [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/smartcheck)
- [www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink](http://www.schaeffler.de/en/condition-monitoring/prolink)

You can find the support definition in the "Technical documents" > "Software, Licences, Manuals" section.